A Kkk. 31

# TESTIMONY FOR THE

# Son of. Man,

And against the

# Son of Perditions

Wherein is fet sorth the FAITH and OBEDIENCE of GODS ELECT, Testified by the Mouth of the Lord, Angels, & Men.

With a true DISCOVERY of a Bundle of Equivocations, Confusions, and Hypocrisies, in those who call Themselves Preachers of and to the Light within all Men; who yet are so far in darkness themselves, that they acknowledge not the Scriptures and Ordinances of Jesus Christ, so as to be Directed by the one, to the Obedience of the other.

By Joseph Wright, a Servant of Jesus Christ.

Heb. 10.38. Now the just shall live by Faith, &c. Isa. 8.20. To the Law, and to the Testimony, if they speak not according to This Word, it is because there is NO LIGHT IN THEM.

LONDON, Printed by S. Dover, for Stephen Dagnall, and are to be fold at his shop in Alisbury, and at Leyton; and by L. Lloyd, next to the Castle in Cornhill. 1660.

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To the Beloved FLOCK of JEsus Christ, that are in the Faith
and Fellowship of Him, according to his glorious Gospel,
in ENGLAND.

And to all them that in every place call upon the Name of our Lord Jesus Christ, who fits at the right hand of God the Father in the Heavens, out of every man on Earth; Bleffings, Riches of Grace, Mercy and Peace, be multiplyed upon you, from the most high Lord of all, who dwels in that Immortal Light, which mortal Eyes did never see, nor can see: and from Jesus Christ his Eternal Son, in truth and love, to the establishing your hearts in the Love of the Truth, and to the giving you an Inheritance among them that are Sanctified by Faith, which is in him, to the Glory of the only wife God; to whom be afcribed Bleffings, Glory, Power, Salvation, Might and Praifes, in the highest, throughout all Ages, in the Churches, by his only Son Jesus Christ; even for ever, and for ever, Amen.

My dear Friends and Brethren,

Thath pleased the Father of Mersies, Sect. I.
that we should have our Lot in these
Times, wherein Iniquity doth acound, and the Love of many doth

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#### An EPISTLE to all the

wax cold; and indeed wherein the Mystery of Iniquity doth mightily work and prevail, so that if it were possible, the very Elect should be deceived, and beguiled from the simplicity of the Gospel of their Salvation, by the deceits that are abroad, and the workers of Wickedness, who labour with all their might to darken the Counsel of God by words without knowledge, Job 38.2. Prov. 21.30. Satan you know hath alwayes endeavoured to Counter-work the Dispenfation of God, ever labouring to make his wicked Designs and Devices to be as like the Truth of the Lord as possible, that. thereby he might keep back the Children of men, from giving themselves up to the Lord Jesus Christ; a notable Example we have of this in Pharoah and his Sorcerers, who withstood with Signs wrought by deceit, Moses, who wrought by the finger of God: And it is foretold to us, that like as Jannes and Jambres withstood Moses, even 10 Shall the Truth be refifted, by some

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that would seem to have as beautiful a face for a while, as Truth it self; so that it will be hard to distinguish the one from the other, without abundance of the Spirit of Discerning: But this is Truths Character, it will have the Victory and Triumph, notwithstanding all the sierce opposition that it meets with, and the higher men and devils clime to overtop and over-master it, and to exalt themselves above it, the greater will be their fall, and their condemnation, and the manifestation of their madness and folly; for it shall be discovered as that of Jannes and Jambres also was.

Now for as much as Errors and Delu-Se&. 2

fions are many, as Truth but one, I cannot make it my business at this time, to put
into your hands an Advertisement and
Discovery of them all; nay it is needless
for me so to do, because generally that is
done already: Notwithstanding I thought
good to give you a discription of one that
is most dangerous, having perfect knowledge thereof, from the first springing of

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#### An EPISTLE to all the

it up in this our Nation, to this time; and knowing how taking it is to many, because it seems to carry along with it a zealous Conversation, whereby many of you have been apt to think, that there is but one step betwixt it and Truth; I have therefore very faithfully in this Book set before you the large and wide distance, that there is between the things herein opposed, and the Truth that you profess, that you may be warned to hold fast the Profession of your Faith without wavering, and not be drawn away with the slouds of Iniquity, like dead Fish with the streams.

Sect.

Many of you are apt to be too credulous, to that which seems to have a parcel of good words in its mouth, and is spoken against, and opposed by some ungodly men, not weighing things well before you imbrace them, but letting your affections out-run your judgments: Be therefore careful, and seek the Lord, depart from evil, be ever following that which is good; For evil men understand not Judgment, but they that Churches of Jesus Christ.

feek the Lord understand all things, Prov. 28.5. Try things out by the Scriptures before the Lord, and seek his face by Fasting and Prayer, and be sure you be not drawn to Fasting without Prayer,

for that is dangerous.

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You have been throughly Warned by Sect. 43 the Servants of God, to beware of all Whorish Worship, it would be a sad thing, that for fear of her and her filthiness, you or any of you, should run into the Son of Perdition's Practises: 0 what great need have you to be sober and watch unto Prayer: I therefore your fellow Companion in the patient waiting for of the coming of Christ, do earnestly in all bowels of honest affection in Christ Jesus, beseech you to handle the Spirit, against which I here contend roughly at the door; Is not the sound of its Masters feet behind it? I am pressed to this Work by many weighty. Considerations ; you know how nearly I am related to you, that you may not be ensnared and taken in an evel net, while

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### An EPISTLE to all the'

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I by any means may through grace help and prevent it, is that for which the difpensation of God calls upon me ; I have (though unworthy) been appointed by many of you for a defence of that Truth of the Gospel which you profess, and have had many a grapple with these Fore-runners of the Man of Sin, as well as with the Emissaries of the Whore; whereby I have the advantage to see into their deceits, and whose Servants they are, who say they are Apostles, and are not, but are Lyers: Therefore I am bound to make it known, to the end, that the Mystery of Iniquity may be discovered, and that the Christ of God may be magnified, bis Truth advanced, his People established and confirmed; and also to prove if amy hereby may be converted, and their Souls faved, that the Truth which is so much trodden down, as would make ones heart bleed to see it, might be made honourable.

fee you face to face, therefore I take this

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course to discharge part of that Trust which is upon me, whereby I shew to you, and to every of you, the sad Principles of that Spiret of Antichrift, which now runs about Preaching up the Law or Light within, as also to and from it; wherein you may see the sad Consequences and Companions of that Doctrine; as also the Faith of Gods Elect, laid down and proved by the Scriptures, in opposition thereunto: In which is discovered, that all Righteousness rested in, which is not wrought by that God-Man, Christ Jesus, and made ours by Faith, is no better than Wickedness presumed in: That they which deny the Doctrine of the Son of God, and that deny his Person to be a distinct Person from all other Persons 3 do deny the Father also: That to them which Believe not in him, that is the only Son of God, Baptism in Water, Prayer, and Laying on of Hands, Breaking of Bread, & all other Ordinances of the New-Testament, must needs be as Shadows with out substances, as Shells without kernels,

#### An EPISTLE to all the

as Bodies without fouls; for they deny

the Father, Son, and Spirit.

It will not be your way therefore to discourse this Spirit, about the Authority of Ordinances; the difference lies not so much between them and us now, about who should Preach, and what Ordinances are to be observed; but what is the Doctrine that is to be Preached, and what is that that is to be Preached to,& which is the Christ that is to be Believed in: Now they which do differ in these Fundamentals, need not waste time about other Points, which otherwise are necessary to be discussed: I need not give you a repitition here, of all that is in the following Discourse's my main design is to warn every one of you, seriously to consider the following matter, and to beware you hearken not to those pretended Preachers up of the Light, whose Doctrine being examined by the Doctrine of the Scriptures, is found to be gross Darkness: but if you shall not be warned, I have as to this done my duty, your blood will lie on your own heads.

Churches of Jesus Christ.

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For my part, as I do not feek the Pa-Sect. 7. tronage of the great and mighty of the World, as I fear not their ignomy nor reproach ; so I desire not their thanks nor commendation; I have this to commend to you, I wish I had you to commend also, that your Practise were answerable to your Principles; and then however some do Preach up the Light within, I am fure you would be the Light of the World, Mat. 5. 14. I have not further here to say to you, but to bespeak your hearts, to beautifie the Truth which you are made partakers of. Consider what I fay, and the good Lord give you a right understanding in all things; remember me in that intrest which you have at the Throne of Grace: Farewell,

> Yours, to serve you in the Service of our Lord Jesus Christ.

> > JOSEPH IVRIGHT.



To all those that through Ignorance, are Adversaries to the Doctrine of Jesus Christ, and to the Professors thereof: If you have not sinned that Sin unto death; Peace be unto you, and Peace be to your House, through the Grace of Jesus Christ the Prince of Peace.

### Men and Brethren,

Sect. T. Mariano Cam

bitter sigh, lamenting your Ignorance, who do please your selves
in reproaching others, not hawing the knowledge to discern betwixt one
sort of Professors and another, but judge all
alike, and if you get but a Scandal by the
end, it shall not be suddenly laid down by
you, nay many of you do wait for our haltings,
and if but one do miscarry, you will be sure
to say that they are all such, accusing all the
Separated Congregations, which in this Nation have Separated from the Parish Assemblies.

#### The Epistle to the Reader.

blies, as Munster Baptists, and Followers of John of Leyden: whose Heresies notwithstanding we abhor, as also they were abhorred by the Servants of the Lord of that time, as may be seen in the History of this Iron Age; yea if any falf Doctrin or Practise hath risen up, many of you have laid it at our doors; as when that notorious, vile and abominable Practise of the Ranters did arise, O how were we, whose Souls do abhor all incivility, and unchast actions, branded with their lacivious wayes! and what an Odium bath been cast upon our Meetings, and wayes of Administring the holy Ordinances of the most holy and glorious God, which we have ever desired and laboured to observe, in a comely and decent manner; all which scorn and derision cast upon us, we well hope by our Conversations in a great part is wiped away; and with the help of divine Grace, we shall dayly labour to keep a Conscience void of offence both toward God, and toward man, that the Worship which we perform to him, in his Christ may be approvable, and to you more acceptable.

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Now as we have both by Preaching and Sect., 2.
Printing, declared our selves Non Consentors to all the aforesaid Iniquities, and Unighteoms acts against God or man; in the

#### The Epistle to the Reader.

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mean time there hath risen up a most Pernitious Stratagem of Satan, whereby to delude the Children of God and men: The Doctrine and Practise is generally known, it is a Teaching up the Light within all Men, &c. I need not express my self in any other terms, although you have another Name for the conformists to that Notion, which I judge doth not so fully include it; and therefore I call them that are in Unity with that Principle, the Messengers of Antichrist, and the Spirit is his, and the Doctrine also; a clear discription whereof you have in this Book.

Sect. 3.

And although we have both Preached and Printed against this Device of Satan, and have born wheres very much against this Delusion; yet so simple me some, both People and Teachers, as to rank us with them, as Co-partners, and such as are espoused to that Doctrine, which Teacheth up the Law or Light within all Men, &c. But the Lord knows it, and so shall you one day, if you shall not believe it now, That to entertain such a Doctrine, would be to commit a Rape not only upon our very Consciences, but also upon our meanest Principles; and it is no small grief to us to bear the least tittle of their Inventions, neither do we either Preach or Practise any thing at all as from them: And

## The Epistle to the Reader.

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21. And to take off all your Suspitions, and to de resolve even those things in which you your ne selves are in the dark, as also to quit our Selves, in preventing your ruin by that deceit, as we in some measure have done by those Opportunities which we have had; Even so now, I who am very insufficient to satisfie your curious eyes and ears, do yet in the behalf of Christ my Lord and Master, his Truth and People, communicate these Considerations following to your view, which as you stand opposite to that Spirit against which I contend, I doubt not but you will entertain: with welcome; but where the weight that I bring out of the Sanctuary, to shew the lightness of their Imaginations, down threaten the discovery of your and nventions, and doth grate upon your Professions, it is like that I and my Book to, may be (but out of your hearts and hands; but this I value not, neither do I care what becomes of my Name, or Repute in the World, so the Cause of Christ be declared, and his Truth cleared from the filth, which is and hath been cast upon it.

And whether you will hear, or whether Sect. 4.

you will forbear, as your selves will feel the Sect. 4.

benefit or loss; so I tell you bonestly, and from my very heart, that I cannot rejoyce in

### The EPISTLE to the Reader.

any thing on this side Christ more, than in fee ing Sinners Converted unto him, and right setled in Faith and Practise, &c. And Id T hereby warn every one of you to look to it i time, and look into the matter following, desirous to see thereby the Estate of your own Souls, as well as the state of the Controversi between them & us; and where thou art hi & touched in thy heart and conscience, I pra thee who ever thou art oppose not; I desir unfeignedly, that those that shall see or hea the matter herein contained, might fee something (though secretly whispered) o Divine and Everlasting Concernment, that the good Lord may have the Glory in thy Con version and Salvation; is and shall be the earnest and continual ranest of my Spirit.

# JOSEPH WRIGHT.

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To all them that Teach up the

Light within all men, as that which is sufficient eternally to save them: If Mercy may be by you enjoyed, it is the desire of an hearty Well-willer of your Souls, that in the Grace of Christ, once more tendered unto you, that you may obtain it.

Hou art the Party to whom at Sect. it.

this time I am desirous to speak,
although thon dost not owne the
name by which thy Notion is by

some distinguished; the which I do not
mention, having not so much to do with thy

Name, as thy Spirit; nor with one or two
of you, as with all. Moreover, I know that
that Name doth not so well besit thee, as
that which I have endeavoured to distinmish thee by:

One reason why I publish this Piece, is, Sect. 22 because I could never have a fair dispute with thee, but one reviling term or other



thou

An Epistle to all those, that

thou hast cast upon me : Another reason is; to shew to thee what little Union there is betwixt thee and Truth: Another is, to set before thee, and all men, those pernicious Principles which thou holdest, although thou seemest to set such a fair glosse on them. I Another is, truly to state the difference t which is betwixt us, that we may not be disputing about Ordinances, when the difference is about the substance and foundation of all Generations that shall be faved. And other is, to shew unto all those who would so have us to own you for Christians, and joys? with you, the reason of our not consenting thereinto. Another is, to significe unto all the dancer the dancer the dancer the significant all the dancer the significant all the dancer the significant all the the danger that is in following thee, before, the danger that is in following thee, before de they be caught by thee. Another is, to war the Churches of Christ that they suck not in thy Principles, nor so much as bid thee, Go yet speed; seeing thou bringest not the Doctrin bes of (brist. Another is, to arm them again wh thee, that thy design upon them may be blidet sted. Another is, to set before thee thy was an and the end which it will bring every mayo unto that walketh in it; the which thy distribute the stable blashhemies, that Preachest up the ded Light within all men, are contrary to the his Doctrine and Person of Jesus Christ; making he Teach up the Light within all men.

Christ to be only a power in every man, which is his fustification; And much more of thy erroneous Doctrine I could rehearfe, but it is wearisom, and might, as hath been Said in the like case, rather be wondred at; than confuted: But seeing Satan in his Instruments hath transformed himself into an Angel of light, thereby to deceive the hearts of the simple; for their sakes I must speak Something to thee, because thou bringest. Some texts of Scripture, which thou wouldest perswade people doth make for thee, as some have done, Rom 2. 14, 15. thereby oppo-Infferings; and from that Scripture confidently affirming, that those Gentiles there mentioned knew not the Man Christ Jesus, which we believe in, nor did believe on him; jet kept the Law, and were thereby justified before God: And because the Scriptures in which thou alledgest to colour thy deceits, doth declare unto us a Christ, therefore tho's afavest, that that is the Christ, to wit, the mover of the Law written in the heart; for delthough thou sayest not, that any can be satheed without Christ, yet thou intendest nos the hing lesse, than that any are saved through his he purchase of the blood of that Christ, who B 2

### An Epistle to all those, that

is God and Man, apprehended by Faith; for this thou reckonest to be erroneous, although it be the Foundation of all Generations that

shall be saved.

Sect. 3.

New I know not whom I shall by this writing offend, but such as are averse to Truth: for one cannot defend the Truth, but he shall offend its opposers. But this I assure thee of, thou wilt not rightly understand me, if thou takest any thing berein delivered otherwise, than from a lover of God and man. I have (et down those thy Principles which I have good proof to be thine, that Preachest up the Light within all men, &c. which if thou deest not own, and dost except against any thing, either by Word or Writing, and say that I wrong thei in alledging such things; My Answer is, many of them are thy own, known suffici ently by thy words of month, and all the rest too, for otherwise they would not be dispersed in thy Books, the which thou wouldest not publish if thou didst not approve of the Do Etrine contained in them. And I heartil wish, that all that shall have to do with the about any thing here declared, which the shalt be asbamed of, that they would re quire thee by Writing, to publish thy abhor

Teach up the Light within all men.

ring thereof; and if any of thy followers do testifie their abhorring of those things, without secret evasion or mental reservation, I shall be glad; if not, let them be content (as one said) to be called his Disciples whose

discipline they follow.

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I further declare my forwardness to en-sect. 4. tertain any honest and fair Dispute with thee about these things, taking them in order; but I shall not take any one Writer that is not a known Leader of this Notion of the Light within, &c. to be worth my saying any thing unto, in reference to what I here say; neither shall I take notice of any one writing against what I charge thee with, that is silled with revilings, that doth give railing language, and put things off with lies, &c. I shall only receive a sober Antagonist, or else expect your renouncing your Errors, repenting, believing and obeying the Gospel.

Joseph Wright.

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# TESTIMONY

For the Son of Man, and against the Son of Perdition.

#### CHAP. I.

Wherein it is laid to the charge of those that Preach up the Light within all men, That they do deny Jesus Christ; which is proved by their making no mention of his death for the sins of the world; by their not gathering Men and Women into fellowship with him by Faith; by their setting up Works for Justification; and by their neglect of Self-denial: against which is testified the Faith of Gods Elect, concerning the Person of Christ, his Death and Resurrection, and Reconciliation thereby, with Faith therein, for Righteousness, Sanstification and Self-denial.

THE first thing that I lay to thy Sett. I.

charge, whosoever thou are that

Preachest up the Light within all men, re
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chap. r. quiring all People to mind the Light which which is within them; is this, That thou does not deny that Christ which dyed at Jerusalemiss out of every person of man, but his own, & in self so doing denyest Jesus Christ come in the wholesh; and thy spirit is the spirit of Anti-his christ, notwithstanding all thy pretended the zeal, &c. which I prove against thee as follows.

Sett 2.

loweth:

First, Because in all thy Preaching, w Teaching and Declaring, thou never makes th mention of Christs dying for the fins of the th World; nor that he tafted death for every in man, thou art altogether silent in this Do. ste ctrine of Christs dying for man in the body st of his flesh, and out of all other men, to Redeem man unto God, and to fave him from es his sins; which ought to be taught and j preached first of all to sinners and unbelie. b vers, to beget Faith in them, and Repentance fl unto life, I Cor. 15. 3. and 4. But thou doff V altogether press every Man and Woman to look to the Light within them, telling them I that that will shew them all sin and iniquity, and will lead them out of it, and eternally 2 fave them, if they be guided by it.

sect. 3. Secondly, Because as is thy word of mouth, even so is thy writings, for amongst them all and in them all there is not one line

which

chuhich teacheth that Christ did die for the Chap. To estins of the world, and freely laid down his mife as a ransome for sinners, or offered himinself a Sacrifice to God, upon that Cross on he which he was crucified at Jerusalem, in ti-his own body, and out of every man else, dehereby to reconcile both Jew and Gentile Lunto God by his own blood, shed in his own body, Ephes. 2. 13, 16. Col. 1. 20, 21. es that whoso preaches it not, doth not preach he the Gospel of Christ, nor lay the foundary tion which is the true and pretious Corner-Rone, yea, the foundation of all Generations dy that shall be saved; For no other foundation e can any man lay, than that which is laid, m even Jesus Christ, and him crucified: the d just dying for the unjust, that he might bring us to God, being put to death in the e flesh, but quickned by the Spirit, I Pet. 3.18. A who his own self bore our fins in his own boo dy on the Tree, that we being dead to sin, n should live unto Righteousness; by whose stripes onely we can be healed, I Pet. 2. y 24.

Thirdly, Because thou dost not gather Sett.4 men and women into communion with Christ by Faith, teaching them to believe in Jesus Christ & him crucified, out of them,

and

Chap. 1. and in his own body, for their fins and into quities; by which Faith every true Believ Re being justified, hath Peace with Gotho through our Lord Jesus Christ; by whomos as the Apostle teacheth, Rom. 5. 1,2. Wand have access by Faith into this Grace, whereithe we fland and rejoice in hope of the glory on God, fee Rom. 4. 16. Rom. 11. 6. 2 Con 1. 24. But on the contrary thou gathere wi by Works, never questioning whether theh Proselytes believe in Christ that dyed abu Ferufalem, by whose Death and Resurrection the Believers do receive Reconciliation and it Justification; I say, by Works thou gatheres R and not by Faith, warning all people not look to the Light within them; and the fice which own this thy Doctrine, and wall the and work according to it, thou owner and none but such, nor takest to be such as are either taught or gathered by thee, the which thou receivest; although as touching the Edith in Christ Tesus, they are as ione the Faith in Christ Jesus, they are as igno-rant as Heathens, and are absolute Insidels, which I have proved many a time by Disthat thou gatherest by Works, and not by Faith, making them Heirs, which are onely Workers, and not Believers thou makes Faith word, and the Promise ?

which them which do believe of none effect, Chap. 1.

WR om. 4. 14. by which it is evident, that
who thou gatherest not in the Name of Christ,
onnor with Christ; and therefore art no true
wand right Gatherer, but a scatterer abroad;
enthou art not with Christ, but against him,
oand art led by the spirit of Antichrist.

But in the Name of the Lord Jesus Christ Sett. 5.

which died at Jerusalem, I affirm against hethee, that there is no Salvation in any other abut in Jesus Christ, and him crucified for of the fins of the world; and that by the menerit of his Death, and by the power of his Resurrection, done and acted out of every nother man, and in his own Person, is Justification and Salvation, to be obtained through Faith, Rom. 5. 10. For there was a necessity that Christ should suffer, and rise a again the third day, for the Justification of heall them that believe in him, Luke 24. from ver. 22. to 48. And they which do not know this, know nothing at all, as even Caiaphan the high Priest doth declare, as it is written, John 11. 49. &c. And one of them named Caiaphas being high Priest that same year, said unto them, Ye know not thing at all, nor consider that it is expense ent for us that one man should ove for the People, and that the whole Nation perish Chap. 1. not : and this he spake not of himself . Gen

being high Priest that year, he Prophesias that Jetus should dye for that Nation, as not for that Nation onely, but also that ppe should gather together in one, the Children of God that were scattered abroad. Behoust how ignorant they are that know not the Jesus Christ ought to suffer death for the People, which else had all perished, and had all remained scattered, had not he gather in one the Children of God that were scattered abroad; as verse 50,51,521. The loyal high Priest did Prophesie mucan better, than these pretended Preachers up and the series of the pretended Preachers up and the pretended Pre

Sect. 6. But as no sin could be done away with

out shedding of blood, and death, reintly and visibly, Heb. 9. 15, 22. and 10. 1the So that it is no other offering, but that the Jesus Christ once offered, through whit of sinful man by Repentance and by Faither him can have Salvation; 'tis not a Christ offered daily, as the Papists teach; six then must be often have suffered since the foundation of the world. But now account ding to the Apostles Doctrine, Once in the

end of the world hath he appeared, to put we may fin by the Sacrifice of himself; and

it is appointed for all men once to die, but

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besas once Offered, to bear the sins of maat opear the second time without sin unto Sal-ldration, Heb. 9.26, 27,28. Who his own hoelf bore our sins in his own Body on the træ, 1 Pet.2.24. even in that very Body which he had prepared him, Heb. 10.5. hehich was born of the Virgin called Mary, perslat. 1. 18. that mortal visible Woman the hich was espoused to that particular man stalled Foseph, which Child the Wise men reame to see, Mat. 2.11. who was Circumciapped the eight day, Luke 2.21. that very Child Jesus which Herod sought to destroy, but it was prevented of his purpose by his flight reinto Egypt, according as Foseph and his Mother were directed by the Angel; who about the thirtieth year of his age was Baptized nicof John the Baptist, in that external River hicalled Jordan, Mat. 3. 15. upon whom the Spirit of God did visibly descend; who hwalked up and down in the Land of Judea, di Samaria and Galilee, in the City of Feruof falem, and in divers other Cities and Places thereunto belonging, doing good, working Miracles, healing them which were outthe Devil; for God was with him, Alts

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Chap. 1. 10. 38,39,40. Notwithstanding Judas ayes betray him with a Kis, and fold him eg thirty pieces of Silver; whom the Rulland and high Priests did take and judge, a po hanged him upon a Tree without the Gab 3 of the City Fernsalem; whose side was pichat ced with a Spear, out of which came blowin And he that saw it bore Record, and he Record is true, and he knoweth that he sai bat true, that ye might believe; whom Joseph Lt Arimathea begged, and took down frois the Cross, and laid him in his own Seputh cher in a Garden, ver. 38.42. over whom the Rulers set a Watch; notwithstanding which God raised him from the dead the because it was not possible that he should be holden of it, Acts 2. 24: which to kee from being known, the high Priests gan to the Watch-men money, to say that his Disciples came by night while they slept and stole him away, Mat. 27. 66. and 28. 11. 12, 13, 14, 15. Which very Jesus die first appear to Mary Magdalen, out of whom he had cast seven Devils, Mark 16. where he had appointed them to meet him who was with them for the space of form dayes ayes, speaking to them the things apportain- Chap. 12 ing to the Kingdom of God, giving Coma postles whom he had chosen, Atts 1. 1, 3. Yea, this very man Christ Jesus is he inat gave himself for our sins, that he might hat washed the Congregation of the faithful,

Lev. 1.5. from their sins in his own blood

made Peace through the blood of his tross, and Reconciliation in the Boop of olis flesh through Death, Col. 1. 20, 21, 22. which death he tasted for every man, Heb. of . 9. and gare himself a Ransom for all be testissed in due time, I Tim. 2.6. yea, God was in that one man Christ Fesus, Reconconciling the world unto himself, not imputing their trespasses unto them, but made bim to be sin, who knew no sin, that men that were sinners, might be made the Righteons-ness of God in him, 2 Cor. 5. 19, 21. So that onely in this man Christ Jesus is Salva-non, neither is there Salvation in any other, for there is none other Name under heaven siven among men whereby we must be saved; Acts 4.12. and this is he that who soever be-lieveth in shall receive remission of sins, Acts 10.43. and in whose Name Repentance and Remission of fin should be Preached among

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Chap. r. All Mations, Luke 24. 47. But, me

Fourthly, Thou which Preachest Right which all men should mind the Light which instability within them, dost deny the Christ of Go the which dyed at Jerusalem, because the Go hast said to me, when I have made as largest a confession of Christ as I now have done sub That I am Ignorant of Christ & a Now Go That I am Ignorant of Christ, &c. Now Go if I be charged that I am Ignorant of Christall when & at fuch a time as I have declared & thi restified of him according to the Scriptures bro it doth evidently appear, that thou dost no of own this Christ which I here confess; another

thou dost hereby plainly declare, that he Re whom thou acknowledgest to be Christ, isit

not this Christ; & therefore he must needs bece Antichrist, 80 thou art led by the spirit of him of

Fifthly', Thou denyest Christ that died ca at Jerusalem, because thou dost not teachin persons to believe, that by that very death bi of Christ which he suffered truly and visible lo at Jerusalem, our of all other men, and itw

his own body, is the Reconciliation of thene morld unto God, Rom. 5. 10. 2 Cor. 5. 19 hi and because thou dost not teach, that that is Righteousness which was done and sulfilled for in that one Body of Christ, and out of the in bodies of all other men, is that which Men its and Women should onely look upon as the in

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meritorious cause whereby they are made Righteous before God through saith, as the instrumental cause thereof; but thou (like the Jews, Rob. 10.3) being ignorant of Gods Righteousness, and going about to establish thine own Righteousness, hast not submitted thy self unto the Righteousness of God. But I say and tellifie in the Lord, that all Righteousness whatsoever below or on this side that Righteousness, which was as brought forth and sulfilled in that one body of the flesh of that one Man Christ Tesus of the flesh of that one Man Christ Jesus nethat died at Jerusalem, will never make he Reconciliation to God for one sinner; yea, if it will fall short of doing that Office, and becease for ever of being the Righteousness n of Life. Neither is it as thou teachelt (that ed callest thy self a Preacher of the Light, &c.) chin the Justification of a sinner before God, theiz. by the Works of the Law, or by follylowing the Light within; for they both is will condemn, not justifie : but a poor sinhener stands justified before God, freely by o his Grace through the Redemption that in Christ Jesus, whom God hath set edforth to be a Propitiation through Faith he in his Blood, to declare His Righteoul en mels for the remission of sins that are past he through the forbearance of God. See Rom.

Chap. 1.3.23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28. But this Doctrine of Justification by the Grace of God through the Redemption that is in Christ Jesus, unto, and upon all them that believe whose Faith is imputed to them for Righter ousness, and whose iniquities are forgiven and whose sins are covered; Thou are stranger unto, which notwithstanding is the Doctrine of the Apostle Paul, Rom. 3. 22 and Rom. 4.2.4.5.6.7.8.9.

and Rom. 4. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9.

Sect. 9. Sixthly, Thou deniest Christ which died, &c. because all such as follow after thy Doctrine, do not deny themselves, as h hath caught they should; thou makest Thew of Sin-denial, but Self-denial thou dost not practife: but Self must be denied and Self-Righteoushels, which is of the Law yea, when men have done all whatsor ver they are commanded, they are then to say with humble hearts, they have done by what was their duty and that they are profitable servants. I say, to deny of selves, and self-righteousness, accounting but dung, that we may win Christ, and I I found in Him, 'not having our own right s ousness, which is of the Law, but that which is through the Faith of Christ, the Right a ousness which is of God by Faith: this the way to true blessedness, as the Apoll teachet

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teacheth, Philip. 3. 8, 9. But this laying Chap. I. low Self, and onely resting upon Christ by Faith thou canst not away with; therefore thou art in Self-exaltation in the highest degree, only thou coverest this with a fair pretence, by putting pretended Sin-deniall for Self-denial; and hereby is many a poor Soul miserably deceived by thee; but thus faith the Word of the Lord, Rom. 3. 20. Therefore by the deeds of the Law shall no flesh be justified in his sight; for by the Law is the knowledge of Sin. And Gal. 3. 10, 11. For as many as are of the works of the Law, are under the Curle; for it is written, Curled is every one that continuetb not th of the Law to do them. But that no man is for instified by the Law in the sight of God, it justified by the Law in the fight of God, it is evident; for the Just (hall live by Faith. Beholo, saith the Prophet, Habak. 2.4. His Soul that is lifted up, is not upzight in him; but the Just shall live by Faith.

To which Julification by Faith in the Blood of Christ, thou that placest pretended Sanctification in the stead and place of Ju-Rification, art a stranger; and herein it will appear, that although thou seemest to have a Zeal of God, yet it is not according to Knowledge: for thou sayest so far only as

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Chap. 1. the Creature is brought out of the fikh of this World, and to leave fin, so far only is he justified before God; whereas the Scripture faith, Rom. 4.5,6,7. But to him that Morketh not, but Believeth on him that justifierh the Ungooly, his Faith is counted to him for Righteousness; even as David also describeth the Blessedness of the man unto whom God imputeth Righteousness without Mozks, saying, Bleffed are they whose Iniquities are Forgiven, and whose Sing are Covered: Bleffed is the man to whom the Lord will not Impute Sin. that God justifieth the Creature while it is in its Sins, in its Blood, Ezik. 16.6. by the pardon thereof, upon Repentance and Believing the Gospel, which Believing is Imputed to us for Righteousness, as it is written, Rom. 4. 3. Abraham Believed God, and it was counted to him for Righteout nets: And although Repentance toward God, and Faith toward our Lord Jesus Christ, Atts 20. 21. be requisite in order to every Sinners Julification; yet is Julification an Act of God, Rom. 8.33. whereby he freely by his Grace, through the Redemption that is in Jesus Christ, doch acquit from guilt of Sin the Repentant Believer, not Imputing his Sins to him, and

accounts

accounting his faith to him foz Righte- Chap. r. ousness, See Rom. 3.23,24,25,26. Yea, to Believe as a Sinner, while under the guilt of Sin, and thereby lyable to the wrath of God, Rom. 3. 19. Gal. 3. 10. Ephef. 2. 3. that God hath received such absolute Satisfaction by the Sufferings of Jelus Christ in his own Body upon the Cross, without the Gate of Ferusalem; That he that Repenteth and Believeth the Gospel, is wholly acquitted, his debt discharged fully and freely through his Blood; this is the way to be justified before God: So that the main ground and reason why we that Believe, should be holy in all manner of Conversation, in this present evil World, is, because we are not our own, but are bought with a price, even with the precious Blood of Jesus Christ: Therefore ought we to Glorifie him' in our Bodies and in our Spirits, which are his, I Cor. 6. 20, And so ought we to live to him, that dyed for us, and rose again, &c. 2 Cor. 5. 15. That seeing Christ dyed for our fins, we ought not to live in them, but to die to that which he dyed for; and as he was Crucified for our Iniquities, So they that are Christs, do Crucifie the Flesh, with the affections and lusts; lest they joyn with his Enemies, and provoke his anger against them;

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Chap. 1. them; and as the Apostle Peter teacheth, 1 Pet. 1. 14,15. As obedient Chilozen, not fashioning your selves according to the former lucks in your Ignorance, but as he which hath called you is holy, so be ye holy in all manner of Convertation; Because it is written, Be ye holy, for I the Lord your

God am holy, Levit. 19.2. But, Seventhly, In that thou layest aside this Sect, 11. God-glorifying Doctrine, of Christs free

Reconciliation of Sinners to God by his Death, out of, and without themselves; and of Gods Justification of the Ungodly, by the Remission of their Sins upon Repentance &

Paich: It appears, that with the High-Priests, Elders and Scribes of the Law, Acts 4.5, 6, 10. the Preachers up of the Light within, do let at nought that precious and

trped Stone, which is the Dead of the Coz ner, and the Foundation of all Generalions that Mall be Saved; yea that Roll

of Ages upon which the Congregation of the Faithful are built; which is not the Rock

of these Legallists, their Preachings and Printings being Witnesses; see Deut. 32.

1. For in as much as the Light within, is no other than the work of the Law written

in the hearts of the Gentiles, Rom, 2.14, 15.

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It is evident, that these Preachers, are Prea. Chap. 1. chers of the Law, not of the Gospel; to which with those Jews and Greeks mentioned, I Cor. 1.23. they are such Advetsaries, that the Preaching of Christ Crucified, is to them both a Sumbling Block and Fol: ishness, while unco them which are Called, Christ is the Power of God, and the Wifnom of Goo. Oh how great and glorious is the Power of God in the work of Redemption, by the Sufferings of Jesus Christ! Oh the depth of the Riches both of the Wit 910 proud in Spirit know not, as the Prophet David teacheth, Psal. 11 4. The Wicked through the prive of his Countenance, will not seek after God, God is not in all his thoughts; but as faith the same Prophet, Pfal. 69.32. The humble shall fee this and be glad; and your heart shall I the that seek God.

The humble do see themselves in a lost Sect. 12 and undone Estate, by reason of Sin, which they and all the world are guilty of, by the Sentence of the righteous Law of God, they are so broken in their spirits, finding themselves under the Curse of the Law. Gal. 3.10 That as Christ teacheth concerning the penetrant Publican, Luke 18.10, thinking them-

ven, do smite their breasts, saying, God beins mertisul to us Sinners; while the proud cre Pharitee rejoycing in himself, and in his im own Righteousness of the Lam, (like those of that now Preach up the Light within) exholateth himself, saying, God I thank thee, I had am not as other men are, Extortioners, Un-fer just, Adulterers, or even as this Bublican, him Oh with what affection doth the Repentant to Believer receive Jesus Christ! Oh how precious is the Blood of Sprinkling to him! Gharisee, Papist, and pretended Preacher no up of the Light within, do trample under in their seet.

Sect. 13

Even as Water is to a thirsty Land, Psal. h. 143. 6. or to the panting Hart, Psal. 42.1. C. which being at the point of death, except it is be refreshed by the Water Brooks, doth expire; So is it with the poor Believer, who finding himself befet on every side, with the guilt and burthen of his Sins, which he not able to bear, slees from, but is still pursued with the guilt thereof, until he meets with Christ, who sets him free from the guilt, and takes away the burthen of his Sins, giveth him assurance of peace with God, through the Satisfaction which he hath made to his Justice.

a Justice, by the Sacrifice of himself for all his Chap. 1. beins that are past; and requiring this late lost in Creature now to follow him, he bringeth is him to his Fathers house, makes him a Son seof God by Adoption, and giveth him the x-holy Spirit, whereby he may both know That God is his Father, and be inabled to erve him in newness of spirit; promiseth t, him that his Grace shall be sufficient for him, nt to relieve him in all his Temptations in this e-world, and that by his Mediation with God, he will so secure him from the Calum-nious Accusations of Satan, that he shall a not be able to lay any thing to his Charge r in the Court of Heaven; and now requiring him to be faithful to the death, assureth him that he will give him the Crown of life. . Oh what glorious Grace is this! Oh how is he that was Sentenced to death, and pur-- fued with the Executioners thereof (meeting with Jelus Christ, and being by him not only delivered from the power of his Pursuers, but also intituled to Everlasting Life ) refreshed and comforted! who is able to express the consolation of the water of Life, John 4.10. which Jesus Christ gives to refresh the fainting Spirits of those he meets with, that while they flee from fin, are purfied with the Law, Sin and Death, and

to deliver themselves from the power of those their Enemies, until Jesus Christ interpol with the might of his power, & relieve then in spirit, that are pursued with the guilt, power his er and wages of Sin, from the Law, Sin and Death, speaking peace to them in the pareed don of their sins, sprinkling his Blood uposition their spirits, to cleanse them from the guilt, thereof; and giving them the holy Spirit trief John 7. 37, 38, 39, to strengthen them a worgainst the Reigning power of Sin, and there by intituling them to life Everlassing, and to the deliverance from the wages of Sin, which is Everlassing Death.

Sett. 14

Oh how contrary is the Doctrine of the Gospel, to the Doctrine of those that Preachup the Light within all men, as that which (though it be but the work of the Law Rom. 2. 15.) is sufficient in the opinion of these followers of the Romish Synagogue, to lead out of all Sin, and eternally to save; and therefore contrary to the practice of the Apolles, who direct unto Christ all the weary and heavy laden with sin; with, Behold the Lamb of God, which taketh away the Sins of the Months, John 1. 29. These Messengers of Satan, lead all such as follow them

em, from Christ to themselves, setting up Chap. I comselves under pretence of the Light withight, viz. the Word of the Prophets, of hrist, and of his Apostles, 2 Pet. 1. 19. Which is written in the Scriptures of Truth, Dan, 10 21. they set up that which is inar eed the Darkness of this world, the Tratitions of men, the Doctrines of the Romish Harlot, and other Adversaries to the Dotrine of the Gospel, which they deliver by word of mouth, and disperse in their written Books and Pamphlets.

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## CHAP. II.

Wherein is shewed, That the Doctrine ne H these that call themselves Preachers with and to the Light within all men, is the of according to the Dollrine of Jesus Christing expressed in the Scriptures of Truth, nend ther concerning the Person of Christ, nend the Father, Son and Spirit; nor the the Light, nor the Ordinances of Christ, negotian the Resurrection of the Dead, nor the Coming of Christ, nor the End of thot World: Also the Doctrine which is a ness cording to Godliness, as it relates to the Is Particulars, is here manifested.

He second thing which I lay to the ter Charge, which teachest that Peopleth Sett, 1. should be guided by the Light which ce within all men; is, That thy Doctrine is no no neither concerning the Conception of Jeli A Christ, nor the Divine Being of the Father I Son and Spirit, nor the Light, nor the Ordi nances of Christ, nor the Resurrection of the Dead, nor the Coming of Christ, nor the? End of the World; and therefore thou and led by the Spirit of Antichrift.

First, Because thou dost not confess, that

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v vertue of the Holy Spirit, his coming up- Chap. 2, n, and the Power of the Highest his overhadowing that visible woman called Mary. hat that man Christ Jesus was conceived of he Holy Spirit, and made of the Weman without her knowing of man; and that he is The only begotten Son of God, both accoring to the Spirit of Holines, Rom. 1. 3, 4: and also as he is a man of flesh and bones; and that there is none, nor can be any, that s the Son of God in that sense, that that God-man Christ Jesus, was, and is the Son of God, from and to all Eternity, according to the Spirit of Holiness; and also in the fulness of time according to the flesh, Gal. 4.4.
I say, because thou dost not own this Person, which I here speak of, to be the only begotten Son of God, and no other but he in all the world beside; Therefore thou art deceived, and art a Deceiver; for thou sayest not, that the flesh and bones humane, Soul and Spirit of that man, which was born of Mary the Virgin, in Personal unity with the Divine Nature, the Son of God according. to the Spirit of Holiness, is the Christ; but thou making no mention of the humane Nature, that which thou callest the Christ is the Seed, Spirit or Light, in that man which was born of Mary; which Seed according

Chap. 2. cording to its measure is also in all mhe S and is Christ as well as it, according om thy Doctrine: Now though it ought no Luk be denyed, that the Spirit of Holiness of a that Person which was born of Mary tize the Son of God by eternal Generation; man it ought to be acknowledged, that the Chrimane Nature also of that Person which would born of Mary tize the Control of the Person which would born of Mary tize the Control of the Person which would born of Mary tize the Control of the Person which would be the Person which we have the Person which would be the Person which we have the Person w born of Mary is the Son of God by certa poral Generation; and yet there are dye two Christs, but one, for as much as Bei Spirit of Holiness, and the humane Naturtho is one in Personallity; and the Apostle Paone teacheth to this effect, I Tim. 2.5. Fper there is ( saich he ) one God, and one M diator between God and man, the m2. Christ Jesus; who is indeed both God at th man in one Person, and so is no other Peth son in the whole world befide him, fee G. no 3. 20. Mat. 16. 13, 16, 17. So that if the Spirit of Holiness only in that man which was born of Mary, is the Son of God, and the Christ which dyed; then it follows that the Son of God according to the Spirit of Holiness dyed, which is contrary to the Scripture, 1 Pet. 3. 18. which teacheth that Christ was put to Death in the Flesh but quickened by the Spirit; which at his death he ptelved up, Mat. 27, 50, with the Spirit of his humane Nature, which he commended into the hands of his Father, locke 23.46. And if this be the Opinion is of all that Preach up the Light within, &c. iiz. That the Spirit of Holine's in that man which was born of Mary, is only the Christ, and not the flesh and bones humane, would and spirit; then they must hold, either that Christ dyed not, or that the God-head had which is Blasphemy against the eternal which is Blasphemy against the eternal whole three in Person and Office, yet are some Divine and Eternal Essence, and independent Being, see I John 5.8.

But thus saith the Spirit of Truth, 1 John Sect. 3.
2. 22, 23. Who is a lyer but he that denieth
the Jesus is the Christ; he is Antichrist
that denieth the Father and the Son; for

no man knoweth the Father lave the Son, and he to whom the Son will reveal him, Mat. 11.27. Therefore according to the

Apostles Doctrine, Acts 2. 36. Let all the

House of Israel know assuredly, that God bath made that same Jesus which they cru=

titied at Jerusalem, by the Sentence of Pontius Pilate the Governour, both Lozd and

Chist : And as the blessed Apostle John teacheth, I John 4. 1, 2, 3. Let us not be-

lieve every Spirit, but try the Spirits whe=

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Prophets are gone out into the world; her cor

by know ye the Spirit of God, every Spin of

that confesseth that Jesus Christ is come car the fleth, is of Goo; and every Spirit the of confesseth not that Jesus Christ is come iam the flesh, is not of God; and this is thin Spirit of Antichzift, whereof ye havnet heard that it should come, and even no we already it is in the World. Now as it will manifest, that to confess Jesus Christ com, al in the flesh, is rightly to confess his Perso Ett and Office, and rightly to confess his Dock etrine; So it is apparent, that many proferit so to do, and yet come far short thereof for There is a vast difference between the Serval vants of Christ, and the Subjects of AntiGo christ: When the Jews sent Priests and Louis vites to John, to ask him, who art thou w he confessed, and denied not, but confessed Co on the contrary, Christ himself teltifieth confec cerning the Deceivers of the last times, Malco 24.5. laying. Many Shall come in my name fe fazing, I am Chriff, and shall deceive mala ny. What do they less, that being demand ded Who is the Christ, direct not the Inquir.
rer to the true Christ, as John did, with Bero holo the Lamb of God, which taketh awayn the Sins of the Mozlo, John 1. 29. but Chap. 2. contrariwise unto themselves, under pretence of a Light within all men, to hear their Do-Arine of Falshood, and receive their spirit of Delusion; what do they less than say, I am Chift, which fay, I speak to the Light in thy Conscience, which shall eternally wit= nels Me: Me, what mean they by this word Me which they say is eternally to be mitneffed? Is there any thing that is eternally to be witnessed or acknowledged, but the lo Eternal God, and his Everlasting Son Jesus Christ, who is according to his Eternal Spiferit without beginning and without end? As of for themselves, are they any other than moreral sinful Creatures, that not only transgress Gods righteous Law, but also despise the folorious Gospel of his dear Son Jesus Christ, whose Promises they imbrace not, whose Commandments they keep not, whose But hreatnings they fear not, and whose blesorled Person they acknowledge not? Do they Alconfess the Person of Christ? Do they connefess him to be come in the Flesh, that only malay he is come into their Flesh, a base Noanthingless. John saith in his Gospel, Chap.

Juit. 30. This is he of whom I said, after me

Becometh a man which is preferred before

But how do these Blasphemers preth fer

not his Person from their own, and apply D

that which belongs to his Person unto theirs Co that reject his Doctrine of Salvation, an Se fet up their own Delusion of Destruction, the feet contemning the threefold Office of Christ Bl King, Priest and Prophet, in direct oppositionen to it, exalt and fet up an inherent Righteou hi ness of the Law, which they endeavour to maintain, that all men may attain unto bef following the Light within them, which box no other than the Works of the Law, hath been shewed from Rom. 2. 15. Anwi the Apostle teacheth, Gal. 2. 21. That rea Righteousness come by the Law, then Christ is dead in vain. So that according to the AHe postles Doctrine, Christs Priestly Officethe whereby he was a Sacrifice for the Sins onl the World, is made void by those that fet La a Righteonsness of the Law. And if we coton sider of what nature a Law-Righteousnehe is, which, according to the Apostles Dithe cription, Gal.3. 12. 15 not of Faith, but 18.2 man that doth them shall live in them A Christ in all his Offices, yea, and in his hunt mane nature also, which is his Coming hal the Flesh, is made void and of none effect hal for, if Righteousness be attainable by thats Law, or by following the Light within 321 which

which is the work thereof; then as the Chap. 24 Death of Christ is in vain, so is also his Coming in the Flesh, his taking hold of the Seed of Abraham in the womb of the blessed Virgin, his taking part of Flesh and Blood, Heb. 2.14, 15.16. Being for no other end but that through death he might destroy him that had the power of death, that is the Devil; and deliver them who through fear of death, were all their lives time subject to bondage.

And as the Priestly Osfice of Christ, Sects 4. wherein he offered himself to God an unspottted Sacrifice to put away Sin, and that Body which was prepared him for that purpose, MHeb. 9. 14,26. and Heb. 10.5. is denied by cethese Legallists that exhort all men to look only into the Light within, the work of the Law written in their hearts for their directiof on unto Righteousness; so also is the Prohetick Office of Christ made useless by Dithem; for, as it is written, Dent. 18.15. Acts 13.22,23, Moses truly said unto the Fathers, mA Prophet (hall the Lord your God raise up hunto you of your Brethren like unto me, him ghall you hear in all things whatsoever he ed ball say unto you; And it shall come to thass, that every Soul which will not hear that 220phet, shall be destroyed from among the People.

Chap. 2. People. But do these Seducers hear him in all things what soever he hath said ? Deha they teach men so to do? No, no, it is fain from them: Do they hear him that hat the said, Mark 7. 21. From within out of the be heart of men, proceed evil Thoughts, Adulthe teries, Fornications, Murthers, Thefts, Cobei vetousness, Wickedness, Deceit, Lasciviousche ness, an evil Eye, Blasphemy, Pride, annes Foolighness? that say there is such a Lighof within all men that will lead them out of a he Sin and Iniquity, and eternally fave them in they fink down to it, and are guided by it the Where hath Christ the great Prophet taugh he as these men of Belial teach? When Chilfor met him whose eyes he had opened, John the 35. He said unto him, dost theu believe who the Son of God? And when the man answer of ed and faid, Who is he Lord that I might believe on him? Jesus said unto him, theor hast both seen him, and it is he that talker on with thee. But how do these precendere Preachers up of the Light direct men unt he Christ, that making no clear discription Bla his Person, do only advise all men to turbe into a fo called Light within them, which as the Lord hath taught, Mat. 6.23. hr great Darkness? If, saith he, the Lighe that is in thee be varkness, how great out the ga that darkness? And is not great darkness Chap. 2? in them, that have no light? And who those are the Prophet shows, Isa. 8. 20. To be Law, and to the Testimony (saith he) if shey speak not according to this Word, it is becamse there is no Light in them. But do these boassers of Light, that walk in darkness, go to the Law, and to the Testimony of Jesus? Do they hear Him in all that he hath said there? nay, do they hear him in any thing that he hath there spoken? Is their Repentance such as he requireth? Do they confesse their sins, and pray for mercy fifor them? They are heard, it may be, with the proud Pharisee, to say, God, I thank thee, I am not as other men: but which resof them hath been heard to say, God be gemerciful to me, a Sinner: Do they mourn hofor their transgressions, that seldom or never tet onfess them? Do they forsake sin, that dereservants of sin; that not only do despise in he Gospel of the Grace of God, but also n Blaspheme his Name, his Tabernacle, and turbem that dwell in Heaven? Are these selfhic xalters captivated into their Curses? Is it hrough infirmity of their flesh, and against ig he law of their spirits, that they thunder t out their Anathema's, like the Popes Bulls th gainst the Worshippers of God, and the Fol-

Chap. 2. Followers of the Lamb? And as it is evil dent, that they which do not believe Of Christ, do abide in darkness, John 12. 40f So it is apparent, that he which bateth he Brother is in the same condition, as John teacheth in his first Epist. 2.9. He (saith he) that saith he is in the Light, and hateth Bu Brother, is in Darkness: but contrariwit he that loveth his Brother, abideth in tan Light, and there is none occasion of stuman ling in him. But how can they say, they loth their Brethren, that give them occasion do stumble at the Word, that Pure Word whichi is laid in Sion for a foundation, at whinis they stumble, and thereby give occasion no others to flumble by their example? SW Rom. 9. 32. 1 Pet. 2. 7, 8. Can theen fay, they love those whom they delude, a Br being blind themselves, lead others that ath blind also into the pit of destruction? Man L 15. 14. unto whom, instead of giving Je rection and encouragement, by their Doct and Example, to confess Jesus Christ come de the flesh: they do the direct contrary, not ther making contess. ther making confession of the Person, Offi or Administrations of Christ: not his Pore fon, not his Divine and Humane Nature 9.

personally united, and personally distinguish men ; but

Lie Light within all men they extoll. Not his Chap. 21 Office of High Priest, to offer the Sacrifice 4 of Himself for the sins of the World, and to heive Peace to all that believe in his Name, of by the remission of their sins: Of a Prophet, hto teach : Of a King, to rule and govern. But a Light within all men, which though viet be but the work of the Law, is exalted, and the only Name under Heaven given mamong men, whereby they must be saved, is done, what he hath taught, is not regarded; his Promises are not imbraced, his Threathinings are not feared, his Commandments are n not obeyed; yea, the main reason and ground swhy the holy Ordinances of Baptism in Watheer, Prayer, and Laying on of Hands, and a Breaking of Bread, &c, is denied by those that teach all People to be guided by the at Light within them, is, because they contemn Jesus Christ that gave commandment to administer those his holy Appointments; and. despising his Doctrine, they exalt their own Delusion: His Word they will not hear; his Work they will not do, but have walked afpeter the Imaginations of their own heart, Jer. 9. 14. teaching for Doctrines the Commandments of men, Matth. 15. 9. For, was it ever heard that any Professor Sect. 34

Chap. 2. of the Faith of Jesus Christ, any Confessor of th him to be come in the flesh, did deny thein Baptism of a repentant Believer in Water, in in the Name of Jesus Christ for the remission of N sins: which is an Ordinance of so great autho sh rity, that although there hath been some diffe le rence among Professors about the manner of of Administration thereof, yet few or none have n ever been heard to question the Ordinance ti it self, till now of late; and it being appoint ted for so excellent uses, as not only to fignific t the Burial and Resurrection of Jesus Christ t but also the Fellowship of every true Relieve of in his Death, which he dyed unto sin once Rom. 6. 10. that so they may be in his Re surrection also, Rom. 6.5, 6,7,8, 9. to live 1 unto God; that sin reigning not in their mortal bodies in this life, they may in their bo dies, Souls & spirits reign with Christ in the life which is to come. It must needs therefor be concluded, that those that deny this blesse Appointment of Jesus Christ, do also den him to be come in the flesh; as also, all bene fit that Believers do and shall obtain by th sufferings of Christ in the body of his flet through death, Col. 1.22. and that are of tainable through his grace, in their con forming themselves to his will, in submitting to this his Appointment. And forasmuch 2 r of the precended Preachers up of the Light with- Chap. 2. thein, do usually call the Baptism of Believers no Name of Jesus Christ, a carnal thing, a ho shadow without substance, empty, useless, fle low, and such a thing as God is gone out r of, &c. Is it not evident that they think as ave meanly of him that fent his Servants to Bapnce tize with Water, Joh. 1. 33. Mark 16. 15, in 16. Alls 10. 47, 48. as they do of Bapific tism in Water? What esteem have they of ist the Person of Christ, that have none of his commandement? Of what value is the ce Coming of Christ in the flesh, his Death, Burial, and Resurrection, with those that despise his Doctrine, and that blessed Appointiv ment of his, which not only fets forth the Burial and Resurrection of Christ, but also the Vertue and Efficacy thereof upon Believers, as is abundantly taught in the Scriptures: Therefoze, saith the Apostle, Rom. 6. 4. We are buried with him by Baptism into death; that like as Christ was raised from the dead by the glory of the Father; even so we also should walk in newnesse of life. So likewise, Col. 2, 12. Buried with him by Baptism into death, wherein also you are risen with him, through the Faith of the operation of God, who raised him from the

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Chap. 2. the dead. And the bleffed Apostle Peter, de in his first Epistle, Chap. 3. 21, 22. speaking A of the efficacy of Baptilm upon true Belie-V vers, teacheth us to understand, that it confiç fifteth not in the bare putting away of the of filth of the flesh, as the Jewish Baptisms did, Heb. 9. 9, 10. but it being administred in the Name of a greater High Priest, than he whose descent is from Aaron; the effect is greater than the effect of those Legal washings, or carnal Ordinances, which the Apofile excellently expresseth in these words, viz, Not the putting away the filth of the flesh, but the answer of a good Conscience toward God, by the Resurrection of Jesus Chiff from the dead; who is gone into Heaven, and is on the right hand of God; Angels, and Authorities, and Powers being made subject to him. And the same Apofle, according to the wisdom given unto him of God, answered those Jews, that being pricked in their hearts, Act. 2. 37, 38. faid unto him, and to the rest of the Apostles, Men and brethren, what shall we do? when he said unto them, Repent, and be baptized every one of you, in the Name of Jesus Christ, for the Remission of sins, and ye shall receive the gift of the holy Spirit. Is the conscience of any man good while it remains

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defiled with the guilt of fin? Tit .. 1. 15. Chap. 2. ing And hath the Lord appointed Baptism in Water in his Name (Alls 10.47, 48.) to fignifie unto penitent Believers the Remission of their fins? that being planted together in the likenesse of his Death, which is unto Sin, they might be also in the likenesse of his Resurrection, Rom. 6. 5, 14. Whence then is that spirit that forbios Water for the Baptism of the repentant Believer in the Name of Jesus Christ for the remission of his sins? He that is of God, faith Christ, heareth Gods Words. Ye therefore hear them not, because pe are not of God, Joh. 8. 47. When the Lord had anointed the eyes of the man that was born blind, Joh. 9.6, 7. he said unto him, Go wash in the Pool of Siloam, (which is by interpretation, Sent) he went his way therefore and washed, and came seeing. O what riches of grace doth every true Believer receive of Jesus Christ in their becoming obedient to his Word! This man had not onely his Eyes opened, which never yet had seen, but he was made one of the Disciples of Christ, one of the adopted Sons of God. And what greater envie and malice can Satan and his Instruments express against God and man, than to endeavour to hinder men from doing that which

to whom God will not impute sin; who being

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justified

justified by Faith, hath peace with God Chap. 2. Grace, and rejoyceth in hope of the glory of be God, having Redemption through the blood Rom. I.I of Christ, the Forgiveness of sins according 2,3,4,6. to the riches of his Grace, Ephel. 1.7. And this is that new and living Way which Christ hath consecrated for us through the vail, that is to say, his flesh, Heb. 10. 20. For he him-self by walking in that way, wherein he resquireth every true Believer to follow him, e hath consecrated it a way of Salvation; for wherefore was he Baptized but to consecrate the way of Baptism to all Believers as himself testified, when John resused to Baptise tise him, Mat. 3 13,14,15. Saying I have need to be Baptized of thee, and comest thou to me; suffer it saith he to be so now, for thus it becometh us to fulfil all Righteousness? Therefore Baptism in Water in the Name of Jesus Christ, is unto the Repentant Believer, the way of Salvation, because Christ hath walked therein to make it to: he was Baprised that knew no sin, that the Repenting Sinner might be baptized in his Name for the Remission of Sin: and as the Sinner draws nigh to God by Repentance, Faith, and Baptism; so Christ draws nigh to the Sinner by his Grace; for as the Sinner

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Chap. 2. ner comes to be washed in his body with pune water, so he comes to be sprinkled in hihey heart or spirit with the blood of Christ, from 1.1 an evil Conscience, Heb. 10,22. For Chri B came (saith John ) by water and blood, nand by water only, but by water and blood; anthey it is the Spirit that beareth witness, becau whi the Spirit is truth: For there are three that bear Record in Heaven, the Father, them Word, and the holy Spirit, and these threthe are one: And there are three that beathe Record in Earth, the Spirit, the Water, and An the Blood, und these three agree in one: Ipel we receive the witness of men, the witness oto God is greater; for this is the witness onh God, which he hath testissed of his Somed I John 5.6,7,8. And as the Grace of Goddia is exceeding great in giving to every truethe Believer assurance of acceptance with him Lo by the witness of his own Spirit, Rom. 8.16 thi through the precious blood of Christ, I Pet ny 1.18. signified in Baptism; so it must need fai be great Impiety in any man to gain-fay that ne holy Commandment which he hath appoint all do draw nigh unto him, Heb. 10.22. and as G an evidence of his accepting them for his fe Children, Gal. 3. 26,27. the which futther of to affure to them that ask him, Luke II. 131 to he giveth the Spirit of Adoption, whereby Chap. 2.

ro. 8.15. Gal. 4.6.

But as the Adversaries of Jesus Christ, Sett. 6. hand of his holy Ordinances, deal by one, fo they do also by other of his Commandments. which to manifest their dislike and contempt of Christ that gave them forth, they conthemn and resist, like their Predecessors in evil, rethe Jews, Acts 7.51, 52, 53. Who, though eachey received the Law by the disposition of and Angels, kept it not; and though the Gofpel be the Power of God unto Salvation, un-oto every one that believeth; being that owherein the Righteousness of God is revealmed from Faith to Faith, Rom. 1.16, 17. yet did they not obey it, Rom. 10. 17. Even so these their Followers, finding the work of the Law written in their hearts, Rom. 2. 15. this they extol and admire, but never did amy of them walk according to it; for, as faith the Apostle, Rom. 3.23. All have sinned and come short of the glory of God; and although there be no way to take away their fins, but that new and living way of the Gospel of Jesus Christ, which he hath confecrated for that purpose, by which he not only promiseth Peace and Salvation Everlasting, but giveth also the earnest and as-[urance

Chap. 2. surance thereof unto them that feek it in the way that he hath appointed, in the word the Gospel; yet will not these stiff-necke and uncircumcised in heart and ears ob the Gospel, but do alwayes resist the ho Spirit, like their Fathers; for that they man show their utter enmity and contempt of the Gospel, and of the precious Promises Grace declared therein, that they may de ter Believers from seeking the gift of God ; the holy Spirit, that they may hinder it a much as in them lies, not only the Evidence that every Believer may have of his Adop h tion or Son-ship; but also that assistance of the Spirit of God whereby he may be inable? to war a good warfare; yea, that they may take men off from seeking Righteousness by the Gospel, and set up the Law for Justiff cation; as if their own strength, and the Light within all men, were sufficient to ren der the Power of God, whereby Believers are kept through faith unto Salvation, of no ef feet; that Principle of the Dollrine of, Christ viz. Prayer, and Laying of Hands on Bap tized Believers, for the obtaining the gift of the holy Spirit, is by the Preachers up of the Light within, &c. as other Ordinance of the New Testament, reproached and del

piled; but Oh how fierce is their anger!how

truel is their wrath against the People of Chap. 2. God, that contemn and vilifie the practice of hat duty of Prayer, and laying on of hands, which is performed for so holy and spiritual an end; as the obtaining the gift of the boly Spirit, promised of God to those that repent, spirit, promised of God to those that repent, and are baptized in the Name of Jesus district, for remission of sins, Acts 2.38. district, for remission of sins, Acts 2.38. district, for remission of sins, Acts 2.38. district did obey him, Act. 5.31, 32. to hose that did obey him, Act. 5.31, 32. to witness unto them the forgiveness of their ins to be the earnest of their Inheritance, he seal of Salvation, until the Redemption of the purchased Possession, Ephes. 1.13,14. did bey cannot obtain by the morks of the Law, with by the hearing of Faith, Gal. 3.2. and whereby they may be enabled so to walk, that they shall not fulfill the lusts of the flesh. the hat they shall not fulfill the lusts of the sless, see Gal. 5. 16. Yea, so exceeding great and rections is the Promise, and so powerful is the assistance of the Spirit promised, that hereby Believers may be made partakers of the spirit promised. he Divine Nature, 2 Pet. 1. 4. their intraities may be helped in Prayer, Rom. 8.
26. they may have all things brought to
her remembrance, be led into all Truth, defind shewed the things that are to come, Joh. how 6.13. Joh. 14. 26. which Promise of the Spiric

Chap. 2. Spirit was obtained by Prayer, and Laying on of hands by the Apollies, in behalf of the Samaritans, Act. 8.15, 16, 17. by a certai de Disciple in behalf of Saul, Act. 9. 10, 17. Paul in behalf of the Ephesians, Acts 19.6 by certain Prophets and Teachers in the Church at Antioch in behalf of Barnaba and Saul, to affift them in the work of the Ministry, Acts 13. 1, 2, 3. by the Apostle 47 for their service Aste 6 - 6 house Des for their service, Acts 6. 5, 6. by the Preshe bytery or company of Elders in behalf of Time mothy, I Tim. 4. 14 and also by Parthening the gift of the holy Spirit to assist him both as a Disciple and Minister of Jellin Christ: So that all that believe in Jel Christ may safely conclude, that Prayer a laying on of hands, is a Principle of his D hi trine, which he himself was not far fro if the practice of upon those he sent out Ip Preach among all Nations Repentance a el Remission of fins, when having first faid ut to them, Behold, I fend the Promise of Father upon you; and having led them one as far as Bethany, in order to his partie from them, and ascending up into Heave He tift up his hands and blested them, Li 24. 49.50. Yez, fo ancient and authenti

s the practice of feeking the bleffing from Chap, 2. God, by lifting up, and laying on of hands, for hands are not to be laid on, except they be first listed up; and therefore the Prayer of Faith is a main part of this Ministration) That Jacob when he blessed the Children of Joseph, He laid his hands upon them, Gen. 147.14, 16. Moses by the Command of the Lord, laid bis hands upon Joshua in order to his being filled with the Spirit, and hereby fitted for his Charge of going in Numb 27. 22, 23. Deut. 34. 9. And he Lord Christ himself when he blessed hose sittle ones which were brought unto him, He put or laid his hands upon them, Mark 10. 13, 14, 15. Matth. 19 13,14, Now what man or men can fay, that his is a dead practice, which the Lord of life and Glory, and his holy Prophets and Apostles practised without blaspemy against Jesus Christ, yea, against God the Father? Can any man revile that practice of Prayer and laying on of hands, which (as hath been newed) was used according to the direction Christ, and for no other end, than for the La crnest of the Inheritance of all Believers, phes. 1. 13, 14. and not thereby deny his Word?

Chap. 2. Word? How can they fay they love him, that keep not his fayings? He (faith Christ) that I loveth me not, keepeth not my sayings. John t 14. 24. Is not the Spirit the Seal of Righ C reousnels by Faith? After pe betieven fait the Apostle, Ephes. 1. 13.) ye were seale I with the holy Spirit of Promife. This only would I learn of you (faith the Apost k to the Galatians, Gal. 3. 2, 3.) being temp ? ted, to turn from the Righteousness which 'n by Faith, to that which is of the Law, Re ceived ye the Spirit by the works of the Law, or by the hearing of Faith? Ares so foolish, having begun in the Spirit, at o ye now made perfect by the flesh? Whi other reason can truely be given why th 4 Preachers up of the Light within all men d h revile that principle of Christs Doctrine, beth this, viz. Because the Righteousness which they teach, is contrary to that which the het ly Spirit seals? therefore they reproach the practice, whereby Believers obtain the he Spirit, as a seal of their Righteousnesse, while of is by Faith, as the strength whereby the stand stedfast in their heavenly Calling, a sp as the earnest and assurance of their eve of lasting Inheritance: Wherefore cry the the out, Turn to the Light within, Turn to to Light within, but because their delight is

a the works of the Law, not in the hearing of Chap. 2. Faith? Oh how pleasant is a fleshly Righ- Rom.2. he teousness unto men unregenerate! which, be\_ 15. h cause it is wrought by the strength of the Gal. 3 5. Creature, which, although now fince the Fall, is only the strength of corrupt flesh; yet hi is it cryed up by fleshly and carnal men, that Al know not what it is to be born of Water and of the holy Spirit, as the onely Righteoufhe nesse, though it will leave them under the Re Curse of the Law, and never give them the th bleffing of Abraham, the Promise of the Spirit, which is not to be obtained by the works a of the Law, but by Faith in Jesus Christ, h through his grace, Gal. 3. 10. 14. Rom.4. th 4, 15, 16. Kom. 11. 6. and in the way that he hath appointed in his Word, wherein b this Service of the Prayer of Faith, with the hic laying on of hands, is taught as a part of he that way, which is the way of life, in which the Law of the Spirit of life in Christ Fesus ha is found, which maketh free from the Curfe his of the Law, of Sin, and Death, Rom. 8. th 1, 2. Gal. 3. 10. and although it be dea spised and contemned with other Ordinances of the New Tellament, by such as, whilst the they boalt of Light do walk in Darknesse, yet, as areward of whose disobedience the is mift of darkness is reserved for ever, 2 Pet. , 2,17. E 3.

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Chap. 2. But like measure ye mete also to that hole Sect. 7. Appointment of Jesus Christ, viz. the Lord Supper, which he celebrated with his Difciples at his departure from them, the fame night in which he was betrayed, and sanctifi ed as a flanding Ordinance unto his Church to evidence the breaking of his Body, the pouring out of his Blond, with the benefit thereof unto all true Believers; yea, to fer forth his Death and bodily absence until his coming again in his own Body, wherein he suffered upon the Crosse: for this Ordinance is by the pretended Preachers up of the Light within all men, very much reviled, and the p practice thereof, as it is used in the Churches I of Christ, not only villified, but opposed; F which whether it be not done to make in way for that Popish Idol of the Masse (because in dispute about this Question, the Bread which is eaten in the Lords Supper, b was denied to be Bread made of Corn, of the Wine that is drunk, to be the fruit of the Vine, by a Preacher up of the (so called)

Light mithin) And how near this Denyal comes to the Harlots doctrine of Transibliantiation, the Children of God, through his grace, will well perceive: Sure I am, the denial of the Ordinances of Christ, manifesteth contemps both of the Person and Power n,

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Power of Christ; and whosoever denyeth Chap. 2. this Ordinance in particular, doth thereby deny that which is fet forth by it, which is not only his Death, I Cor. 11. 26. but even his coming in the flesh; For therefore a Body was prepared him, that his Body might be offered once for all, Heb. 10. 5, 10. He oe fil took part of flesh and blood, that through death he might destroy him that had the power of death, that is the Devil, and deud liver them that through fear of death were 10 all their life-time subject to bondage, Heb. 2. 4 14, 15. The Death of Christ being of such precious concernment unto his Church, the 10 Lord hath in his wisdom appointed this holy e Fealt, which is called His Supper, to set forth in his bodily absence his Death until his 4 Coming again in his own body, that so the 10 Church might have him in remembrance, by whom they receive so great a benefit, (I Cor. 11. 24, 25, 26.) as the Remission Act. 1. 01 of sin, of which the Cup is the New Te-Stament in his Blood, as the Bread is that which doth shew forth his Body broken and given for them, an Offering, not like the Legal Offerings, nor like the Popish Masse, daily offered, which yet never take away sin; But being once offered, doth so take away the fins of them, that walking in Faith, Hope

Chap. 2. Hope and Charity, look and wait for his ap If pearing, that he shall appear the second timeno without sin unto their salvation, Heb. 9th 26, 28. It mult needs therefore be a milch chievious design, which is carried on byan those that contemn the Ordinances of Jesush Christ, which are of so blessed concernment to those that believe in him: It is no less of than the denying of him to be come in the his flesh, to deny the Ordinances which he hath si appointed to fet forth what he hath done of in the body of his flesh; and it is as much of as to deny that ever he shall come again of to deny that Appointment which he hathhi ordained to be used until his second coming of or to abuse it with the Papists, turning that So into a Sacrifice Propidatory, which Christia ordained only to fignific the Propitiatory Sape crifice of his own Body; to make that bygl an humane invention of Transubstantiation, to W be the very Body and Blood of Christ there present upon their Altar, in the hand of their the Priest, which Christ appointed so signific his a Body, as to shew his bodily absence, the Bread being present, his Body being at the right hand of God in the Glory of the Factor there. This is as much as to deny his coming to ther: This is as much as to deny his coming po bodily; for, if his Body be present, how san his Body be at the right hand of God Ife ap If his Body be come fince his Akention, Chap. 2. monow can his Body be still to come? But 9 the truth is, so great an harmony is between niche Preachers up of the Light within all men, by and the Doctors of the Romish Synagogue, Suchar their Doctrine rends to one thing, viz. en The denyal of Jesus Christ come in the flesh, flof Justification by the imputation of Faith in the his Blood for Righteousness, of Remission of ath Sins by his Grace; of the right use and end oncof his holy Ordinances; yea, to the denyal chof the vertue of the Death of Christ, the in efficacy of his Resurrection, and the glory of th his Coming: I shall therefore for conclusion ng of this Chapter, set forth, according to the scriptures of Truth, the Doctrine of the Re-

power of the Resurrection of Christ; the byglory of his Coming, and the End of the World.

For thus saith the Word of the Truth of Soct. 8.

The Gospel, concerning those that shall be not saved, as it is written, 2 Tim. 1. 8, 9. 10.

The God (saith the Apostle) hath saved us, and the called us with an holy Calling, not according a to our Works, but according to his own Puragose and Grace, given us in Christ Iesus beaut fest by the appearing of our Saviour Iesus Christ;

Chap. 2. Chrift; who hath abolithed Death, arede brought Life and Immortality to ligher throngh the Gospel: By bis Death he histru destroyed him that had the power of Deareyes Heb. 2. 14. By his Resurrection and Abim cension in his own Body, He bath led cafor tivity captive; He conquered the Grane and overcame it by Death; not for himfe wh who knew no fin, but for the world of sinner hat unto whom Death is due, as the wages ing Sin, the just reward of Iniquity, Rom. 6,2 des which Death passed upon all men (exception Christ, who sinned not) because that all have sinned, Rom. 5. 12. and are in bondage unir der Sin and Death, the great enemies of the peace and comfort of Mankind, for who ing deliverance from Sin and Death Christ harbe dyed, and hath invited the world of finnecon to repent, and believe the Gospel for the Rato mission of their Sins, and their deliverando from Death, from which he will in his dutie time deliver all those that believe in hw Name: For he must reign till he hath passall his enemies under his feet, I Cor. 15.25 for that the saying that is written may come the passe, Death is swallowed up into Victor saccording to the Word of the Lord by that Prophet Hosea, ch. 13. 14. I will ranso them from the power of the Grave, I will the power of the Grave of the aredeem them from Death: O Death, I will Chap. 2. the thy plagues, O Grave, I will be thy de-bastruction; Repentance shall be hid from mine anyes. And to this end Jetus Christ did give Ahimself a Ransom for all, and tasted Death cafor every man, I Tim. 2.6. Heb. 2.9. that sewhich though it be not yet effected, yet he remath payed the Price, that so at his appear-2 death, and deliver from wrath to come all timhat wait for him, believing on his Name, and Theff. 1. 10, 1 Ioh. 3. 23. according as unimself hath testified, Ioh. 5. 28, 29. Martheel not at this, faith he; for the hour is comloing in which all that are in the Grave shall a hear the voice of the Som of God, and shall necome forth; they that have done good, un-Reto the resurrection of life, and they that have nodone evil, unto the resurrection of damna. dution. So that it is evident, that that of man hwhich goeth to the grave shall be raised pagain, as he hath said, I will ransom them from the power of the grave, &c. But if the bodies of them which are cast into the grave hall not be raised from thence, how then is there a ranfoming of them from the power of the Grave, or a redeeming them from Death? How is Captivity led captive? or

chap. 2. how will the Grave then come to destruct not on, and not rather be the destroyer? At not how will the Word of the Almighty Crest of tor be fulfilled, and his glorious Power mass nifested, who made Heaven and Earth, the Sea and all that therein is, and keepeth Trustup for ever, Psal. 146. 5, 6.

Sett 9.

But it is further evident, That the bodie faff of Believers, although they dye and turn and duft, yet shall they be raifed again, and littha eternally, as is teltified in the Scriptur W 1 Cor. 15.42,43, 44. by the Apostle, concert is ing the Resurrection of the Dead, It is som w (faith he) in Corruption, It is raised in In no corruption: It is sown in Dishonour, It it raised in Glory: It is sown in Weakness, I les is raised in Power: It is sown a Nature A Body, It is raised a Spiritual Pody. By a ar which, how evidently is the Resurrection of the that which dyes, proved? It which is sown and it which is raised is one and the same only the condition wherein it is raised is more not the condition wherein it is raised, is more not the condition wherein it is raised. excellent than that wherein it is fown! The that turn Scripture into Allegories, canno a turn this into any, nor make an Interpreta ( tion contrary to this, without making them selves very absurd: for, if they shall say It is the Seed of God which is thus fowa then it seems the Seed of God shall be form one condition, and shall be raised in a- Chap. 2. Ar jother, yea, they must hold that the Seed resof God is sown a Natural Body, and raised Ma Spiritual Body, changing its Properties, the Which cannot be; No, no, it is the Corvers, which shall be raised, changed, and disastioned like the glorious Body of Christ, and as is testified in the Scripture concerning that Seed which is sown into the Earth, as Wheat or other Grain, That which is fown is not sown that Body which shall be, for when it is sown, it is sown but bare Grain, not clothed with any thing, but God giveth I ta Body as it pleaseth him, clothed excel-lently, jet to every Seed his own Body: And as the Body of Wheat which is raised and brought forth, doth not arise out of other Grain, but doth absolutely and truly arise out of that very Seed, and by the Power of God groweth out of that very Ker-1 nel which was fown; even so shall it be in the Resurrection from the Dead the Natural 0 and Visible Bodies of those that believe in Christ, although they shall not be raised as they are sown, viz. vile, corruptible, natural, weak and dishonourable, yet nevertheless they shall be raised; and though God will give a Body as is pleaseth him, clothed with

Chap. 2. with incorruptibility, yet he will give thair every Seed his own body, 1 Cor. 15. 38 hall and they shall be raised again without all di deformity, and clothed upon with their houset to which is from Heaven; yea, their vile Bo form dies shall be made like the glorious Body of Christ, even a Spiritual Body, which Spiri hall tual Body shall arise out of that Natural he Body which doth die, and is laid in the bie Ground, even as Grain doth arise out of ha that very Grain which was fown, being the fame in substance when raised, as when fown; only raised in a glorious condition, rul as the Grain doth all arise and leaves not the one jot of it self in the ground, even so there shall not be lest one jot of whatsoever goes to the making up this Body compleat, and every way a perfect man, but it shall be raised wholly and fully as it is written raised wholly and fully as it is written, I Cor. 15. 35, 36, 37, 38, 42, 43, 6

Sett. 10 And that all Believers may be fully affured that their vile Bodies shall be changed, and fashioned like the glorious Body of Christ, according to the working, whereby he is able to subdue all things unto himself, Phil. 3. 20, 21. The Apostle doth unfold this My-Hery, 1 Cor. 15. 5.1,52,53,54,55. Behold ( faith

faith he ) I shall shew you a Mystery, We Chap. 25 8 hall not all Sleep but we shall all be Changall din a moment, at the twinkling of an eye, aft the last Trump: for the Trumpet shall Bo found, and the Dead (viz. in Christ, I Thef. 16, 17. fuch as lye in the visible Earth ) ri hall be raised incorruptible, and we (viz. rabe faithful that are alive and remain in he his corrupt tortal estate unto that time ) of hall then be changed: for this corruptible he must put on incorruption, and this Mortal en must put on Importality; so when this Corno ruptible shall have put on Incorruption, and this Mortal shall have put on Immortality, then shall be brought to pass the saying that is written, Death is swallowed up in Clice town; O Death, Where is thy Sting? O Grave, Where is thy Victory? The Sting of Death is Sin, and the Strength of Sin is the Law; but thanks be to God which giveth us the Victory through our Lord Jesus Christ. Thus is the Resurrection, and Change of all Believers from Death to Life, from Corruptible to Incorruption, from Mortal to Immortality, by the bleffed Apolle both Vindicated and Unfolded, that every faithful Man and Woman may know, that alshough the Wages of Go in Death that although the Wages of fin is Death, yet the Gift of God is eternal Life, through

Chap. 2. Iefns Christ, Rom. 6. 28. which God wi For give unto them all at one and the same time Ch even at the coming of Christ, that according eve to the Word of Truth, I Theff. 4. 1909 These that remain unto the coming of thren Lord, may not prevent them which are after 4. in him; but although the Lords Labourer Lan are called to work in his Vinyard at the seper veral Hours of the Day of the Grace, you they all shall have their remard together aha the Evening, Matth. 20. 8. For God hat Chr provided so well for the Fachful of this la f S Age, that though many in former Ageog have obtained a good Report through Faith ab yet shall not they without these be made peret fett, Heb 11.39,40

Selt.11

And although the Preachers up of the Light within all men, do boast of Perfectiones which they imagine that some of them down attain unto in this life, yet it is evident bear the Scriptures of Truth, that the Perfection in Glory which is promised to the Faithful in and the Perfection in Holiness unto which is not attained unto, but some in part, until the bodies of those that bear leeve in Christ (the second Adam) are raised from the Grave, and changed from the corruption whereinto they are fallen to the offence of the first Adam, Rom 5. 15 the

For although in this Life those that believe in Chap. 2 Christ, are through the Rich Mercy of God, even when they were dead in Sins, quickened renewed in the Spirit of their Mind, Ephel. 4.23. that with the Minde they serve the Law of God, Rom. 7.24. Yet alas! this Perfection is but in part : Paul himself, who thad attained to so great a Portion of Grace, that by the Law of the Spirit of Life, in Christ Jesus, he was made free from the Law a f Sin and Death, Rom, 8.2, and though, geogether with this Freedom from Guilt, and the ablenesse to Punishment for Sin, he was so nder the Law, but under Grace, Rom. 6.14. the hat he did delight in the Law of God after on be Inward Man; yet notwithstanding he dound another Law in his Members, which barring against the Law of his Mind, his ought him into Captivity to the Law of ful in his Members, Rom.7.22,23. So that, his ough he had hope of Deliverance from bus his Enemy, the Flesh which lusteth bliainst the Spirit, Gal 5. 17. and for his ar infert had obtained the Gift of God, The ro oly Spirit, as a help to him, to war a good of fare, and as the Earnest of his 15 beritance Ephel 1.13,14. which is to be Fo enjoyed

Chap. 2. enjoyed at the Redemption or Deliverance of the purchased Possession; yet for the present such was his Condition, that, himself testifieth, Rom. 7.23. So then, sait 1 he, With the Wind I my felf ferveth Lam of God, but with my Flesh the Lat 1 of the Spirit of the Mind, by the Assistance of the Holy Spirit, whereby a Believer know himself to be a Son of God by Adoption, at t is inabled to cry, Abba, Father, Rom. 8. 16. a the earnest of the Inheritance, a Rising will Christ, through the Faith of the Operation of God, who raised him from the Dead, to to obtaining Forgivenesse of all Trespasses, C. 2. 12, 13. yet this is not the Resurrection. from the Dead, nor the State of Perfections which the Fairbfull unto death shall obtain as the same Apostle testifies, 2 Tim. 417. 2 have fought a good fight, faith he, I be li finished my Course, I have kept the East h benceforth there is laid up for me a Cro 2 eighteoutnesse, which the Lord. Righteons Judg, shall give me at that Dir and not to me only, but unto all them h that loves his appearing: For the obtain for whereof, his great Defire was ( while I enjoyed but the earnest of the Spirit, k was at home in the body, and absent from h Lor ne Lord) 2 Cor. 5.4,5,6,7. to be found in Christ, Chap. 20 the not having his own Righteousnesse, which is of the Lam, but that which is through the ait Faith of Christ, the Righteousness which is of the God, by Faith; that I may know him, faith at he, and the Power of his Resurrection, and tio the Fellowship of his Sufferings, being made and conformable unto his Death, if by any means or I may attain unto the Resurrection from at the Dead; not as though I hav already 6. attained, either were already Perfect, but will follow after, if that I may apprehend that, at for which also I am apprehended of Christ of Jesus, Phil.3. from the 8th Verse to the end. C So that that which truly and properly is & called the Resurrection from the Dead, is the Ric raising of man from the dead, in every part wherein he is dead, by reason of sin, to be alive again, and to live in every part wherein he be lived before he sinned : For before man sinned the was alive in Spirit, Soul, and Body, Gen. 2.7. and fo should for ever have lived, and not have tasted death, nor have seencorruption, or have returned unto Dust, in his visible body, had he not transgressed the righteens Law of God: for the wages of sin is death, Rom. 6.23. which ile Law of God, Man at first was able to have kept, and might, and ought to have kept it; but he broke it through his wilful disobedience, in hearkening

Chap. 2. hearkening to the Counsel of Satan; and thereby brought himself and his Posterity to

the Penalty therein threatned: In the day, I See Gen. saith God, that Eating thou shalt Eat, Dying to 2. 17. thou shalt Die. Therefore the Resurrection with the from the Dead is the Raising of the whole shalt the Man from Death in every part, wherein he alive again, and to live in every part, which I was once alive before Transgression; This Resurrection is yet to come: The renewing of the Spirit of the mind, is but the Farness of the Spirit of the mind is but the Earnest, or Assurance thereof, and of Happinesse a that time: It is to come, and not patt, as the False Teachers did affirm, of whom the Apostle doth give warning to the Saints.

2 Tim.2. 16, 17, 18. but shun (saith he)
prophane and vain bablings; for they will mord will eat as both a canker (or gangreen, of whom is Hymeneus and Philetus, who concerning the Truth have erred, saying, tha ] the Resurrection is past already, and s overthrow the faith of some, From whence i we may take notice, That these Fall to Teachers did err, in mis-applying the Resurrection of Man; for they did not den a Resurrection wholly, but taking a part so the whole, or puting the Earnest for the Inheritance nd

Inheritance, said, It was past already: In Chap. 2.

Is like manner those against whom we contend, they do not say, That there is No Resurrection at all; yet in effect they say as much, for they say, It is past with them, he and they look for no other kind of Resurrection than what they do now enjoy: But this their Doctrine being no better than vain bablings, all true Believers are to shun and avoid.

And yet they that are thus deceived, as to Sect. 12. a imagine that they have attained unto the the Resurrection from the dead, think to bring the something to bear up their building, from ts. Revel. 20.6. where the Spirit of God faith, e Blessed and holy is he that hath part in the vil First Resurrection, on such the Second Death eil bath no power, &c. concluding, that the n, Resurrection is past with those that have to their supposed Degree of ha Perfection; but alas they are greatly deceived; for the First Resurrection, here spoken of, is no not the Quickening of the Spirit only, but the raising up and investing the whole bodies, the fouls, and spirits of those Holy Ones there mentioned, with Life and Immortality: And for that this is so, appears by the 4th and 5th the Verses, where John saith, I saw the souls of ce them which were beheaved for the witnesse

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Chap. 2. of Jesus, and for the Word of God, and which it

had not worshipped the Beast, neither hid Image, neither had received his Mark upon to their Foreheads, or in their Hands; and the t lived and raigned with Christ a Thousand w Years; but the rest of the Dead lived not w again until the thousand years were sinished of This is the First Resurrection, &c. Now is what part of man is it which is capable of f being beheaded? Is it not the Body in Therefore the Bodies lived, though only the a Soul is mentioned; and it is usual in Scripture to mention a part for the whole S as Gen. 46.27. All the Souls of the house I of Jacob which came into Agypt, were d threeseore and ten; but who knows not I that their Bodies came also? And were it To, That by the first Resurrection, here mentioned, is meant the Renovation of the t Spirit of man by rising from sin to newness of Lefe; yet this is so far from concluding against the Resurrection of the Body of man, that the Resurrection of the Body of every true Believer, may rather be concluded from it, as saith the Apostle Paul, Rom. 8. 11. But if the Spirit of him, saith he, that raised up I accordance to the least down the least down! Jesus from the dead, dwell in you, he that raised up Christ from the dead shall also quicken your Moztal Booies by his Spirit, that

ich that dwelleth in you: and as the Holy Spirit Chap. 2. his doth bear witnesse with the spirit of every por true Believer, that he is a Son of God, so also, be that he is an heir of God, and a joint heir and with Christ, of a glorious Inheritance, not which is to be enjoyed at the Recemption see Rom. of the Boop: This Redemption of the body 8. 16.17; wis that which all Believers wait with patience 23. of for, and hope to enjoy in their bodies, which y now are liable to Sufferings for Christs sake: the and seeing it is in the last times that the in Beast and his Image are set up, which the de Saints refusing to worship, or to receive his use Mark, are by his Followers persecuted to ere death; as a reward of whose Sufferings the not First Resurrection shall be given to them, and in to all other Believers that are asleep in ere Jesus: therefore it will not be accomplished he till the Lord himself descend from Heaven es with a shout, with the voice of the Arch ng Angel, and with the Trump of God, and in then the Dead in Christ shall rise first, ry I Thest. 4. 16. and this (saith the Spirit) m is the First Resurrection, Revel. 2.5. as is ut also testified, I Cor. 15. 21, 22, 23. For up since by Man came Death, by Man came at also the Resurrection of the Dead: For, as to in Adam all dye, even so in Christ shall all to be made alive; but every man in his own

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Chap. 2. order, Christ the first fruits, afterwarmat i they that are Christs at his coming: Then fth cometh the end, when he shall have ave delivered up the Kingdome to God, even then the Father, when he shall have put down allaug Rule, all Authority and Power; for he mufteefu raign till he have put all his Enemies under Neis his feet; the last Enemy that shall be gas destroyed is Death, as it is written, Rev. 20. f n 12,13. And I saw the Dead, small and and great, stand before God; and the Booksoug were opened, and another Book was opened, my which is the Book of Life, and the Dead of were judged out of those things which were written in the Books, according to their des Works, And the Sea gave up the Deadis which were in it, and Death and Hell, or Co the Grave, delivered up the Dead which de were in them; and they were judged, every fro man according to their works. So that we th see clearly, that both the First and Second m Resurerction, a the raising of whole Man th from death, or from the grave; contrary to th the conceipt of such as suppose the renewing as of the spirit of the Mind, which is but a o part of man, to be the first Resurrection of fo man; the Dying to Sin, and Rising again to c Righteousnesse, being so far from being the Resurrection of whole Man from the Dead,

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that it is but the Earnest of the Inheritance Chap. 2. In the Righteous, as for the Wicked they wave no part in it, though they shall have benthe Resurrection; for they, as Christ hath allaught, shall come forth of the grave unto the skesurrection of Damnation, John 5.28,29. In Neither is it in the dying to sin, and rising begain to Kighteousnesse, as it is in the Death of man, and his Rising again, for Man dyeth, and riseth again; but when sin dyeth, sin knught never to rise again: God forbid that d, my Believer should plead for a resurrection and sin.

But as the denial of the Resurrection of the Sect. 13 in dead, or the affirming that it is past already, and is a Doctrine salse in it self; so are the consequences thereof most dreadfull and the destructive to all true piety, year of such a streeting and gangreen-like nature, that in the those that are insected therewith, it devours the member after member, till the whole body of the Faith be overthrown, and the Professors to thereof divested of the Knowledg of God, and reduced to Gentilisme again; and not a only so, for even among the Gentiles were of some Principles of Morality; but this is not content to stay here, but encreaseth to more angodlinesse, till it arrive at that prophane

defire, Let us eat and dzink, foz to mozrow

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Chap. 2. we vie: a Conception so corrupt, that (and Scollars do affirm, that are acquainted wit F the Sentences of the Heathen Poets ) the Verse of Menander might serve to rebuke inly which the Apostle Paul sticks not men mention, for that purpose, saying, Be much deceived, Evil Communication corrupts Goobe Manners, 1 Cor. 15.32,33. And were thomas that vent those loose Principles, followers con them in practice ( as the Ranters theif Predecessors were) we should soon see the all as unclean in their lives as they; and such a Of cannot now so easily discern the deceitfulnetup of their Doctrine, because of the covering which they put upon it, were it uncovered is and reduced to Practice, it would be abhot of by some that are now seduced by it: But in we examine all Doctrines that are brough up unto us, apart from the Lives of those thand bring them, as we ought to do: For fine th Satan is transformed into an Angel of light fit it is no great thing if his Ministers being transformed, as the Ministers of Righte P ousness,2 Cor. 11.14, 15. we shall find, that d that Doctrine which denies the Resurrection n of the bodies of Believers, and of all that aret dead in Adam, from the grave, doth make void the hope of Israel, the Doctrine of Faith contained in the Scriptures of Truth, and

(and the Resurrection of Jesus Christ himself. Chap. 2. wir For thus saith the Truth, concerning the Sect. 14. thope of the Israel of God, If in this Life ceinly me have Hope in Christ, we are of all men most miserable, 1 Cor. 15.19. For much are, and have been the Tribulations of Souhe Children of God in this Life, that if they hohad not hope of Happiness in a life that is to 's come, after the death, and at the Resurrection he of the Body, they were the most miserable of resall men; for the Punishment of the first ha Offence lyeth upon the Godly, as well as netupon the Sinner; Labour and Sorrow, both in of Man and Woman; Sicknesse and Death ed is the portion of Good and Bad: In the sweat i'ef their faces, the righteous as well as the wicked, do eat their bread, untill they return hunto the dust, from whence, if they shall na not be raised, they are in a worse condition than the wicked; for oftentimes the most incere Believers do tast the deepest of misery bein this life, whereas the ungodly are in e prosperity: There are no bands in their a death, but their strength is firm, they are not in trouble like other men, neither are they plagued like other men; therefore Pride compasseth them about as a chain, and violence covereth them as a garment; their eyes standout with fatness, they have more

Chap. 2. then heart can wish, Pfal. 73.3.4,5,6,7. Thill is the prosperous estate of the wicked in things life, wherein the Godly man is plunged refer the day long, and chastened every morningelu Psal. 73. 14. Poor Lazarus, in this haid, received evil things, when the Rich mefee received his good things; but in the othehat Life, indeed, we fee a vatt difference betwee por them; Lazarus is comforted, but the Ruha: man is tommented, Luke 16.25. Whiteife torment is to be understood to be upon the fel body of the Rich man, from his defire the the Lazarus might be fent to dip his finger i flee water, to cool his tongue, a part of his body all and therefore we are to understand thethe fulnesse of happinesse in the one, and miser da in the other, to be after the Resurrection of th the body from the dead; by the denyal w whereof the comfortable hope, and strong to consolation which every true Believer hath in 9 this life, and even in death, when the commend their Spirits with Stephen , Ath fi 7. 59. into the hands of Jesus Chrest, is 3 made void, and of no effect : For, wherefore have Believers the earnest of the Spirit by the Holy Ghoft, speaking peace to their pirits, but that they might also enjoy the full Inheritance? Why are they sanctified

in their spirits, 1 Pet. 1.2, Heb. 12. 23. But

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paffure them , that the very God of Peace Chap. 2 bill also sanctifie them wholly, and their phole Spirit, and Soul, and Body shall be reserved blameless unto the coming of pesus Christ I Thes. 5. 23. And why is it haid, that the Faithfull when they dye, do fall sleep in Jesus, that they dye in the Lord, hat they rest from their labours, and their works do follow them, Revel. 14. 13. But that it might be understood, that they shall rise again from the dead," in their bodies, as therein become the first fruits of them that fleep, I Thes. 4.14, 16. And as the spirits of all wicked men that die in unbelief are with the Devil and his Angels, in chains of darkness, reserved unto the Judgment of the great day, 1 Pet. 8. 19. 2 Pet. 2. 4. wherein they shall in spirit, soul, and body be tormented in the Lake of fire, 2 Thef. 1.8, 9. Revel. 20. 14. So contrariwise, are the spirits of all Just men, who fight the good fight, and finish their course in the Faith of Luke 13. Jesus Christ, 2 Tim. 4. 7. reserved in Paradice unto the Day of the Lord, when Mark 9. the Blessed of the Father hall receive the 43.44. Kingdome, and shall in spirit, soul, and body enjoy eternal Life, Luke 23.43. Matth.25. 46. and everlasting Blessedness with Christ Jesus.

which suffered death, rose from the dealse

and ascended into Heaven, John 20. 2 fur

Chap. 2. Jesus, who is now glorified in that Boo of

Luke 24. 38,39. to the 53. as all Believe de also in due time shall be : And whereas it mo declared in Scripture, that Christ hath lepini captivity captive; that he hath redeem Bu these that believe, from the Curse of thenia Law; that he bath abolished Death, and I brought life and Immortality to light, throughy the Goffel, 2 Tim. 1.10. Ail this (thoughne it be the sure and steadfast hope of even S True Believer, Heb.5. 18,19,20.) is mad of void and of no effect, by those that deny the Refurection of the Bodies, or flesh of men elfe for, as the flesh of Christ wherein he was prest was quickened again by the Spirit the thin ea day, Act. 2.24, 31. So the flesh of those this he believe in Christ, though it doth she corruption, as Davids flesh is said to do, Act so 13.36. Shall be raised again, incorruptible of Cor. 15.52 and therefore God is declared to to be the God of Abraham, the God of Isaan and the God of Jacob, Exod. 3.15. Mat 22 31,32. because the Bodies of Abrahamin Isaac, and Jacob, which are dead, shall title again, and shall therefore be raised up from death; because God is not the God of the dead of the living, as Christ hath-taught. But Chap. 2. Lease Teachers, in their denying the furrection of the Bodies of the dead, we deny that God is the God of the Living; it most sad consequence, and blasphemous

le pinion. But ( as the Apostle teacheth, ) The Sett. 15. thenial of the Resurrection of the Bodies of and Faitfull from the dead, doth not only ugery the Resurrection of men that have igened, but also of Christ himself, who knew Sin; is makes the Preaching of the dospel vain, and the Faith of them that thenfess it; it renders the Apostles of Christ nelse witnesses of God, because they have puffified of God, that he raised up Christ, bom he raised not up, if so be that the read rise not : It concludeth, that those that brist hath set free from sin, are still under the guilt thereof, that they that are falm eleep in (brst, are perished; and that the therefore they of all men are most miserable, and cor. 15. 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19. O carfull Doctrine! What a bitter Root is this which brings forth such Fruit, so destructive to the health and comfort of all Believers, so contrary to that food wherewith the Spirits of the Faithfull have in old time

Chap. 2. been nourished, and to the Hope, wherev they have in all their Tribulations been supported? Oh, saith Job (in his grant har extremity, when his Brethren, Frien on Servants, his own Wife, and You all Children despised him) that my mords mine now written that they were printed in a bo that they were graven with an iron pen, a lead, in the Rock for ever; For I knot (faith he) that my Redeemer liveth, and that he shall stand at the latter day upon farth; and though after my skin worn me destroy this body, yet in my flesh the I see Boo, whom I shall see for my self, a f though my Reins be consumed within non Thus was he supported by the hope of this Resurrection of the dead, in the midst his great Afflictions and Tribulations, Jon 19. 23,24,25,26,27. The like Experience had Paul, for the hope of I frael faith he, I a bound with his chain, Acts 28. 20. I as judged (faith he) for the hope of the 1920mile, made of God unto the Fathers, un which Promise, our Twelve Tribes, instant Serving God day and night, hope to come for which Hopes take, King Agrippa, (fait he) I am accused of the Jews: Why should be thought a thing increvible with you, that

Boo should raile the dead? Act. 26.6,7,8. Chap. 24 bo likewise when he was brought before belix, This I confesse unto thee (saith he) hat after that way which they call Herefie, o worship I the God of my Fathers, believing o worship I the God of my Lathers, bette ving all things which are written in the Law, and he Prophets, and have hope toward God, which they themselves also allow, that there hall be a Resurrection of the Dead, both of the Just, and Uniust; and herein do I exercise my self, to have a Conscience void of Offence, both toward God, and toward men: O what comfortable and sure hope thath every true Believer by the communion the Spirit of God, that raised up Jesus the Christ from the dead, how are their spirits nuickened and renewed after the Image of John that created them, Eph. 2.5. Col. 3.10.

John will also, in due time quicken their mortal Booies also by his Spirit that as God intends to raise the Bodies of his Saints again from the dead, therefore recious in his sight is their death, Pfalm.

They who while they lived in the Body dyed unto Sin, their Bodies, after they are dead, shall be raised again to Life, and hall no more be subject to Death or Sorrow, or crying for God shall wine away all tears that crying, for God shall wipe away all tears

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Chap. 2. from their eyes, neither shall there be unt them any more pain, Revel. 21.4. Death Ball be swallowed up into Victory, and the Lord God will wipe away tears from off their faces, and the rebuke of his people shall be take away from off all the earth, for the Lord bath spoke it Ma. 25.8. Then shall be the restoring of a fi things which God hath spoken by the mouth of all his Holy Prophets, fince the World h began, Acts 3 21. Then will be make a g things new: and unto those which have no of Jesus Christ, with all that have believed by on his Name; God will be a Father, an they shall be his Children, and shall inheri So all things; for these Sayings are true and en faithfiell, faith the Lord, Revel. 21. 5,7 w Thus all may fee, That the denyal of the Resurrection of the Bodies of the Dead, det su make void the Hope of the Israel of God to There is also that other permicious quality it, It emboldeneth the Sinner to God, on in b of Disobedience against God, and his Holy will w revealed in his Testament, the Scriptures G Truth, suggesting unto the Workers S Wickedness, That after Death they sha be hid in the Grave, from coming forth from an thence to judgment: Therefore the Doctor th

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of Antichrist do deny Jesus Christ, which Chap. 2. dyed at Jerusalem, they deny both the Father and the Son, they deny the Refurrection of Christ, they hate and despile his Ordinances, oppose and revile his People, they sin and transgress without stay, until they dye in Unbelief, thinking that there shall be no Resurrection of their Bodies out of the Earth, but that the Grave shall be a hiding-place, to shelter them from the Judgment of the Great Day: But thus saith the Truth, There is no Darkness nor Shadow of Death, where the workers of Iniquity may bide themselves, Job 34.22.

But Sathan, that he might perswade his Sect. 16. Servants to go on securely in their Disobedience against God, and to yield up themselves wholly to the Counsel of the Prince of the Darkness, to strengthen them hereunto, doth Darkness, to strengthen them hereunto, doth suggest unto them that there is no such things to be expected, as those which the Faithfull in all Ages have looked for, viz. The coming of Christ to judgment, and the end of the World. Yet, lest a positive denyal of these Glorious Truths should discover from what Spirit that Denial doth proceed, he hath taught his Ministers to hide their Designe, and to make as if they opposed not the things

themselves, but only some such manner of

Chap. 2. accomplishment of them, as is not promised: They call all such carnal, as look and wait be for the coming of Christ from Heaven out P of them; they pronounce Woes upon such as m fay. That Christ is not yet come to judgment, sa and that the World is not yet ended: But af why is it, but because they look for no such the thing, nor have they assurance of Peace in the that day: They boalt that Christ is come to so them, neither look they for any other of coming: That the World is ended with far That the Judgment is past with them, an neither look they for any other Judgment ve But why is all this, but because they do deny be that which is indeed the coming of Christ in A glory, the everlasting inheritance of the Ly Saints, the judgment of Christ upon his Sa Enemies, and the end of the World; when the ha Heavens shall pass away with a great noise, co and the Elements shall melt with ferven ma heat; the Earth also, and the Works that the are therein shall be burnt up; For, as testifiethed the Apostle, The Heavens and the Earth Fa which are now by the same Word of God and Cl kept in store, reserved unto fire, against the wo Thest. Day of Judgment, and perdition of ungodly is 1. 6,7,8, men, 2 Pet.3.7,10. Who feeth not, except M

those whose eyes the God of this World hair wa blinded or it blinded, that they that now call themselves Chap. 2. Preachers of, and to the Light within all men, are the Scoffers that the Apostle Peter t, said hould come in the last times, walking at after their own Lusts, and saying, Where is h the Promise of his coming, 2 Pet 3.3, 4. yea, in the great Prophet, the Lord Jesus Christ hath foretold of these Seducers and Deceivers, as er other the Lords Prophets also have done, th saying, There shall arise False Christs, and : False Prophets, which shall shew great signes, n, and wonders, to deceive, if it be possible, the the very Elect : But that the Chosen of God may be preserved from the Deceits of this great in Antichrist, Christ hath foretold with what be Lyes the Truth of his coming should by Satan and his Instruments be opposed; and he hath also so described the manner of his coming, that all that believe on his Name, m may know assuredly, as the True Christ from at the False, so his true coming from a pretendthed coming, which the Falle Christs, and The False Prophets shall avouch for the True Christ, and his True coming, with these he words, Behold he is in the Desart, behold, he dly is in the secret Chamber, see here, see there, Matth. 24. 23,24,25,26. all which the Lord warns his Disciples neither to go after, follow, der believe; and withal gives tuch a Description

Chap. 2. ption of the manner of his coming, asi altogether inconsistent with the false Christ, b and false Prophets Description; which inti mates, That Christs coming, (which he Saints know shall be glorious, and therefor que publick) shall be, and is so private, weak and dishonourable, that some shall not know so that he is come till they shew where he is with their Behold he is in the Defart, behold he is in the Secret Chamber, see here, or so g there: for saith Christ, As the Lightenin s that lighteneth out of the one part unde a Heaven; (hineth to the other part under Heaven, so also shall the Son of man be I his day, Luke 17. 23. or according to Matthew, as the lightening cometh out of the 3 East, and shineth even unto the West, so she also the coming of the Son of Man be, Mate 24.26,27. In which words four things at 7 laied down, to vindicate the great and glorious coming of Christ.

1. That he will absolutely come as do e the Lightening: Who can deny the coming of the Lightening? It is as absolute as certain, that Christ will come, though sond do both deny and oppose it; but Christ will come certainly and absolutely, as is testified by Christ himself, and his Apostles, in the Scriptures: Immediately (saith he) associated

the Tribulation of those dayes shall the Sun Chap. 2.

It be darkened, and the Moon shall not give

her Light, and the Starrs shall fall from h Heaven, and the Powers of the Heaven for shall be shaken; and then shall appear the sak signe of the Son of man in Heaven, and then shall all the Tribes of the Earth mourn, and they shall see the Son of Man coming in the Clouds of Heaven with Fower, and great Inglory, Mar. 24.29, 30. For the Lord himself, nin faith Paul, shall descend from Heaven with a hour, with the voice of the Arch Angel, and nds with the Trump of God, &c. 1 Thes. 4. 15, e 16. For yet a little while and he that shall come will come, and will not tarry, Heb. 10.

The saith John, that testistieth these ha things, saith, Surely I come quickly, Amen, lat even so come Lord Fesus, Revel. 22. 20. Thus it is evident that Christ will certainly an come, But

2. He will come suddainly, as the Lightening cometh ening cometh; as the Lightening cometh suddainly, and unexpectedly, so also will at Christ, especially to those that oppose and deny his coming, as the Scripture witnesseth; We But of that Day and Hour, saith Christ, is knoweth no man, no not the Angels of Heaven, but my Father only; but as the dayes of Noah mere, so shall also the coming of the

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Son

Chap. 2. Son of Man be; For in the dayes that werent before the flood, they were eating, and drink the ing, marrying, and giving in marriage, untilig the day that Noah entred into the Ark, anda knew not, untill the Floud came, and toolon them all away; so shall also the coming obe the Son of Man be, Mat. 24. 36, 37, 38 vit 39. Likewise also as it was in the Dayesoln Lot, they did eat, they drank, they bought at they sold, they planted, they builded; but the Same day that Lot went out of Sedom, iBel rained fire and brimstone from Heaven, and destroyed them all; even thus thall it be uph the day when the Son of Man is revealed be Luke 17.28,29,30. For the Day of the Lords saith Paul, so cometh as a Thief in the night; for when they shall say Peace and in Safety, then Suvvain Destruction cometh upon Th them, as travail upon a Woman with child and they shall not escape, I Thest. 5. 2, 3 he Behold, saith Christ, I come as a Thiefas Bleffed is he that watcheth and keepeth high Garments, lest be walk naked, and they seun his shame, Rev. 16.15. Thus will the comingit of Christ be subbain, even to them that wai on tor his coming, but unto the Wicked his Se coming will be unexpected.

Yet 3dly. He will come visibly, as the h Lightening which lighteneth out of the on C

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ver at under Heaven, and shineth unto the Chap. 2; ink ther part under Heaven, &c. For as the nti ightening is seen with the bodily eyes, so annall Jesus Christ be seen in the Day of his conoming, Then (saith Christ) shall they see the Son of Man coming in the Clouds, 38 with great power and glozy, Mark 13. 26. so and they shall look upon him whom thep heave pierced, and shall mourn for him as one the nourneth for his only Son, &c. Zech. 12.10. Behold, saith John, he cometh with clouds, and every eye shall see him, and they also which pierced him, and all the kindreds of to be earth shall wail because of him; even so, Amen: But unto them, saith the Apostle, Rev. 17. hebat look for him, shall he appear the second mime, without sinunto Salvation, Heb.9.28. Thus will the coming of Christ be visible. But 4. At the time of his coming he will

hew himself to all, generally and universally, as the Lightening doth: the Lightening he week not it self first unto one, and then anto another, but at one and the same time is so cometh that it may be seen of all, from one part under Heaven, even unto the other: So at the coming of Christ, he will shew himself to all generally, and universally; men shall not need to say, Lo here, to there, for Christ shall be seen of all together, as is testified

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Chap. 2. testified in the Scriptures of Truth: Thin, faith Christ, shall appear the sign of the svi of Man in Heaven; and then shall all at Tribes of the earth mourn, and they thall erf the Son of Man coming in the Clouds B. Heaven, with power and great glory, Ma 24.30. Behold, faith Enoch, the Lord coming with ten thousands of his Saints to execuso Judgment upon all, and to convince all illate are ungodly, of all their ungodly deeds whi they have ungodlily committed, and of all the hard speeches, which ungodly sinners had spoken against him, Jude 14.15. It is, and Paul, a righteous thing with God to record pence tribulation to them that trouble you and to you who are troubled rost mith. and to you who are troubled rest with when the Lozd Jesus shall be revealed from Heaven, with his mighty Angells, ! flaming fire, taking vengeance on the that know not God, and that obey not the Gospel of our Lord Jesus Christ, who she be punished with everlasting Destruction from the presence of the Lord, and from the glory of his power, when he shall come to glorified in his Saints, and to be admire in all them that believe, &c. 2 Thef. 1.6,1 8,9, 10. So in the Epistle to the Hebrew speaking of those that in time past obtained a good report through Faith, the Apostle faith This, They received not the Promise, God Chap. 2: he ving provided some better thing for us, all at they without us should not be made all erfect, Hebr. 11. 39. 40. And thus the Coming of Christ vindicated.

Ma But these that will not that Christ should om ign over them, though they perish for their Sect. 17 ec sobedience, yet will they persist in it, adding into their fin of denying the coming of Christ ph judgment, the denial of the end of the th Vorld: Whereby it doth appear, that their hamversation is not in Heaven, but on the farth; they look not at the things that are conternal, but at those that are temporal: christ Jesus, 2 Cor.4.18. yea, so fully are to heir minds bent unto the present things, and o absolutely do they sulfil what Peter did he oretel, that to justifie their Conceit, That it all things do and shall continue as they were he from the beginning of the Creation, even as the Satan brought Scripture, thereby to carry thon his temptation against Christ, so these his Servants do alledge that Scripture, Eccl. 1.4. in One Generation passeth away, and another s, cometh, but the Earth abideth for ever; to justifie that which was never the intent of it, ne viz. That the Earth shall never be dissolved: and so furious are they, that when they have been

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26 A Testimony for the Son of Man, olve Chap. 2. been interrupted in their Discourse by 27 Servant of the Lord, they have pronount, b Woes upon him, as one that puts the De n of the Lord farr from him; when it ings apparent that it is themselves that put ide. day of the Lord, wherein the Heavens, then Earth, and the Works that are therein shand be dissolved, 2 Pet.3.10,11. far from the efo For it hath been said by one of them, The t that might never be, and this was not spok til in a Corner, but in a great Meeting of the which call themselves Preachers up of the Light within, &c. but alas, what real ch have they to interpret that Scripture, Ecchar 1.4. The Earth abideth for ever; so as ro infer from it, that the Earth shall not diffolved, seeing the terms ever and everlate ing have their period: sometimes in the Scripture the Levitical Priesthood is called an everlasting Priest-hood, yet who sees nhe that it is long since ended; the Covenant or Circumcision in the flesh, Gen. 17. 13. Wo

an everlasting Covenant, yet to engage Bor See Gal. 3,4, lievers now to the observation thereof, is no 5. Gal.6. according to the Gospel freedome, but the 21,13. Gal. 5.1, Legal servitude, from which every Trus Believer is fet free by Christ. So although 2,3. Cal. 2. be said, The Earth abideth for ever, yet it 10, 11, not to be understood, that it shall never b

dissolved

And against the son of Perdition.

olved, seeing the Lord hath said, Heb. 12. Chap. 3. b, 27. Yet once more, I shake not the Earth uny, but also Heaven: and this word, Yet Te more, signifieth the removing of those it ings that are shaken, as of things that are It de, that those things which cannot be ken may remain. So also Heb. 1. 10, 11, 12. shind thou Lord in the beginning hast laid he foundation of the earth, and the Heavens The the works of thy hands; They shall ok rish, but thou remainest; and they all the ll wax old as doth a garment, and as a fure shalt thou fold them up, and they shall all changed; but thou art the same, and thy clars shall not fail: So also Isaiab the is ropher tellifieth, saying, And all the Host Heaven shall be dissolved, and the Alleavens shall be rolled together as a scrole, und all their Host shall fall down as the leaf lelleth from the vine, and as a falling fig from noe fig-tree, Isa. 34.4. And as concerning See to Propagation, men and women shall cease Rev. 6. wom begetting and bringing forth children, 13, 14. Bor so saith Christ Jesus our Lord, Luke 20. 104. the Children of this world, saith he, tharry and are given in marriage, but they which shall be accounted worthy to obtain pat World, and the Resurrection from the

ead neither marry nor are given in mar-

riage,

Chap. 2. riage, neither can they die any more, for stim are equal to the Angel, and are the child the of God, being the children of the Resurres on, Luke 20. 36. Therefore they grov tin mis-interpret that Scripture, Eccles. 1.4. interpret it so as to infer from it, that the earth shall not be dissolved, and that there shich alwayes be (even to eternity) a beget long and bringing forth of Children, and copoin nuance of the Earth, and the things that ad therein, for this is not the meaning of nce neither is there any Scripture of Truth tieft teacheth any fuch thing : But that which ma the intent and meaning of this Scripture th this, taking it with the two former Ver mis viz. Vanity of vanity, saith the Preacher gh is vanity. What profit hath a man of ver his labour which he taketh under the spice &c. Now, if it be demanded, How dot me appear that all is vanity? it is answered this 4th Verse, One Generation passeth and and another Generation cometh, but en Earth abideth for ever; That is to Mans life is brittle, and fading, he hath he no continual abode, nor long continuance, as is declared, Job 14.1,2. Man that is been of a woman, is of few dayes, and full trouble: He cometh forth like a flower, is cut down, he fleeth also as a shadow, as

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tinueth not. But it is not so with the earth, Chap. 2. the Earth abideth for ever; that is, so as all Generations shall come and go; it noveth not as man doth, but abideth all time of one Generations paffing away, and other Generations coming: So that, that mich is here meant by this Terme, ever, is long time, or such a time as God hath pointed unto all the Generations of men. and as by the Terms Ever and Everlasting, ncerning Circumcision, and the Levirical resthood, is meant, A long time, the time many Generations, or such a time as God the hidden from men, according to the missication of the Hebrew root; so also it ight to be understood here, for God hath vealed to us in his Word of what continu-sice man, as he is a mortal creature is, of his me, it is not much above threescore or four-ore years; but the Earth abideth for time dden from us, for a long time, for many enerations. We know how long it shall within a little rime, ere one Generation affeth away, and another cometh; But how ong it shall be ere the Heavens and Earth hall pass away, though we know that pey shall pass away, yet the time when they hall pais away is hidden from us; and the ather hath put this in his own power, it is

Chap. 2. not for us to know these times and seaso Acts 1.7. So that, Man having a very light time, and short continuance, and the Earth long time, a time not known to us; thereful saith the Preacher, What prosit hath a new of all his I show that the prosit hath a new of all his I show that the prosit hath a new of all his I show that the prosit hath a new of all his I show that the prosit hath a new of all his I show that he was a light to the prosit hath a new of all his I show that he was a light to the prosit hath a new of all his I show that he was a light to the prosit hath a new of all his I show that he had not have the prosit hath a new of all his I show that he had not have the history that he had not have the history that he had not have the high that he had not had not have the high that he had not had not have the high that he had not had not have the high that he had not had not have the high that he had not have the high that he had not had not have the high that he had not have the high of all his Labours which he taketh under the Sun? one Generation passesh away, the leave that which they have wrought by their fore labour behinde them, another General which the former gathered together; so the all is vanity, and Mans temporal enjoyme u more subject to change than the Earth, whish abideth a long time, a time hidden from ld the time of many Generations. It is not well Man as it is with the earth, for the earth holds its own, it yet keepeth its being; if is take from it, it will have it again, as Wise Man teacheth, All the Rivers, saith run into the Sea, yet the Sea is not full: if of the Place from whence the Rivers con thither they return again. But it is not so w man, who lyeth down, and rifeth not, till pe Heavens be no more, they (hall not awa nor be raised out of their sleep, Job. 1

But although it be fo, that the continual of the Heavens and the Earth, is long, mans continuance in this mortal state

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hort, yet the day of the Lord will come, Chap. 34 wherein the Heavens being on fire shall be disolved, the Elements shall melt with hervent heat, the Earth also and the works hat are therein shall be burnt up; and thickhough the Adversaries of Christ are as thrillingly ignorant of the Worlds Creation and preservation, as of its dissolution; though they do as little remember the Judgment of God upon the old world, as they fear hisne udgment upon the World that now is; Yet his by the Word of God the Heavens were of mld, so by the same Word are they reserved wato Fire: as by the Word of God the Earth ea adits Creation, so by its word shall it have if s dissolution; as by the Word of God the Flood s as brought upon the World of impenitent th inners, that know not God, nor obey the ospel of Jesus Christ, be cast into everlaconing Fire, prepared for the Devil and his owngels: For all Nations shall appear before See 2Pe. ill be Judgment Seat of Christ, that every one 2 Thes. I. may receive the things done in his body, ac-7, 8, 9. . 1 roung to what he hath done, whether it be Mat, 25. ood or bad, 2 Cor. 5. 10. The Righteous 41. nua en shall receive Rest, the wicked Tribulahand all be upon every soul of man that doth shovil; of the Jew first, and also of the Gentile,

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Chap. 2. 2 Thes. 1.7. Rom. 2. 7, 8, 9. and in that day those that now contemn Christ his Truth and the Prosessors thereof, that live and die in unbelief, though they are great and might in the World now, yet then shall they call to the Mountains and Rocks, saying, Fal on us, and hide us from the face of him that fitteth on the Throne, and from the wrath the Lamb, for the great Day of his wratt is come, and who shall be able to stand 8 Rev. 6. 16, 17. Be wise now therefore, Of Kings, as saith the Prophet, be instructed Judges of the Earth; serve the Lord with fear, and rejoyce with trembling; Kiss the Son least he be angry, and ye perish from the way; when his wrath is kindled but a little blessed are all they that put their trust him, Pfal. 2. 10, 11, 12. O that all men wou now consider, and be wise in the D wherein the Grace of God is tendered u them, in the Gospel of Jesus Christ, that the may know what to do when God rifeth and what to answer when he visiteth, 31. 14. and take heed all ye that my Protession of Jesus Christ, Watch and p alwayes, that ye may be counted worth escape all these things that shall come to pa and to stand before the Son of man, Luke 36. for then shall be that coming of Chr

And against the son of Perdition.

that end of the World, and that eternal Chap 2 judgement both of the living and of the dead, which never yet hath been accomplished; notwithstanding the vain confidence of those that call themselves Preachers of and to the Light within, &c. That suppose that these things are past with them, whose Doctrine having been shewed to be disagreeable to the Doctrine of the Scriptures, concerning the Person of Christ, and the Father, Son and Spirit, and the Light, and the Ordinances of Christ, and the Resurrection of the dead, the coming of Christ, and the end of the world: It is time now to conclude this Chapter.

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## CHAP. III.

That the so called Preachers of and to the Light within, &c. Preach not to the Creature man, but to a supposed Seed or uncreated substance in Man, which they call Christ, and the eternal witness That the Creature man is the Subject in whom Salvation is to be tendred, being it a lost condition by sin; and for whose deliverance Christ dyed; That the Spirits is Prison, are the Spirits of those men and women which were disobedient in the dayes of Noah: That Christ is a distint person from all other persons. his Divine and Humane Natures That those comforts which are admin nistred to the Disciples of Christ, he as cepts it as done to himself; how belies ers are said to partake of the Divi Nature of Christ; and that not a por er onely in man, but the whole man Spirit, Soul and Body, Shall enjoy etc nal happinesse, as the Humane Nature Christ, now doth; That the Creats man, together with the Devi are the subjects of the Wrath

God; And that the perfection spoken of Chap. 3. in the Scriptures, is that which the Creature man shall enjoy; Of the deceits of those that call upon all men, to look into the Light within, while they Communicate their Doctrine and unclean spirit to them of their resemblance, to birds in their Bel-candle, and net; the reason why they cry down Gospel Ordinances; and how they Communicate that unclean Spiritowby they deny Baptism inWater, and plead for Spirit Baptism; why they require waiting in silence; of their touching or taking by the hand, and the effect thereof; of their visits; and of their so much preaching and Printing; that the Light within doth not effect those things which they ascribe to it, but the said things are effected by an unclean Spirit of their silent Meetings; that several of their followers have confessed themselves possessed with the Devil; and of the sad pranks he played in one that thought him? self perfect.

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Sect. 1.

Hat those that call themselves Preach ers of and to the Light within all men Preach not to the Creature man, but a sup 1 posed seed, or uncreated substance it man; is clearly discovered by their writings wherein they have these words, viz. A Sa lutation to the Seed of God; and by these and fuch like expressions, viz. I speak to the Light in your Conscience, which shall eter nally witnesse, &c. Now if the Light in the Conscience shall eternally witnesse, the that Light, must needs be understood a be eternal; for nothing can be an eternal; witness, but an eternal thing; but God onel is eternal, that is without beginning and with out end; man is a Creature that hath a be ginning, though he shall have no end, bu shall for ever be in tribulation, or in rest as a reward of disobedience, or as the effect of the Grace of God, and his Git thereby to him that believeth and obeyed the Gospel; Therefore no part of man is God or of the uncreated or eternal substance; and theyin preaching to an eternal thing, preache not to man, that had a beginning, and hath lol his first Righteoutness; but which I fear to speak, even to God; for when I have at their publick Meetings, thus questioned the speak er, What is it which thou speakest and Preache

ach Preachest too; the Teacher hath cryed out Chap. 2. ner in great hast, calling all the persons that sup heard him speak to witnesse for him, that he spake to the Light in their Conscience, to ngs the Seed of God, &c. Whereupon I have Sa asked him, What is that Light in the Conscience? What is that Seed of God in its felf? I have then been answered, that it is Christ, as if Christ were not a person distinct from all other persons, but onely a certain Spirit or Power in all persons; and that his Death and Resurrection is accomplished, onely in a Mystical, not in a proper sence; and having nel a great affection to vindicate this Mystical Allegation, and to turn the minds of their Hearers from the plain Truth of the Gospel, they Alledge a Scripture or two, and infer from them that which never was intended by the Spirit of God in them; from that Scripture, 1 Pet. 3. 18, 19. Where the Apostle saith, Christ hath once suffered for sins, &c. being put to death in the flesh, but quickened by the Spirit; by which he went and Preached to the Spirits in Prison; they do infer, that the spirits here spoken of is Christ, that is imprisoned in man, kept under and held down in the Creature; and Christ as they say being quickened in them, they go and Preach to the Spirits, which is

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dea vour to help, raise up & set at liberty; and for further proof of this imagination, they alledge. Mat. 25. 36. Where Christ death, I was sick and in Prison, and ye in visited me, &c.

Sect. 2. But in this their

But in this their Doctrine and Practice of d Preaching to the Seed of God, to the uncrea-hi ted or eternal witnes, or substance which they, call Christ imprisoned, and not to the creature ey man; it is evident, that it is fearful blassed phenry, for it supposeth, that that which they an call Christ, hath done iniquity, else why in do they say repent, repent, with many exhortations to depart from fin, when they sti speak to that within, which in their sence is on Christ; so that they Reprove Christ, Exhort ar Christ, Counsel Christ; yea they say, they n, fpeak to that of God in the Conscience, which on shall eternally witnesse, &c. so that they teach in God, Reprove God, Counsel God: Ohic horrible Blasphemy, who will not fear to utter it, how contrary is this to the Doctrine; of the Blessed Apostle Paul?! Romans of the Lord, or WHO hath BEEN HIS COUNSELLOR? Or who hath given t to him, and it shall be recompenced unto bim again? for of bim, and through bim, and to him are all things, to whom be Glo- Chap. 3. nd for ever, Amen. See Isay 30. 13,14. alethat hath an ear let him hear, and fear, ist d do no more presumptuously; For this ye eir Doctrine supposeth, that that which ey call Christ, is faved by their Preaching of d Teaching, from a fallen condition; a-hich when in their conceit they have raifey, they salute in their writings, which re ey have Intituled, A Salutation to the afted of God, which they suppose is in every eyan, and this they say is Christ, in a fallen ny in or imprisoned condition, till raised up x-their endeavours; so that Christ is not tinguished by them as a distinct person is om all other men, nor his death to be dereared, to be accomplished in his own pery n, but in every man, according to their deluhon, every man hath Christ in him, sometimes h in and sometimes raised, his death is not hace but often accomplished, and he is slain t-rhimself, and raised for himself, if raised at octrine of the Scriptures, which teach, d at Christ hath ONCE suffered for sins, Se just for the unjust, being put to death he the slesh, but quickend in the spirit, I Pet. o 18. But now ONCE (saith the Apostle) the end of the World, bath he appeared to put

Chap. 3. put away sin, by the Sacrifice of hims I he was once offered to bear the sins of most and unto them that look for him, shalt appear the second time without fin to Salte tion, Heb. 9.26,28. Neither let them thin excuse the matter, by alledging that in Name Christ, is sometimes given the Church which is men and women, united to himed Faith, according to the Gospel; for when be fo given, it is to be taken mystically, belie being understood to be the Body of Chin and Christ to be the head of that Body; or mystical sence destroyes not the proper se for Christ as a distinct person from all ofc Persons, is described by the Apostle P.k.
Rom. 1.3, 4. to be made of the Seed of Dark according to the flesh; and declared to be co Son of God with Power, according to Spirit of Holinesse, by the Resurrection the dead; in which flesh he suffered the Crosse, being put to death; and the the day rose again by the Power of the Spirit Holinesse; he was delivered for our off res, and was raised again for our justiff tion, Rom. 4.25. Who his own felf his our fins in his own body on the Tree, me being dead to fins, should live to Right teousnesse; by whose stripes, ye were hear. as the Apollle teacheth, I Pet. 2.24.

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But if man considered as man, yea as fallen Chap. 3. m sful and wretched man, as a Creature with- Sett. 3.

hat Christ, without God, &c. be not to be reached unto; and if Salvation by Faith Christ be not tendred to the Creature dinational from the Creator; then is there no hunder of Salvation, nor any thing to be fa-

imed; for there is not one Scripture which en eaketh of any thing else which Salvation lie to be tendred unto, but man for whom

hrist dyed, as it is written, Heb. 2. 16. for verily he taketh not hold of Angels, but fe the Seed of Abraham he taketh hold,

occording to the Greek; that is, he did not p ke into unity of person the Nature of An-

Daels, but he took into personal unity the

be ted of Abraham; that is, the nature of an was taken into personality with his Dinne nature; that through death he might aftroy him that had the Power of death,

that is the Devil; and deliver them that

in prough fear of death, were all their life off me subject to bondage, Heb. 2. 14, 15.

til was the Creature man, that was in bonfige by sin, and in fear of death, that

id himself and was afraid, Gen. 3. 10.
Rind had been as water spilt upon the ground,

eal God bad not devised means that his ba-Thed be not exciled from him, 2 Sam. 14.

Chap. 3. 14. It was that finning Creature man, should have been banished for ever, not God devised means to redeem the nit Adam and his posterity; For God fo love the World, that he gave his onely begot Son Jesus Christ, that whosoever believes in him, should not perish but have everlast n life, John 3. 16. Gods love was indeed the lost, but no part of the eternal and und ated substance was lost, but man was be the Creature had been cut off for ever, in that first fin of Adam, by whom sin entry into the world, and death by sin, and death passed upon all men, for that all has finned, Rom. 5. 12. But God so long that Creature Man, as to give his in ly begotten Son for his redemption; for Confent not his Son into the world to condent the world, but that the world through his might be saved, John 3. 16, 17. Whis life and salvation is to be held forth to mankind for they have all sinned and content to the world for they have all sinned and content to the world for they have all sinned and content to the world for they have all sinned and content to the world for they have all sinned and content to the world for they have all sinned and content to the world for they have all sinned and content to the world for they have all sinned and content to the world for they have all sinned and content to the world for they have all sinned and content to the world sind sinned and content to the world sinned mankind, for they have all sinned and conf short of the Glory of God; and these the have sinned, are upon their repentance, believing the Gospel Justified freely by Grace of God, through the redemption the is in Jesus Christ; for God justifieth ungo

in, And against the son of Perdition. 103 an, godly, Rom. 3. 23, 24. Rom 4. 5. We Chap. 3. r, ve seen and do testifie, saith the Apostle e whn, That the Father sent the Son to be love Saviour of the World; Not to be a gotaviour of his eternal substance, but to be iev Saviour to the world, I John 4. 14. I last n the Living Bread, saith Christ, which leed me down from Heaven; if any man eat unof this Bread, he shall like for ever, and as he Bread which I will give is my flesh, which r, will give for the Life of the World, wch entworld had for ever perished for the iniquiand es thereof, had not Christ Jesus given himhalf freely to death, that he might bring lothem to God, which were without God, and is sithout Christ, being strangers from the r Covenant of Promise, having no hope, and depithout God in the world, Ephel. 2. 12. to that as the same Apostle teacheth, they vhishich were sometimes alienated, and enenies in their Minds or Spirits by wicked ce porks: Yet now hath he reconciled in the Body coff his flesh through death, to present them thooly, and unblameable, and unreproveable n the fight of God; if they continue in the Faith grounded and setled, and be not mothreed away from the hope of the Gospel

reached unto all; and whereof Paul was

Minister, Col, 1. 22,23. For as he also

Chap. 3. faith, There is one God, and one Media hets between God and Man, the Man Chrise Jesus, who gave bimself a ransome all, to be testified in due time, I Tim. 2.5, or The like is testified by the Angel of God. The like is tellified by the Angel of God, it is written by Luke in his Gospel, Andrew Lothe Angel of the Lord (saith he) can not upon them, and the Glory of the Lord show from round about them, viz. the Shepherds and the control of the shepherds and the shepherds and the shepherds are shepherds are shepperds and the shepherds are shepperds as the shepherds are shepperds and the shepperds are shepperds and the shepperds are shepperds are shepperds and the shepperds are shepperds and the shepperds are shepperds are shepperds and the shepperds are shepperds are shepperds are shepperds are shepperds are shepperds as the shepperds are shepper and they were fore afraid; And the Ang faid unto them, Fear not, for behold I brings of great joy, which shall be to the state of great joy, which shall be to the state of great joy. be to all people; not to a supposed Seed, uncreated, or eternal substance in man, but the unto man, even unto all people; for until pout, saith he, is born this day in the City of So David, a Saviour, which is Christ, the Lord; and this shall be a sign unto you, y Shall find the Babe wrapped in Swadling is cloaths, lying in a Manger; not lying with in you, but lying in a Manger; in you, but lying in a Manger; not lying with in you, but lying in a Manger, which was not within them; and suddainly there was with the Angel a Multitude of the Headerly Host, praising God, and saying, Glory to God in the Highest, on earth Peace, good will towards men, Lake 2.9, 10,11, 12, 13, 14. This is indeed the Gospel of glad-tidings, a Saviour for sinners, for poor sinful man; yea and so saith all the Prophets,

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hets, as many as have spoken, have like-Chap.3. his le declared these things, viz. That God id send his Son to die for man, to bear Sur sins, and that God raised up his Son A lesus, and sent him to blesse the Creature
Aman, in turning every one of us from our Iniquities, it could not be to turn himself from his Iniquities, for he had none: He did no sin, neither was guile found in his Mouth; yet it pleased the Lord to put him to Grief for us, and to lay upon him the luiquities of us all, See Acts 3.26. Isa.53. busions; De was bruised for our Iniquities; the Chastisement of our Peace was upon him, and with his Siripes are we healed: So that it is evident, That that Doctrine which is not directed to Man, but to a supposed Seed, or uncreated Substance in man, the is not the Doctrine of the Gospel, which tendereth Salvation to the Creature, but a blasphemous Riddle, which tends to the nourishing of Evil Thoughts, viz. That the Eternal Witness, or Substance, stands in need of a Teacher, and of a Resurrection, out of a fallen or imprisoned Condition; or to make Man exalt himself into the Place of God, by imagining that something within him, as a part of his Person, is as

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or else it tends to make the Creature man not consisting of Spirit, Soul and Body, utter wa

to despair of Salvation.

But now to Answer thy false Inference we which thou endeavourest to draw from un these Holy Scriptures, to maintain thy Opi ob nion and Practife, of Preaching not to man ere considered as Man; but to a supposed Seed the or eternal Substance in Man: I say, and mare stifie in the Lord, That these Scriptures un I Pet.3.19. Matth.25.36. teach nothingith the least to justifie such a Practice; but the Which is here held forth by the Spirit of the God, in the first Scripture, is this; viz Su That by that Spirit which raised the Florah
of Jesus Christ from the Dead, he has by
Preached by the Ministry of Noah, to the Spirits of men which are now in prison; no that he preached to the Spirits when the were in Prison, nor that these Spirits arec the eternal and uncreated substance; but the spirits in prison, are the spirits of those me and women, which Christ according to the Spirit of Holinesse did by his servant Noal who was affifted therewith, preach unto, be fore they were in Prison; that is to say, I the dayes of Neah, when they were disoble dient to the long suffering of God, while

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the Ark was a preparing; So that you can- Chap. 3not lay, the Seed of God was that which was preached to, except you will fay, the Seed of God was disobedient, or that they were in Prison when they were Preached unto, for then they could neither have been obedient nor disobedient, for in Prison, they ere as a reward of their disobedience, which they acted when they were at Liberty, and te are kept in Prison for the said disobedience. es unto the great Judgement Day; So that the Spirits were not in Prison when they were Preached to, but disobedient they were at that time, when once the long. Suffering of God, waited in the dayes of Nowhich few, that is, eight Souls were saved by Water at that time; when once the long-Preparing; Then did Christ by the same spirit, by which his own Body of Flesh; in which he was put to death, was raised and sain from the dead, Preach to them that were then Disobedient, whose spirits are now al in Prison, and so shall remain, till the great Day of Judgement, when they in Spirit, Soul and Body, shall be pumshed with everbe sting fire, as a reward of their disobedience, in refusing the Spirit of Holinesle, by which th

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hap. 3. which God die Arive with the old World, bundred and twenty Years, Gen. 3. 6. S. great was the Patience and long-fuffering of God; So unmilling was he that any of then (hould perish, but rather that all of then should beverepented, Rom, 2. 4. 2 Pet. 3 d, which when they utterly refused to do he brought the flood of Waters upon that un godly World, those that would not be turned by the strivings of Gods Spirit, but refused that Grace, which was so earnestly and as fectionately tendred unto them, as unworth to of any further offers of Grace, were destroy p ed by the flood of Waters, which overthren their Carkaffes, and as the just Wages of their impenitency and unbelief their fpirit th are now referred in Prison, unto the judg of ment of the great Day of God Almighty D when they, with all other wicked men, the live and die in impenitency and unbelief, Itio first fout and body, shall bear the punish ment of their disobedience; And then also the Angels which kept not their first Estan but left their own Habitation, for which caule, they are now reserved as in Prison, everlasting Chains, under darkness, Jud vers. 6. shall be cast into the Lake of Fin burning with Brimstone, where they and chose accurred men and momen, that have bed!

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ever; where their morm dieth not, and the fine is not quenched. Thus it is evident, that the spirits in Prisan, spoken of in the Scripture abovesaid, are not to be understood of the Spirit of Holmesse in Christ, but indeed of the Unclean and Rebellious spirits of Men and Women, who resule the Grace of God, when it is tendred unto them, in the day of his forebearance and long suffering.

But thy inference, from Mat. 25. 36. Sett. 5. to justifie thy Opinion and Practice of Preaching, not to man, but to a supposed feed in every man, which thou calle ft, Christ Imprismed in man, is also exceeding falle, and that which tends to the turning of the minds of men, from the Person of Christ, by whose Death and Resurrection accomplished in his ha own Body, he hath wrought the Redemption of the Bodies of all others that believe in him; to an imaginary spirit, or supposed ternal seance in every man, as if not a serious distinct from all other persons, but a pirit or power in all persons were the Christ; and as if the death of Christ were not seen an opplished in his own Body really, but in the Finales of all men, energy mystically. But this an the Testimony of Truth, Christ Jesus, the national, is a dilline Person from all persons belide

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Chap. 3 beside himself, and such a person as there is none like him, for he is the Son of God, according to the Spirit of Holinesse, Rom. to the Flesh; so that he is truly and properly the Son of God before all Worlds, and also in the fulnesse of time, being made of a Woman, Gal. 4.4. It was onely that Person that is the Son of Mary the Virgin, never man was Son of a Virgin but He, it is the onely that was conceived in his Mothers Womb, by the Operation of the Holy Spie rit, not one man in the whole World was ever so conceived besides himself; so that Hele and He onely, is perfect God, and perfect man in Nature and Substance, no man elfa in the whole Creation is fo; it is He that hath two distinct Natures in one entire per C fon, no Person else hath the like in him; an B in him onely, dwelleth all the fulnesse of thos Godhead, bootly, Col. 2. 9. in no man be he sides him, dwelleth the Godhead my mes mi fure, booily : Now although all men in the. spest of their Substance, and Christ in ten spect of one of his Natures or Substances in that is to say, His Flesh and Blood are in one Substance, Heb. 2. 14. yet it doth none at all follow from hence; that all men a had Christ, for they are all distinct persons from his s bim, they are many persons, He is one Pet-Chap. 3. fon, Mat. 16. 13, 14, 15, 16. Onenesse in man and his wife are one in Nature, yet they ly are two distinct persons; and although all men in respect of their substance of Spirit, Soul and Body, and Christ in respect of his on Humane Nature are one; yet in respect of ver his Godhead they are not one, for He onely he is the Son of God, according to the Spirit ers of Holinesse, and was so from all eternity, pi-Rev. 1. 8. Phil. 2. 6. Heb. 9. 14. the was spirit of man, though it be the most excel-Helent part of man, yet it is but a Created Subfed stance; the Spirit of Holinesse in Christ is, ellian uncreated Substance, a being without the beginning and without end; So that although per Christ was in all things made like unto his an Brethren, sin excepted, yet as he is the Son sthof God, according to the Spirit of Holinesse, behe is not like his Brethren, that have beginnathing of dayes, and end of life; but like his n refather of the same uncreated Substance, n rand of the same eternity, even without bee ces imming and without end; and as Christ did re in our Nature suffer, yet not in ours, but in the name own Person; so he is pleased to account en a hat which is done to his Disciples, as done after this himself, because it is done to one of his Natures,

Chap. 3. Natures, though not to his person, but to the Perfons of his Disciples, who are not there fore Christ; for the Disciples are not that per fon that is the Christ, neither have they a they are persons, those two Natures tha Christ hach, neither are they that one Person that Christis, neither are they in a my stical sence called Christ, but as being in Covenant and in Communion with that on Perfon which is the Christ, who is the Son of God, according to she Spirit of Holiness and the Son of David also, according to the flesh, which no man desides him ise from al which the sence of the Scripture, Mat. 25 36. is clear, viz. That man having one of the Natures of Christ, viz. Fiesh and Blood, and being in Covenant with him by becoming his Disciples, that good of that evil which i done unto them, Christ declares it as don unto himself, not that it was done to his Par fon, as the Question of the Righteous, ver 37. and the Answer of the King, verf. 40 do evidently manifelt; whereby the folly of those that wrest this Scripture, to prove that Christ Preacheth to the Spirits, when the are in Prison, or that those Spirits are Christ that the Christ is onely a Power or Spirit is every man, and not a distint Person from all men beside hunself, or that Christ had onel : And against the son of Perdition. 113

onely one Nature, and not two distinct Na- Chap. 3. tures in one Perfon; or that the Humane Nature which dyed, was not Christ according to the Fleth, which also was quickened again by Christ, according to the Spirit of Matures, Spirit of Holinesse and Flesh, Son of god, and Son of Man, in one Person; is not Son fons of men, though they be the Disciples of Christ: I say, the folly and blasphemy of the those that wrest this Scripture, to desend those vain conceits, or to gain-say those 25 Glorious Truths which are discovered, laid the open and made manifelt; for Christ in his and affirmations, I was an hungred, and ye fed ning me; Naked, and ye cleathed me; Sick, chi und ye visited me; in Prison, and ye came don me, and the like; did not affirm these Per things to be administred to the evernal Subfrance; but to the whole created man, Spiy Soul which standeth in need of Food, Mar, the 6, 25. and to the Body, which being naked, the hath need of cloathing; as also the Spirit of coinfort; But it cannot be faid, that the from Power, Spirit or eternal Substance in man, had distinct from the Spirit, Soul and Body of man,

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sick, or in prison; neither did Christ affirm pa these comforts to be administred to his own is Person, consisting of these Divine and Hu-na mane Natures, which as the Spirit of Ho. up linesse, was ever free from such infirmities, fin to also the Humane Nature of his Person, an hath been free from bunger, cold and na-im keanesse, ever since his Resurrection from Cr the dead; so that the true meaning of our w Saviour is this, viz. That forasmuch as the De Humane Nature of Christ, is one in sub-ad stance with the Nature of man-kind, and vir because the Disciples of Christ, are in Co-Fa wenant with Christ, their Head and Lord; wo therefore that which is done to them in pro Feeding, Cloathing, Harbouring, &c. the fuc Lord takes it as done unto himself, becausem it is done to one of his Natures, though not litt to his Person, and because it is done to the aga Persons of his Disciples, which are in Cover 4. mant with him, as the 40. werfe makes it eligh vident: And the King shall answer and say Wor unto them, Verily I Say unto you, inasmuch oc as ye have done it to one of the least of these the myBzethzen, ye have vone it unto me. Thu Scri this Scripture also is vindicated, and thought endeavoured to draw from it, refelled.

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But those that are perswaded, that some Chap. 3. part of their persons, either Soul or Spirit, Sett. 6. " Christ the Light of the World, the eternal and uncreated substance, being lifted up with high conceit of themselves, suppo-sing that the Godhead dwells in them bodily, and being unwilling to be divested of that imaginary deity, and to be accounted meer recreatures; it is likely that they will object whatsoever may be objected against that Doctrine, which declares Jesus Christ, to be a distinct Person from all other persons, had ving such a manner of unity with God the Father, that no person hath in the whole world beside himself; and it's more then in probable, that they will alledge these and esuch like sentences of Scripture, viz. Christ con you the Hope of Glory, Col. 1. 27. My of little Children, of whom I travel in birth reagain, till Christ be formed in you, Gal. e 4. 19. That was the true Light, which elighteth every man which cometh into the World, and the Light shinesh in darknesse, Joe. John 1. 5. And the inference which they will make from these and such like Scriptures, quettionlesse will be to this purfoole; viz. That the eternal and uncreated substance or witness, u in every man that cometh into the World, in the same manner

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Chap 3. as it is in him that was born of the Pingi and is so manifested in those that call then I lives Preachers and followers of the Line within, &c. But in answer to their All gations and Objections of this kind, f Scripture teacheth, that all mankind ate the same substance with Christ, according to one of his Natures, but not according to the other; actording to the Cremed, & not according to the Uncreated fubstance Forasmuch, laich the Apostle, As the chi aren are partakers of Flesh and Blood, atto bimself likewise rook part of the sam Heb. 2. 14. The Flesh, Soul and Spirit all men, and the Flesh, Soul and Human Spirit of Christ is of one Substance; the is indeed a Perfonal and an Accidental diffi ence, but not a Substantial: the Period of then are many, burthe Person of Chin is one; the condition wherein the World men and women are is wheleah, by reason ha, but the condition wherein the Huma Nature of Christs Person was Pure & Hol by reason of his Righteonsnesse; he took pa of the same Substance of Adam, but part of hu Pollution : We'are unclean, b coule we are Propogated in unclean Lui the jull reward of sinful defire, Gen. 3. 10 Plate 51.5. but he is Pure and Holy,

And against the son of Perdition. saufe he was conteived of the Holy Spirit 3 Chap. 3) we are unclean, because we have sinned in transgreffing the Law of God, but he is pure and Holy, because he hath kept it: the Humane Nature of Christ, was made in the same condition that Adam was before he finned, but we are become in the fame condiston that Adam was after he had finned; and as the Substance of Adams Flesh, Soul and Spirit, was the same after he had sinned as before, but not the condition; fo the Substance of Christs Flesh, Soul and Hinmane Spirit (not of the Spirit of Holinesse) is the same with Adams, now since Adam finned, but the condition, the same with Adams before he finned; for though the sternal word took hold of the Seed of Abraham, or took into Personal Unity, the Sub-Bance of Adam, after Adam had finned; we the Estate or Condition wherein that subfunce was made, was as Pure und Holy, as Just and Righteons, as Adam was before he fined; for as Adam before he transgressed, man a Son of God by Creation, Luke 3.38. So the Humane Nature of Christ, is the om of God by Creation; God made or built be Body of Christ, of the Seed of the Woof the ground, see Gen. 2, 7. Gal. 4.

Chap. 3. 4. Heb. 10. 5. Christs being the Son of David, doth respect the substance of which the his Body was made, not the formation wo of that substance; for in that respect, he is Constant. also the Son of God, Luke 1.35. It is in A deed a Glorious Personality, that the Humane Nature of Christ hath, because it doth not de subsist of it self, but in the Godhead, but the substance of it, is the same with all the mankind, who subsits not as he doth, viz. by Personal Unity with the Godhead; and as d Adam before he had transgressed, had So. a veraignty over the Creatures, and the Pa-G radile of God for his Habitation, wherein the was the Tree of Life, whereof he might S have eaten before he transgressed, and so S have lived for ever in the enjoyment of God, and of that image or likenesse of God, where !! in he was made, had he kept that Law, and f earen of that Tree of Life which was given him for that purpole; see Gen, 3. 22. Rev. 9 22. 2, 3. So the Humane Nature of the Christs Person, by keeping that Law which a Adam lost, for he being made under the Lam which he also fulfilled, Gal. 4. 4. Mat. 5. 17, 18. in him the Image of God is seen expressly, Heb. 1. 3. and all things are pul-

in subjection under his feet, Heb. 2. 7,8.

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de Pfal. 8. And as the first Adam being Chap. 3chempted, by his yeilding to the temptation, was foon overcome of the Devil, and led Captive at his will; So Christ the second in Adam, by resisting the Devil, when he in was tempted by him forty dayes in the Wilno dernesse, overcame Satan and put him to flight, see Mat. 4. vers. 1. to 12. And all therefore as the demerit of the fielt Adams transgression was so great, that all that are as derived from him by Natural Generation, so are defiled by in; so the demerit of the sea cond Adams obedience is so great, that all ein that ever come to be derived from him by the Spiritual Regeneration, are fanctified by it; lo So that as it was a bleffed estate and conditiod michat the Person of the first Adam, and all re that were in him, lost by fin; foie is a blesnd sed estate and condition, that the Humane Nature of Christ, the second Adam, hath gained by his obedience, for the same Naof ture, in the Persons of all those that ever ch come to be in Covenant with him, or to be nal regenerate or born again of Water, and of he the Holy Spirit, and so to be grafted into him at by Faith, John 3. 5. 6. Romans 11. 19, 20,

For whosoever shall seriously consider, and Sett. 7.

8. Seconding to the Scriptures of truth, deterfor the live mine.

Chap 3 mine of the state and condition wherein the for first Adam was made, and wherein has continued until he transgressed the Law God, shall find that it was a very happy " and bleffed effare and condition; for he m. 800 made in the Image of God, in Righteon nesse and true holinesse was he created, fe Eccles. 7.29. Gen. 1.26. Ephof. 4.24 with dominion over the Creatures, the Fig. girk of the Sea, the Foul of the Air and over everly living thing that movest upon the earth, was he invested, Gen. 1. 28, 29 of In the Paradife of God was he placed, of all the Trees of the Garden, excepting one ly one, was he allowed to ear, and among those which he was allowed to feed upon and even in the midst of the Garden was the Tree of Life, whereof if he had care before he transgressed, he had no doub continued for ever in that bloffed estate and condition of Righteonfnesse and true Holicah ness, wherein he was made, Gen. 3.23,24 But he foon lost that ble fed estate and con dition, and by fin, made himself and his posterity exceeding wreiched and miserable for of a Son of God, he became a fon of So tan, a child of Wrath, Ephel. 2. 3. he da faced the Image of God, and got unto himself the Image of Saran, for he rook the De

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for his Father, by following his counsel, Chapita his seward, the man Adam by trans-Mina, became like the Devil, that is, to see the knowledge and experience both good and evil; Rebold, Saith the Lord dishe man is became like bim, (For it is ferved, that the Hebrew word may and ght to be rendred, for man became sike Devil by sin) from us, viz. the Derioknom, that is to experience good and di Gen 3: 22 For God is Pure and oly, the Devil is impure and unboly; God mot behold the svil of sip with approbation, Devit cannot behold good with approbamy lee Heb. 1.13 therefore faith Christ to Jews, Ye are of your father the Devil, debedusts of your fasher ye will do : he a a murderer from the beginning, and ade not in the truth, because there is po uch in him i when he speaketh a lie, he capach of his own, for he is a lar, and father of it, John 8. 44. Sp that man forbeing in condition become like the levil, for this purpose the Son of God was desented, that be might destroy the works the Devil, I John 3. 8. that so the subince of Adam might be redeemed out of at lost condition whereinto it was fallen transgression, and be so secured in happiness

Chap. 3. pinesse for the future, that it should not again from it; that this might be effect the it was necessary that the eternal Word, her .5. second Person of the Trinity, should the substance of Adam into person com with himself, that those two Substances, com eternal Word, and the Substance of Atto might be one in Personality, that so the to dience of Life, and suffering of Death fi the Substance of Adam in the Person be Christ, might be of such infinite worth ed, value with God, that for the merit of in on might set free the same Substance of Adnan in all other persons also, from that bond cou and mifery whereunto they are fallen by 2. transgression of Adam, and of themselve he for the Substance of Adam, in the Perman of Christ, fulfilling the Law, and then the that Substance being made a curse, and fering the Sentence of the Law, due the World of sinners, not to Christ that med not; the world of finners are put int capacity to be delivered, according to wrath and Cursi unto which they are tall by the transgression of the old and first venant, which fallen condition is called Scripture, the old man, or Adam, which corrupt, according to the deceitful lu

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phel. 4. 22. The body of sin, Rom. 6.6. Chap. 3.
he members which are upon the earth, Col. .5. The Law of sin in the Members, om. 7. 23. The Flesh, the carnal mind, om. 8.7, 8. and such like, all which do the forth that miserable estate and condition, to which the Substance of Adam is fallen in: on the contrary, that condition which he Substance of Adam had before he sinded and to which it. ed, and to which it is restored in the Peron of Christ, is called in Scripture, the new Juan, which after God is treated in Righ: d cousnesse and True Polinesse, Ephet. 4. 2. The Law of the Spirit, Rom. 8.2. The Spiritual Mind, Rom 8. 6. The new man, which is renewed in knowledge, after The Image of him that created him, Col. 3. o. and fuch like. Now the eternal Word. aking hold of the Substance of Adam, and miting it unto personality with the uncreted substance; and the created substance hat is to say, exact unsinning obedience; that abstance of Adam in the Person of Christ, as Pure and Holy, as Just and Righteous, wit was in Adam before be sinned; but that the same Substance of Adam, in all other persons also might be redeemed from hat miserable estate, viz. guilt of sin, power

Chap. 3. and dominion of fin, and from the punil ment justly due unto the world of sinner that substance of Adam in the Person. Christ that knew no sin, underwent the Sentence and Curse of the Law; that so the same substance in the persons of others, might be fer free, not by their performing the con ! dition of the first Covenant; for it is impo fible that they that have sinned, should ! justified by that Covenant, which require i exact unsinning obedience, but by their per forming the condition of the second Court nant, which is, Repentance, traith and Go of spel-obedience, which those that have so ned, may through the assistance of Gods Sprit perform; upon condition of which, Residence, R pentance, Faith and Gospel-Obedience, in t Lord giveth unto them, both pardon of the k fins past, and also such help and affift and fi by his Spirit, that those that thus enter in t Covenant with him, may be enabled to walk more agreeable to the rule of the for si ritual and holy Law of God, Rom. 7. 11 fi 14. than any man or woman out of Coul for nant with him, by all their own strength at a endeavours, now since the fall of Adam is can possibly do; yea, Jesus Christ doth th assift those that are in Covenant with him h that with their minds they may be enabled! a

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serve the Law of God, though through the Chap warring of the flesh against the Law of their mind, they are somtimes captivated to the Law of fin in their members; See Rom. 7.22 23, 24, 25. Now so far forth as persons come to be in Covenant with Christ, and are enabled by him to walk according to his direction; fo far forth are they faid to have Christ formed in them, that is to fay, to be brought into a blessed estate and condition of freedom from the guilt of sin; of freedom from the power and dominion of sin, of assurance of redemption from the first death, and of for deliverance from the second death; and so by Christ, to be entituled unto eternal Life; Re so that if the created substance of Adam in the Person of Christ, though by the power of he his uncreated substance, doth set free the no same created substance in the persons of oin thers, from that miserable estate and condition, into which that substance is fallen by for fin and transgression, and also entitle that 12 substance unto eternal life; It may well be faid of all those that are brought into such. an estate and condition by Christ, that Christ an is formed in them, though they be not of. the same substance with Christ, in respect of in his uncreated, but onely in respect of his crede ated substance; & that those objections propounded. K2

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chap. 3. pounded, and such like, are fully answer-

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But if it be objected, That believers have also those pretious Promises given them, whereby they may be Partakers of the Diavine Nature, 2 Pet, 1.4. To this it is answered, that although it be so, yet the manner of Believers partaking of the Divine Nature, is different from that manner of unity, of the Divine and Humane Natures in the Person of Christ, in several respects.

First, In the Humane Nature of Christ, dwells the fulnesse of the Godhead bodily, Col. 2. 9. But in Believers, the Godhead

doth not dwell bodily.

Secondly, The Body of Christ who was born of Mary, was not Conceived, that is, formed or fashioned in his Mothers Womb, but by and of the Holy Spirit, the second Person in the Trinity: But the bodies of those that are Believers, were not conceived in their Mothers Wombs by any such operation of the Holy Spirit; God forbid we should once presume to think so.

For Thirdly, The Virgin Mary conceived the Body of Christ, of her Seed or Substance by the operation of the Holy Spirit, the second Person in the Trinity, without

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her knowing of man, Luke 1. 34. 35. Chap. 3. But the Bodies of those men and women that are Believers and Saints by calling, were conceived of their Mothers, not without their knowing of man, and without any such operation of the Holy Spirit.

Fourthly, The Humane Nature of Christs Person, never subsisted of it self, but alwayes was in Personal Unity with the Godbead, and subsisted by it, to that in him the Godhead dwelt bodily; but it is not so with others Persons, though they are Believers, and though their Substance be the same with the Humane Nature of Christ; yet it doth not subsist as the Humane Nature of Christs Person doth; for all Persons, excepting Christ, do subsist without the Per-Sonal Unity of the Godhead; but the Humane Nature of Christs Person, did never subsist without the Personal Unity of the Godhead.

Therefore, Fifthly, That we may understand how Believers do partake of the Di-vine Nature, it is needful to consider, what that Divine Nature is, that Believers are said to partake of, and after what manner they do partake of it: The Divine Nature then of which participation is promised unto believers, is their attaining unto an emi-

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Chap. 3. nent resemblance of that blessed estate and condition, wherein the Humane Nature of the Person of Christ, now is since his Resurrection from the dead, and ascention to his Father, as the Apostle Paul teacheth, Kom. 8. 29. For faith he, Whom God did forek now, he also did predestinate to be conformed to the Image of his Son, that he might be the firthbozn among many Bzethzen; for as Believers have born the Image of the earthly, so shall they also bear the Image of the Heavenly, I Cor. 15.49. That as the Hu-

mane Nature of Christ, could not be held of death, because it was in Personal Unity with the Divine Nature; So those that are

in Covenant with Christ, shall not be held of the first, neither shall they enter into the second death; not because they are personal-

ly united unto the Divine Nature or Godhead, as the Humane Nature of Christs Per-

ion is, but because they, as all mankind are, of one substance with the Humane Nature of

Christ; Therefore all shall be brought out of

the Grave, and such as are also in Covenant i with him, whose Humane Nature is perso-

nally united unto the Godhead, shall not enter into the second death; for as the God-

head of Christ did quicken that Humane t

Nature, which is in Personal Unity with it;

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so will the same Godhead, (see Acts 10.43. Chap- 3 Acts 13.38. Ephes.25. Rev. 3.14. 6.6.) through that Humane Mature, quicken also the same Humane Nature in those that are not in Personal Unity with it; for the Humane Nature of Christ is so filled wich the Divine Nature, that of his fulnelle; all these that are in Covenant with him, dorce ceive, and Grace for Grace, John 1.16. It is wonderful to consider what victory the Humane Nature of Christs Person hath obtained, with what dignity he is invested, and what eifts he hath to bestow upon all his Brethren, now since his ascention to his Father : De, saith the Apostle, bath led Captivity Captive, Ephel. 4. 8. hath abolished death, and bath brought Life and Immortality to light, through the Goffel, 2 Tim, I. 10. De is Crowned with Glory and Honour, Heb. 2. 9. De is King of Kings, and Lord of Lords, Rev. 19. 16. All Power in Heaven and Earth is given unto him, Mat. 28. 18. even that Jesus which was Czucisied, is now both Lord and Christ, Acts 2.36. De that descended into the lower parts of the Earth, is the same also that ascended far above all Heavens; that He might fill all things: And he gave some Aposiles, and Some Prophets, and some Evangelists, and Come

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Chap. 3. some Pastors and Teachers; for the perfecting cu of the Saints, for the work of the Ministry, for the edifying of the Body of Christ, bl till we all come in the Unity of the Faith, th and of the knowledge of the Son of God, in unto a perfect man, unto the measure of R the Cature of the fulnelle of Christ, Ephel th 4. 9, 10, 11, 12, 13. The Divine Nature th filled the Humane Nature in the Person of his Christ, that He might pour out of his fulness, so to the same Humane Nature in the persons of th others; the Humane Nature of Christs Per-3, son did so perticipate of the Divine Nature, that his Conception, Birth, Life, Sufferings pa and Death, was Pure and Holy, and there la fore of infinite worth in the fight of God the D Father; that so they whose Conception, of Birth and Life is polluted and unclean, and it whose death is the wages of their fins, might I be fet free from fin and from death, and encituled unto eternal Life; for in the flesh of Re Christ, sin was so condemned, Rom. 8. 3. that spi neither unto the guilt of sin, dominion of the sin, not unto any punishment due for any sit be done by him, was he lyable; it was to set me free the persons of others from the Guilt, the Dominion and Punishment due to them for their sins, that he underwent the punish-Between he there knews no sin he he made ment; he that knew no fin , being made ato curfe,

geurse, that so they which have sinned, might Chap. 3. the inherit a blessing, Gal. 3. 13. 14. Which the blessing, or rather blessednesse, Psalm 1.1. all b, those that are in Covenant with Christ, and d, in that Covenant are faithful unto death, of Rev. 2. 10. do receive of him, who es through his Divine Power, doth give unto te them a likeness of estate and condition, unto of his own now glorified Humane Nature; that is, so they also truly may be said, to partake of of the Divine Nature. See 2 Pet. 1. 2,

te, Therefore, Sixthly and Lastly, Believers gs partaking of the Divine Nature, as it is in e a different manner from the Union of the he Divine and Humane Natures of the Person n, of Christ; so in this life, it is but a part, I Cor. nd 13. 12. With the mind, Taith the Apostle, ht my self serve the Law of God, but with nemy flesh, the law of sin, Rom. 7.25. The of Renovation the Apostle exhorts to, is in the natipirit of the mind, Ephes. 4. 23. The perof ection the Apostle declares the Saints now to si de come to, is to the Spirits of Just men sermade perfect, Heb. 12. 23. which is but lt, the earnest of that inheritance Believers for hall obtain, the first fruits of the Spirit; he Believers though they enjoy this, do wait to the Adoption, to wir, the Redemption Chap. 3. of their Bootes. See Romans 8. 23, 2 re

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For as the Humane Spirit, Soul and Bhri Heb. 5. dy of Christ, wherein his Humane Naturay. doth confift, is now perfectly glorified, bife Body being railed from the Grave, and Pe cended up into Heaven, Luke 24. 51. Sig Chall the Spirits, Souls and Bodies of all turor Believers, after the Resurrection of the like Bodies from their Graves, or change from the mortal to immortality, be perfectly gloribered: See 1 Cor. 13. 10. And when the our come to this estate and condition, then the ive come to the full enjoyment of the promise interest Inheritance, to which they are of God preure destinated; that is to say, to be conformedea to the Image of his Son, that he might kno the first boyn among many Brethren, Romdon 8. 29. And this is that the Apostle praye Pri for, in behalf of the Church of the Thessalo he nians; And the very God of Peace ( faith he liv Santtifie you wholly, and I pray God you live whole Spirit, Soul and Body, be preserve of biameless unto the coming of our Lord Jest the Christ, I Thes. 5. 23. Then Believer Sussing Nature, when they, having overcome and kept the Works of Christ unto the deem of the lend, are by him brought into likenesse of the likenesse . Aat

And against the son of Perdition. 133 2 re and condition with his own now glori- Chap 3. d Humane Nature; for when the day of Bhrists appearing shall dawn, then shall the tway-star, the Glory of his Humane Nature Hise in the Hearts of all that love him. Pet. 1. 19. For as Jesus Christ is that Seight morning-Star, Rev. 22. 16. fo he to comised to give it unto them that hold fast hell he come, Rev. 2, 28. And then he whole of lumane Nature hath received of the Farither, (Rev. 2.27.) Power, Glory and Hohe our, (70hn 17.1, 2. 70hn 8.54.) will he ive unto his Brethren a likenesse of Glory feinto that, to which his own Humane Nareure is now advanced; which being once lead, is now alive again, and lives for everlimore; and is now fully able to open the moors of death, and to fet at liberty the Prisoners of Corruption and Mortality, as the himself testifieth; saying, I am he that eliveth, and was bead, and behold, I am a= of Hell and of Death, Rev. 1.18. Although the second Adam be of the same Substance with the first; Yet oh how excellent is the estate and condition of the second

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Adam, now since his Resurrection from the Greek, dead! The last Adam, saith the Apostle, saith the was made into a quickening Spirit, It Learned.

Chap. 3. is raised a spiritual Body, saith he, I C 15.44.45. And, as the first Adam bei fallen, those that bear his Image, bear t Image of the earthly, that is, Sin, Corra tion and Mortality; so the second Adamatis being raised, those that shall bear his Imag licke shall bear the Image of the Heavenly; the is, Righteousnesse, Incorruptibility and Im the M mortality, 1 Cor. 15.49.55,56,57. F the first Adam having by fin defaced the Image of God, wherein he was created hou the second Adam repaired it again, and budget fulfilling the Law under which he wa wick made, hath so condemned fin in the flesh eing that having suffered death for the World and

finners, and being also risen again from the dead, his own Humane Nature, Spirit, Soul ath and Body; and also the Spirits, Souls and Bodies of all that believe on his Name, shall hat for ever enjoy Life, Spirituality and Incor-

ruptibility; And when the Church shall be the resemble her Head, Christ Jesus, who having first given himself for it, to Sancti-be

unto it, and thereby make it like Glorious with his own Glorified Humane Nature: See Ephefians 5. 25, 26,.27. Rev. 19.

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And against the son of Perdition. 135

For thus faith the Truth, Christ hath once Chap. 3. fered for sins, the Just for the Unjust, Sect. 10 the might bring us to God; who being to death in, or concerning the flesh, was nickened again by the Spirit of Holinesse; at is to fay, the Godhead of Christ, did sicken the manhead of his Person, that so e Manhead in the Person of Christ, might the Power of his Godhead, quicken the me Manhead in the persons of others; For ow even the Manhead of Christ, hath hough still the same Substance as the first dam, yet) the quality and condition of a uickening Spirit; for that manhead which eing alwayes in Personal Unity with the odhead, and now also raised by it from re dead, and exalted to the Glory of the ather, hath such Power through the Godead, with which it is in Personal Unity, at he can give a likenesse of Glory to the lanhead, which is not Personally united to he Godhead; for the hath received of the wher such Power over all flesh, that the mid give eternal Life to as many as are by be Father given unto Him, John 17.1,2. or the Father giveth those that believe in elus Christ, unto Christ, that they may reetve of his Fulness, Ephes. 1.3, 4. John . 16. Ephes. 4. 10, 11, 12, 13. And Ckrist

Chap. 3. Christ giveth unto them, with Righted ness, Peace and Joy in the Holy Spirit,

Hope of eternal Life, to support them in their Tribulations, which they endure for Names fake; and at the last he will gi them eternal Life, and the Glorious enjo ment of blessednesse unspeakable, Roma 17, 18. Col. 1. 5. 2 Thef. 1. 4, 5, 6. Ye Christ as man in the Substance of Adam, the Created Substance, hath taken hold eternal Life, that the Creature, man, may affured of enjoying the fame, by virtue of title derived from him, as he himself testi eth, John 6. 27: faying, Labour not the meat which perisherb, but for th meat which endureth unto everlasting Li which the Son of Man thall give un you; for him hath Goothe Father Seale for fince by man came death, by man can also the Resurrection from the dead, lath i Apostle, 1 Cor. 15. 21. And God ha given good affurance, both of the Refu rection, and of the Eternal Life, which promised unto them that believe, in that i Man Christ Jesus in the Substance of Adi is rifen from the dead, and entered into D and Glory everlasting, Acts 17. 31. T

Refurrection of Jesus Christ, is that sa

fign of the Prophet Jonah; for the Substan

Adam being raised from the dead in the Chap. 3 fon of Christ, it gives affurance of a rerection to the same Substance in the Pers of others; and seeing Jesus Christ doth omife to them that believe the Gospel, not ely the Resurrection from the Grave, but o eternal Life, the Creature, man, hath od assurance of enjoying happinesse by lowing his Counsel; because the created bstance in Christs Person hath taken posfion thereof; for as the Apostle teacheth, om. 11.16, 17. The Branches must necesrily be Holy, where the Root is Holy, and Lump where the first fruit; So that if en and women will be content to break off eir fins by repentance, that by Faith, through ace they may be grafted into Christ, they ey be well affured to partake of the Root od Farnesse of him their Olive Tree, that is fay, en joy a likeness of Life and Immortawith the Humane nature of Christ which Il be communicated to them from the ivine Nature of Christ, by, or through his umane Nature, as he himself hath promi-Rev. 3. 21. saying, To him that overmeth, will I grant to fit with me in my brone, even as I also overcame and am down with my Father in his Throne: This the comfort of Believers in all their Tribulations,

Chap. 3. bulations for the Name of Christ, and the the testimony whereof, the blessed Major Saint Stephen dyed, who beholding in Heti ven the Glory of God, and Jesus standae on the right hand of God, was so filled was consolation and assurance, that he said them which did so fiercely persecute his Behold, I see the Heaven opened, and 3 Son of Man standing on the right hand by God; and in this confidence he called use God, Saying, Low Jesus receive my Spino and Lord, lay not this sin to their chares Alls 7.55, 56. The Glorification of Created Substance in the Person of Chr was that which comforted Stephen, which his enemies cryed out, stopped their ear of the City, and stoned him to death a Blasphemer; for he saw the assurance bis own glorification, in seeing the Son Man in Glozy; though Satan was pleaded by his in Armoners against him or court by his instruments against him on earth, while Jesus Christ in the Created and no Glorified Substance, was pleading for h in Heaven, he was not discouraged at dea ir felf, but was so well affured of his or happinesse, and so well instructed in Ch frian exercise, that calling upon the Lo Jesus, to receive his own Spirit; he pray

brave into a quickening Spirit; so that it leading well be concluded, that as the Father:
or iseth up the dead, and quickeneth them,
there so the Son quickeneth whom he will;
Low as the Father hath Life in Himself so

abubstance in Christs Person, u now

by the given to the Son, to have. Life in

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chap 3 himself, and bath given him Authority to execute Judgement also, because he is the Son of Man, John 5.21, 26, 27. And he having suffered, by being Tempted, and Crucified, and being now also made perfect of that is to fay, having broke the Head of the t Serpent, evencome all his enemies, and bom ing in the Humane Nature of his emn Per-on fon exalted above them; he is able to relievely all his Disciples in all their temptations be yea, to lave them to the uttermost, that come he to God by him, seeing he ever liveth to make

See Heb. intercession for them: And so they that G

2. 14,15, now suffer with Christ, shall in due time of 17,18. & partake of his Divine Nature, that they ne Heb.7.25 shall be in like estate and condition with hund now Glorified Humane Nature, and reigner

with him in Glory Everlasting , 2 Tim. 2 to 11, 12. Thus it is evident, that as the le Created Substance in Christs Perfon, is now li

invested with Glory, fo the same Substance in in these that believe in him, shall in dutil

rime be advanced to it, on those than believe not in him, Shall be kept fan from

But now if we consider those severely threatings, which by those that call them is selves Preachers of and to the Light within to Sect. II coc. formetimes are denounced, as they far a

to contit fin , and withal, do temember what Chap. 3 be in that is the Subject of their bleffing, viz. nder the Creature Man, but a supposed Seed nd uncreated Substance in man; then is it thoreasie to conclude also, what is the subbe est of their curfe, viz. not the Creature Man, confifting of Spirit, Soul and Body, but the contrary Seed? and its what they will, this is evident, that it tends much to the imboldening man be God, on in his Sin and Rebellion against a God, and the Gospel of his Grace, to sugmel unto him, that the Devil onely is the subject of the Wrath of God; There canbe a Doctrine more advantagious to Sagran, and to the advancement of his Kinga dom, then such a Doctrine, which perswabotteth, that the Devil onely shall bear the. lame, and suffer the punishment for all the will a man elect is so perswaded, comthe old Serpent, nor to the falshood of any of instruments, for the Word of Christ is instruments to the word of Antichrist. of the Scripures of Truth do declare, that of Creature Man, which obeyeth not the

shall, as being a cursed seed, be cast into utitud

darkness, where shall be weeping and gnasso

Chap. 3. Gospel, but liveth and dieth in unbelie

ing of teetb, Mat. 8. 12. Those eyes thing have been the windows of vain desire, and have not looked up to Heaven, to beholhe the work of God, that so they might confit der the operation of his hands, (Pfal. 28.5 el and turn and repent, and believe the Gospenis shall weep and wail, because of anguish anne pain, and that without remedy: It is nor onely the Devil that shall bear the punished ment of fin; but unto those men and womenis that enter not into Covenant with Christpe that so they may obtain from him the remiline sion of their sins, he will say at the last darhe Depart from me, ve Cursen, into everlastings fire, prepared for the Devil and his Anso gels, Mat. 25.41. Such indeed is the pure nishment prepared for the Devil and hor Angels, and for the Beaft and the falle Propa phet, with those workers of iniquity the live and die in their worship and service, Theo they shall be cast into the lake of fire, burn he ing with Brimstone, where they shall be torm mented day and night for ever, Rev. 19.20f Rev. 20. 10. So that as the Angels which kept not their first estate, but left their owe babitation, are justly reserved, unto the judgen lid tradgement of the great day, Jude verse 6. Chap. 3 also also the Creature man, shall either lie thunder the curse and wrath of God, as the artust reward of his sin and disobedience to to the Gospel, in his not believing in the Name. most the onely begotten Son of God, Christ sefus, that so his fins might be remitted, and penis Person saved in that great day of Judgeamment, Mark 9.44. Acts 3, 19, 20, 21. nor else the Creature man shall enjoy from Mod, through Jesus Christ, by Faith in neis Name, the unspeakable blessedness of iftpeace, Adoption, Salvation, Eternal Life, hind everlasting Glory with the Father and lathe Son: For as the wicked shall be turned innto Hell, and all the Nations that forget God, Psal. 9. 17. even so shall the Righpurcous enter into Life eternal, and Joy unhutterable, Mat. 25. 46. Mark 16, 16. ro Dan. 12. 2, 3. This is the Doctrine of the he Cospel of Jesus Christ; that which is the he contrary Doctrine, is the doctrine of Devils, rnhe consequence whereof leadeth men and women unto all manner of wickedness; For 20 no bleffednesse shall be to the Spirits, thoulation nor anguish, no indignation nor legerath, to the Spirits, Souls and Bodis of them

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chap. 3. them that walk in the vanity of their minds we committing iniquity with greediness, desiring love reproof, and calting the Rich and Gracion 8, tender of Gods unspeakable Love in Chris Jesus, which he so earnessly tendreth unto the them, behind their backs; then what wich we kedness may not man run into? With how or much eagernesse will all such as are so per worked, persist in all impiety? How impossissible will it be unto them, while they retain a some some state of the sound of the fuch a delusion, to be turned from sin, and u converted to God? but that Doctrine which for strengtheneth the hands of evil doers, and In weakeneth the hands, discourageth the t Hearts, and maketh the Knees of those that are running in the Paths of everlasting Peace, to become feeble, neither is not can be of God, but is from Satan the old Serpent, and from his Vicegerent Antichrist, the Beast and false Propher, who wish all his Subjects, Worshippers and Admirets, even all those men and women that know not God, nor obey the Gospel of Jesus Christ, shall be punished with everlasting des struction, from the Presence of the Lord, and from the Glory of his Power; when he shall come to be glorified in his Saints, and to be admired in all them that believe, because the Testimony of the Grace of God

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di mas of them believed, in the day of his Chap 3.
In long-suffering and forbearance, 2 Thes. 1.
94 8, 9, 10. Rom. 2. 4.
But it is also evident, that those that call Sect. 12

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themselves Preachers of, and to the Light within, &c. when they exhort to perfection, they never intend that the Creature Man, with all the helps he can lay hold on, either is, can or ought to be perfect; for when I have asked them about this thing, and have faid unto one of them, What is that thing in it self, which thou sayest is perfect? Is it thee, Juch a man, thy Body of Flesh, the Creahe ted Substance and Being, which is called by fuch a name, &c. it hath been answered, No, ng I speak not of the Creature, or the Body of Flesh its being perfect; I mean that mea-sure of Christ, as it raises up it self in me, it is perfect, it is that which doth not fin, it is that which is born of God, it is that which I witnesse to, according to my measure, it is perfect: Now who fees not plainly, that thy Contention about Perfection is vain; for who doubts of the Perfection of the uncreated Substance, or of the Perfection of the Person of Christ; his Divine Nature is Perfect, the Humane Nature of his Person is Perfect; the Person of Christ did no sin, neither was guile found in his mouth, I Pet.

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Chap 3 2. 22. And is there not a vast difference of between the perfection of the Person of the Person of the Christ, which is perfect by a perfection lead without ever having done one act of evil, out of thought one sinful thought, or spoken one chicago guileful word; and the perfection of the op Persons of other men who have sinned, inerfe Thought, Word and Deed? Is it not there If, fore vain, to speak to a man of perfection, sto and not to intend the perfection of man? In And is it not as vain, to make no distincti-Div on between the Person of Christ, and thend persons of other men? or between the Com-ha munion of the Holy Spirit, the third Per-end Son in the Trinity with Believers, and the f Union of the Spirit of Holinesse, or Divine 1 Nature, the second Person in the Trinity, or with the Body of Christ, or his Humane he Nature? or between the operation of the life Holy Spirit, upon the World of Sinners, in of convincing them of Sin, Righteonswelle and H Judgement, John 16. 8. and the Gift of ma the Holy Spirit unto Believers, whereby he they are assured of their Adoption, led into all Truth, assisted in Holy Duties, supported in Tribulation, and invested with hope of Glorification? Rom. 8. 16. John 16. 13. Kom. 8. 26. 1 Cor. 14. 15. Rom. 16. 5.5. If therefore when thou speakest to man

news of perfection, thou meanest the per- Chap. 32 dion of the Divine Nature of Christ, 2 on leasure of God, as thou callest it; doth opt every Believer, acknowledge the peronection of the Divine Nature? Who is so heophane, as not to conclude, that God is inerfect? And who so Blasphemous but thy reelf, being led by the Spirit of Antichrift, on, to presume once to think, that any part I man, Spirit, Soul or Body, is of the hi-Divine, Eternal and uncreated Substance? hend such must needs be the meaning of those hat Preach to man of perfection, and inrend no other perfection, than the perfection elf God, or of the Person of Christ.

But the Scriptures do declare, that man, Sett. 13 r, consisting of Spirit, Soul and Body, shall at e be coming of Christ in Glory, be made pere let; and as the Spirit of man by pardon of sin, Luke 1. 77. is now made perfect, Heb. 12.23.) in part, so shall the whole man also eternally enjoy perfection, as the Apostle teacheth, When that which is perlest is come, then that which is in part shall be done away; for now we see through a glass larkly, but then, face to face: Now, saith he, I know in part, but then shall I know even as also I am known, I Cor. 13, 10, 12, for then, at the coming of Christ Jesus the the

the Lord, hall the Spirits, Souls and ler dies of all Believers be preserved blamely I Thel. 5. 23. and being sanctified the Christ, Ephel, 5. 26. shall be found with out fault before the Throne of God, Rev. W. 5. For when the time of refreshing mill come from the presence of the Lord, the hall their sins be blotted out, Acts 3. The both fin, and punishment for fin, shall the be taken away, that so they may be made perfect in Glory and Happiness everlassing as the Perfection of God, and of the District Nature of Christ, is a perfection of mall different Nature from the perfection of mall God being perfect in his Nature. Chron having never acted sin; man being imperfect in his Nature. feet in his Nature, by reason of sin which he hath committed; if thou that callest the felf a Preacher of the Light within, & c. wh thou exhortest to perfection, intendest ma in thy exhortation; then than that exhorted another shouldst teach thy self to be obed ent to that which the Scriptures tead man to observe, in order to his obtainin perfection; that is to say, to turn from the dead works, thy Legal Righteousnesse, as knowledging thy self a sinner; say with the Publican, with a contrite Spirit, Gud h

And against the son of Perdition. 149 eld of the remission of sins; and being cut the beart with grief for sin committed, epent, and be Baptized in Water, in Rame of Jeius Christ, for the refulsion of thy lins; See Acts 2.38. Acts the 47. Mat. 3.6. and so walking, as hrist teacheth in the Scriptures, thou maythe actain unto the perfection that he hath na romifed; but if when thou exhortest to in erfection, thou intendest God, or the Diine Nature of Christ, in thy exhortation, Der the Person of Christ, then thou blaspheonest against God, and against Christ; suppoling him to stand in need of an exhortatinon to perfection, whose Nature is Pure and perfect; or, that the Person of Christ hath ometimes been imperfett, whose Divine Nature is perfect, being of the same Sub-Nature is perfect, being conceived in the Womb of the Virgin, by the operation of the Holy Spirit; in which Nature he kept the Law of God, and fulfilled every job in and tittle of it; he suffered death for our fins, and rose again for the Justification of all them that believe in him; and such per-

fection was and is in him, that by one offer =

ge,

ding, he hath perfected for ever, them that

chap 3. are Santtified; wherefore the Holy Spin with also is a Witnesse to us, saying, I will proceed my Laws in their Hearts, and in the old Minds will I write them, and their singulations will I remember a do moze; Thus he whose Divine Nature is can perfect, and whose Humane Nature also who hath perfectly kept the Law of God, and some fulfilled all Righteousness, will give unustationed, whose Nature is imperfect, and who are those, whose Nature is imperfect, and who are the transgressed the Law of God, upon their will Repentance and Conversion, such a person festion through his Grace, as whereby their or sins shall not be remembred, and whereby their Persons shall be glorified for ever and cover.

But thou that seemest to be so exceeding the Self. 14 earnest in teaching up the Light within, he warning all men and women to follow after his, yet never intendest that they whom thou in teachest, should be guided by the Light which they have in them, before thou beginnest to teach them, but that from thee which art without them, they should receive that instruction, which thou callest, the Light within them; And to discover thee in this thing, as plainly as possible I can, I will make use of a Comparison, unto which thou art as like in thy actings, as

And against the son of Perdition. 171

oany thing I can find to compare thee Chapes? in withal; for thou in thy endeavours to gain propor Souls to thy wayes, and to become e ollowers of thy steps, art like unto certain Birders which we have in our Land, that nido go about in the dark night, with a Bell, Candle, and Net, to catch Birds of the Air, If who in this work of theirs, do first of all no found their Bell, which being of a consider rable bigness and sound, it doth so amaze. he and astonish the poor Birds, that they wholly lose their senses at that time, and reannot tell how to make use either of Feet eit or Wing, to avoid the danger that is before by them; the Birder then with his Candle difcovering where the amazed Birds do sit, he casts his Net over them, and having taken g them, leads them captive by force whither he will, and doth with them according to his pleasure: Even so thou by thy Preachwings and Printings, dost make a great found and noise to deceive the Hearts, and to amaze the Spirits of the simple; for thou speakest of great things, yet art but like a sounding Brass, and tinkling Symbal; thou callest upon all to wait in silence, to stand Still, to cease from all outward and Scripture-Teaching, and from Scripture Ordinances, as from Baptism, Laying on of Hands.

Chape 3. Handry and breaking of Bread, die V for int calling them Carnal; Lifeless and empty Occa dinances; &common onely persuading many and women to leave all outward Meaning and Ordinances of the New Testamen of written in the Scriptures, by which they would have the use of their teet, having them shod with the Preparation of the Gay sheld Peane what also reaching them they fol of Peace , but alforeaching them, that to believe in a Christ out of themselves, Carnat and Life-left alfo; and that their Savious is within them, upon whom the n must wait in filence; even thus thou teacher at them that follow thee, wholly against believe vingin the true Christ, who died in his own Body; phines by the one Sacrifice of himfelf A out of every deber man, he might reconciled the mortd of Man kind to himfelf, without themselves, or any Righton selfe done by themselves, or any Righton selfe done by themselves, the believing whereby to see write Christ and to rest upon him for Justification by the Eathsthrough his Grave; and so to escape our of the beauty his Grave; and so to escape out of the hands of fuch cruckBirders, & from un weath to come a So that all thy great found in and moife of Preaching and Princing in which thou cryelrous to bitterly and vehicle mently against all those means which are op-

pointed

or inted of God unto Salvation, labouring Chap. th all thy might, to bring men and wo-The out of conceit with them, telling them here are deceived in them, and exhorting mented. Mind the Light which is within and that will lead them and of all fine iniquity, and evernally fave them: Even this thou doft, that thou mayest drive on the design, to put poor Creatures into an exament of assenting and evernally fave them. basement & aftonishment, to make them to who of the truth of all Gods Teachings, en shortations and Ordinances whatfoever: neglect all Duties which God hath comelanded, in order to their Salvation, and to ie in silence, and mait in astonishment, to delivered from those fears which thou f. It pur them into : All which is but to dethe the fenfes of poor Creatures, by thy and and noise, that so thou mayest bring bem into a bewildered condition, to be even

been into a venitaerea condition, to be even to one withal what thou pleasest, that hast so stated, and confounded their apprebensions and senses.

Men therefore thou hast effected the Sect. 15

murpose thus far, being somewhat expert in dy way, by the help of an evil Spirit, in hich thou callest thy discerning eye, boastof the great discovery which thou hast Place into, and through all men, difcerning ed Mary

## 154 A Testimony for the Son of Man, Chap. 3. by it, as by a Candle, what is in them; the

when thou doest thus discover by that ich

rit, by which thou art led, and as by a Cath dle seeft where the poor Bird doth sit, who he by thy sound is astonished, confounded seed silenced, then thou hastest to it with all special to cast thy Net over it, which is to commy to nicate thy unclean spirit unto it; which his rit is not the light in every man, but let darkneffe in thee and thy followers; neither is it in those that are filenced, confounded by thee, till it comes from thee, and entors into them at that time, which is to them Go markable, the time of their vifitation, as three call it; but it is a woful vification, formi doth not come with a fill foft voice, libe the Spirit of God, nor in the cool of rim Rocks, as they call it, putting the poor Create ture into such a woful condition, that it he like one caught in a Net indeed, and misson which is very cruel; for oh, who quakings and shakings, tremblings and feather increases and shakings, tremblings and feather increases and shakings. ings? what pulling and dragging is at think time? just as though the very heart must be pulled out, all the bowels torn in pieces, and one limb rent from another; of which to have feen the example with mine eyes, and whe

And against the son of Perdition. 155. then the unclean spirit hath pronounced Chap. 3.

he he thinks fit, which by them is called Well, and is all the Hell they fear; then the e id Spirit speaketh Peace to them, but not my the Blood of Christ shed for their sins in his own body, and out of themselves; but tetelleth them, that he hath done away

their sins and iniquities as a thick cloud; and carried them away into the Land of ntorgetfulness; not that Christ the Scape-Goat, as a distinct Person from all other

then, hath done it : and then this spirit reor wireth that Creature to arise, and tell what

16 od hath done for its foul; yea, fometimes this Spirit speaketh with a vocal voice,

rere possessed therewith, saying to them, as

iche Lord said to Abraham, Gen. 12. 111 m sor Satan endeavours to imitate God, as thuch as he can) Get thee out of thy Fathers thouse, and from thy kindred, unto a Land

that I will shew thee, and I will reward three double; other whiles he commands

the Creature to go to fuch a place, to fuch ar man, with a message from the Lord: for

ch low this Spirit hath the dominion over the

ar oor Creature, hurrying it up and down he

Chap 3 with Motions, Revelations and Command of making it do what he liketh; for his power is unresistable, having gotten such bold the go now they must, they cannot stay, noar avoid it : speak now they must, and cann help it; for if they avoid the doing of arms thing which he requireth, then are they ful I to feel he is a Lordindeed, by the Terrous n Wrath and Judgement, which he will bringen them into; his Commands being given of ig upon pain of damnation, upon the neglect in obedience to them; So that he is not obeyo out of a principle of Love, but of Fear and Terrour, & fuch Terrour too as makes the en fometimes to quake and tremble; and ey unclean are his commands, that he require to forme of them men and women, to strip a dall their clothes, and as naked as they we ill born, to stand sometimes upon a Mark of Crossein characteristics of Markov and Crossein characteristics. Croffe in the time of Market, and forme times at the Grave, while the dead is buris ing, in their naked bodies, and there bu tell the People they are for a fign of the destruction; though it cannot be reason; ably supposed that God did require his Proce phot so to divest himself of all garmen whatfoever, when by forme such like fig B he required him to declare the definition of the People: but fuch is the uncleanne

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dicruelty of this spirit weh possesseth these Chap. to por creatures, almost choaking them with firs and conflicts, making them roar and the mouth, with such a terrible and hideous kind of crying, as might very that amaze any one that shall see them, it I my self have done: therefore I say they woner intend what they declare viz. That it is an and women should be guided by the oright that is in every one of them, before the of these Teachers have by some means me of these Teachers have by some means other conversed with them, that so inat uction and an unclean spirit, might be from e em communicated unto thate, upon whom by call to mind the Light within: Ah cow many poor fouls have their feet caught o this fnare! how many are taken in this real net, and thereby led to destroy all their rhod beginnings wherein they began to ferve me true God, running into groffe wickedir & and Satanical delutions posting from e buntain to hill, forgetting their resting he ce, turning from the true Christ, and for worthip of God, and going a whoring

Proor this spirit of errour and their own inless thought the difficultation may surther Sections

Richer, I shall in several particulars make
the manifest, that thou never intended that
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chap. 3. man should be guided by that Light which the they have in them, before they meet with thee, or thy Doctrine; but that they show s receive instruction, and a spirit from thind to be their director and affister. First, behi cause that when thou doest affirm, that the Apostles of Jesus Christ were sent out with Baptize with the Spirit, this thou speak ecl to oppose those that stand to maintain theill they were commanded to Baptize with Weaf ter, in the Name of Jesus Christ for Fort mission of sins, and by Prayer, and lahal ing on of hands, to seek unto God, that her would give his Spirit, as he hath promile nor Luke 11.9, 13. Therefore thou callest Banou tism in water carnal; Prayer and laying sere of bands, carnal; because not the Admithy Arator of Prayer and laying on of hand be but God doth give Christ to shed for ot or baptize with the holy Spirit, See Acti T 32. Alts 2:33 Mat. 3 11. Now if I men believe that what thou speakest of the Apple steep can perform, then consequently they can be believe with a spirit, and give a spirit hou them, which do receive their counsel, to else they are not lawful Preachers by tead own consession; so that thou intendest on Communicate a Teacher from without the wh

what soever thou declarest of the sufficiency Chap. 3:

the Light within. For,

Secondly, Thou intendest not that men and women should be guided by the Light which is within them, before they receive without them; because thy Teachers do ceclare to men and women, that if they will but wait in silence, be still and quiet, ease from outward and Scripture-teaching, hall receive vertue, life and strength from hem, though they never see their faces any more; by which it appears plainly, that hou intendest to give a spirit to such as adere to thy Doctrine, for otherwise these they promises of Vertue, Life, and Strength to be received from thee, are vain, and thou so faithful that makest them. But, Thirdly, Thou never intendest that hen and women should be guided by the Light which is within them, before they receive instruction from thee, and that

Thirdly, Thou never intendest that hen and women should be guided by he Light which is within them, before hey receive instruction from thee, and that hou givest them a spirit, because that when hou takest hold of the hand of men and tomen, or layest thy hands on their forecads, or on their shoulders, great trouble omes upon their spirits within them; yea, hen thou hast taken hold of the wrists of

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Chap s the hands of some, while they have bet opposing thee, they have been taken wit fuch a crembling, that they could not speak nor hold fill, nor get away from thee; b which it is apparent, that thy intent is a communicate a spirit.

elfe Fourthly, Thy intent is not that me wit and women should be guided by the Ligh wh which is within them, before they receive the instruction and a spirit from thee, &cc. be mı cause as soon as ever thou apprehendest the tho any man or woman is inclinable to the Principles, thou are constantly visiting them by until thou half brought them over to the ways; once in thirteen days'at the leaft, thou will be praying with them after thy fashion until they be brought out of that laborynth into which thou half brought them, and fuch a stir there is about this work, and so vain by have some of you been affected with it that ye have fent to the Bel-man of a City to cryicup, and down, that all that would be free to come, might come and fee this imaginary Refurrection, or rather Com munication of your unclean spirit; by which shou field plainly declare, that the Light is overy man will not do the business, but a spirit must be communicated, for what els sit that thou to earnefly endeavoured n

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raise up? What else is it that thoutakest fo Chap a much delight in, when thou feelest it? as hath been faid by some of you, Arise withm man : About what elfe are thy groanes fpent? what else does thou visit? with what else doest thou, as thou fayest suffer, but with that spirit which thou hast given? which till he hath taken full possession of the Creature, that so he may become as much the Child of perdition as thy self, thou art in a troubled condition.

Fifthly, That thou does not intend that by the Light which is in every one, before they receive instruction from thee, they should be guided, appears by thy running up and down to spread thy Doctrine, and by thy Printing such a multitude of Books; all which is done to teach and instruct men in thy way, and to direct them how to walk according to thy defire : thou cryeft down Preaching, and yet useft it; thou cryest down the Letter, and Scriptures of Truth; and yet makest use of Letter, and writest many Books, thereby to disperse thy false Doctrine, and even like the Pharisees, ye reject the Commandment of God, that ye may keep your own Traditions, Mark 7.9. ye lay alide Gods Word, and fet up your own word; Gods holy Scriptures ye jeject, your

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chap 3. own unholy writings ye exalt, under prohy tence of setting up the Light, which ye is emb is within every man, ye let up the darknes? which is within your felves, and from yo no communicated to such as you can perswad out to hear your words, or read your Books, thuseal thy pretentions and intentions are like Samuel Sons Foxes, Judg. 15.4,5. not united by theigh heads, yet lo tyed together by the Tayls, an ad between them, they carry fire to burn upt standing corn, shocks of corn, Vineyards it and Olives; thou callest thy Doctrine fire infi and sayest thou art baptized with the spiritorn and fire: I do believe thou art baptized VI with a spirit and fire indeed, which may have feem to burn up weeds, but it is fent againftes the good Corn, the best Graces, Faith, Hope, o,i and Charity, is burnt up in fuch as received re thy Doctrine, by the fire of that unclean wi spirit with which thou are baptized.

Light which is within every man should me onely be his director, because that Light in which is in every man doth not lead thee and thy followers to do those things ye do; ye for if it be a Light which is within every man, by which onely thou art carryed on in thy way, why then doth it not speak the it same things in every one as it doth in thee?

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And against the son of Perdition.

The hy doth it not make every one quake and Chap. 3. The hy doth it not make every one have the set? Why is it filent in so many? Why doth to not throw every one down upon the adound, swell their bellies, roar in them, and mueak with a vocal voice as well as in thee, and thy followers? If you say, it is, because the sheight is in prison in those in whom it is not an active as it is in thee: It is answered, that may that reason it should be the more active, as it be sensible of its bondage; and if unteensible how then can it be sufficient to perform those things which thou ascribest to it: each that is it dead or senceless? doth it not seel as hard and sore oppression under which it is so, or is it assep, and must be awaked? if se, o, it is much unlike to make a man a new we creature, to lead him out of all sin and initiative, and eternally to save him; For how in uity, and eternally to save him; For how hould that deliver a man out of Prison, that is so unsensible of its own bondage? That doubt needs be in a small capacity to help mother, that is not sensible of its own wants: e either canst thou say it doth in all and evesy one, what it doth in thee; for I my felf, and many others, can and do testifie the contrary; thou fay, it is by reason of our long sinning: is answered, that you in whom the Light as you call it is so prevalent, have been long finners

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chap. 3. sinners and are so still; and if you are guided ed by no other thing than that Light which is in every man, why doth it not do in all the same that it doth in you? Why doth it make all little Children to quake a si cremble in their mothers laps, as that spi which you call the Light within, hath caul some little Children to do, where some

you have been present?

Sect. 17. But that an evil spirit is your familiar, white of also you communicate to such as adhere is your Doctrine, shall be yet further mar 10 fested in several particulars; First, that hun ro ming, blowing, and hollow fighing, proceed ing from the bottom of your bellies; from whence is it, but from the evil spirit, that has there his residence? for as the Hebrew worthat signifies familiar spirit, doth also significant bottles; to intimate that they which ha familiar spirits, do speak as it were through bottles: So some of you have had a voy speaking to them, from the hollow or bo tom of their bellies, which is no other the the voyce of the evil spirit; and indeed in what else are you inabled at your meeting when you have nothing to fay, but by spirit that comes into some of you, by which ye are made able to speak 2, or 3. hours and then when ye have done, are as empl

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by the said spirits going out of one into cother, those things are performed which ou ascribe to the Light within all men, and sit hath been said by some of your selves, if goes to Life, Life goes to Life; So it manifest that by the assistance of that spirit hat comes from one, and goes to another, and not by the Light within all men, are ou inabled to do those things ye do; and sat hollow, humming, sighing and speaking, anot from the Light within all men, nor nom the Light within your selves, but som the spirit of darkness, which you are received, and are his instruments to help thers to receive. For,

Secondly, Your filent meetings of Medimion or muttering, is the direct practice of
mich as have familiar spirits, as the Prophet
macheth, Isai, 8.19. For the word transmeted Matter, signifies a filent Meditation, or
muttering, as they that understand the
lebrew word do observe; To what end
herefore are your silent Meetings of Medimicating your unclean spirit; for never did
my of the Churches of Christ or servants of
the living God, hold Meetings of silence to
meet and speak not one word to one another.

Chap, 3. ther, is fuch a practice of which there is need any example in the Word of God, b her even the contrary is found there; for it lea written, They that teared the Lord spalot often one to another, and the Lord heark an ned and heard it &c. Mal. 3.16. So the Me it is certain, that the Practice of siles his Meetings is contrary to the Practice of the Ohn People of God in all ages; Therefore the Scripture, Isai. 8. 19. is worth the further the consideration, as it is there written, Whe will be the consideration of the will be the consideration. they shall say unto you, Seek unto them that have familiar spirits, and unto Wizard Ti that peepe, and that mutter; Should not W People seek unto their God, for the living un to the dead? Now the Spirit of God upon to this accompt, gives warning and instruction in the very next words, vers. 20. saying, T. b. the Law, and to the Testimony, if they speak? not according to this Word, it is because there is no Light in them: Now let them? shew, if they are able, that either the Law or Testimony of Christ speaketh any thing to the Justification of their doings, their filent Meetings of Meditations or Mutterings,

their flighting the Word of God, the Seri-

peures of Truth, & fetting up their own Tra-

ditions under the name of the Light with

inffor what ever they boast of Light, Light,

here

And against the son of Perdition. 167

nere is an obsolute sentence upon them, that Chap. 3. b here is no light in them. Oh that all that t hear might fear, and not persist with them allo their own destruction! When men and Sarkan enter into Covenant, when men hold he Meetings to carry on his design, to publish the his Doctrine, to communicate his Spirit; the Oh my Soul, come not thou into their secrets, the mto their Assembly mine Honour be not the thou united, Gen. 49. 6. for they reject with the Pharisees and Papists, the Counsel and God, and set up their own unwritten of God, and set up their own unwritten they are gone a side after Satan, whose Doctrine they publish and subose whose Doctrine they publish, and whose munclean spirit, they hold assemblies in silence or to communicate.

But Thirdly, It is further manifest, even phets and Proselytes, who are and have been owned by you, as in your Ministry, and of your way that an evil spirit is by you comw must area; as for instance. There came a of put to one of you, as he was going to reprove another, which did roar and make s meh a terrible noise in his belly, that one might have heard it near a furlong from him, the which he himself did confesse to be 81 . 12 the Devil; Another, (and one that is as a the brand plucke out of the fire,) did testifie before

Chap. 3. before many witheffes, that when he deen joyn with those that preach up the Lie igh within, a spirit came into him, which ded b make him quake and cremble fo exceeding to ly, that he thought it would have tore high; in pieces, which the Spectators were long, fraid to behold, that they called in severallo other persons to help hold him in his Berry which they had much ado to person, them Bed on which he lay, did shake to exceed tendingly; which wiolence, was the motion of the evil spirit, with which his own Spirit die to not consent: Another, who is now bodily death stroyed, did consels a little before her death is that there did a spirit speak in the bottom of the her Belly, with a youal voice, to the hear not her Belly, with a vocal voice, to the hear ne ing of the outward ear, and bad her go and ad leave her Kindred, and House, and almo therein, and Preach where it would have to ben, and in would remard her three-fold no circ. The faid party within a very little it time after, was found dead in a Furtage of the Water: And thus a dear Friend of mine he was deluded, and by your means deliroyed bu which Leannor forger, while I remember my felf.

But the will conclude this Chapter, with the language the fad prants the Devil played it one the bought heafelf perfect who had Get. 18 3 B been

en a great Preacher of & to the fo called Chap. 2. oht within, & fuch a one that was concluboth by himself & others, tohave attair. to the state of Perfection, for several years it; the faid parry being at a great Meetg, of those that are called Preachers and solowers of the Light within, &c. When they, with such others as came to hear, and miels also expected, that he should have then the Teacher of the rest, to have shewed them the way to the state of perfection; the sate behind the Table, which did cause the Feer to fasten to the frame of the Table. his Feet to fasten to the frame of the Table. hereon he had fer them, and did cause his thees to clap together, and there to flay, and his arms to lock together, and so to bide, it did cause his mouth to shur, his res to fix; and thus did he fit bound hand and foot, and could not move any memor of his body, being in such a maze in his we spirit, that he knew not what to do, the beholders also admired that it should be us with him; but his lord and master wing taken possession of him, will now do
h work before he leave him; for first of
he set all his sins that ever he had does
hall his life before him, at which he are bired, baying concluded before, that he

Chap. 3, was perfect; but they appeared befolain him, as if they had been written in Caren tal Letters; then the Devil layed them ains to his charge, and did judge him for the out made him to mourn and grieve, and ma oul the tears come from his eyes, though againg his will and consent; and when he h and condemned and punished bim as he farea meet; then he took all his fins from before him, and faid unto him, I have blotted ge thy transgressions as a thick cloud; and ad he let him loose from all his bonds, so that he had the use of his members again; a lou now the Devil commanded him to tell to ot the people, what God had done for his fo wer the which the man was unwilling to do, whi cause as he concluded, he had been perfue for so long a time; therefore now to the out such things, he would not do it, plain hear seeing that either he had been deluded there ther to pror elfe this spirit was a deluding spirit, for he had formerly fallen down, quin ked and trembled, and had been judge flanding the Daville a day; but notwit flanding the Devil being in possession, wor be the chief commander, and did make l eak, although he opposed it with all. night; but first he did to run up and do his Belly and Throat, that his motion v

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hinly to be seen of the beholders; then did Chap. 34 emake his Tongue and Mouth to speak aainst his Will and Consent, and caused him outer words, which by nothing that he ould do, was he able to resist; but he being resolved to resist it if possible, thrust his and into his mouth to stop his mouth from peaking, and so intended to strangle the words; which the Devil perceiving, by some nd made them both to Bretch Breight out, and so to remain for a matter of two or three ours, all which time he made him to speak, o the admiration of the Hearers, what things were done for his foul by the same spirit; all which he himself did not consent unto. Yea uch was the operation of the wicked one ipon others also, that several of them that heard, sell down in the house quaking and rembling exceedingly; and when this spiit had done speaking in this party, it left him, and though he was before so exceeding full of it, yet now he was so empty aain, as if all this had not been; but the wicked one as he had done by him, so he id the like by several that day, as was manifestly seen in that Meeting, and hath been confessed by the party himself, who oncluded, that it was the Devil which made

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Chap 3 made him do those things he then did.

All which being considered, let any in different man judge, whether I have no just cause to conclude, that those that say to others, Look to the Light within, &c, do not intend that by any light which is within them, but by that Doctrine and Spirit which d is communicated unto them, they should be guided, directed and affilted; Therefor or as faith the Prophet, How do you fay, mot are Wife, and the Law of the Lord is in www Lo, the false Pen of the Scribes worked in for falthoo: the Pen of the Scribes is in an vain, the Wise men are ashamed, they and dismayed and taken; Lo, they have rejected the word of the Lord, and what Willow de is in them ? fee Jer. 8. 8, 9. with the man de gidal Note. La svot sein olle redio ne th and evel down in the house deadling and So

dt sting exceedingly: and when this fall entries on he was before to exceednd still of it, wer now he wits lo entry aad and smood ran bed aids the in se. die

Bicked one of the day on, to he d the like by teveral the day, as wer sauelily idea to hat Meerag, and prop

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## CHAP. IV.

nof the fine proofs, by which the Preachers his up of the so called Light within, do enic deavour to justifie their Way and Pra-Helice; that they are not more humble in or outward and Bodily Humility, than some mothers that are, Adversaries to the Truth with themselves; and that they have not el inward and Spiritual Humility; that they i are not in Unity with the Truth in Christ an Jesus, nor with one another in their own te way; that they discern not all Secrets, nor on destroy the false Church state of the Iat dolatrous Romish Harlot; neither are their sufferings for the Trushs-sake, nor so great, as of some other Adversaries thereunto: These their fine Proofs are also supposed, and yet proved insufficient to do the service, for which they are brought.

But seeing all Adversaries of the Gospel, Sect. 1.

do endeavour by some Proofs, to jusee their opposition thereunto; I will
refore examine the Proofs, by which
ou that Preachest up to, and from the so

N 2 called

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Chap 4 - called Light within, dost endeavour to ju wh stifie thy Way and Practice, which are in cal number five; and

First, Thy Humility.

Secondly, Thy Unity. Thirdly, Thy destroying the Whore.

Fourthly, Thy discovering all Secrets.

Fifthly, Thy Sufferings.

In these pretended Proofs, thou doll much rejoyce, like Goliab in his Armour, anche in his own strength; but in the Name doct Jesus Christ of Nazareth, that now sits tha the Right Hand of God, in the Glory of the Father, I believe I shall be enabled to tak wh from hee thy Armour wherein thou trustell ies and with thine own Sword to destroy thee Hu and herein I shall deal with thee twof wayes: red

First, By way of Exception.

And Secondly, By way of Confession.

In both whereof, it will appear that the confidence is vain, that thy strength is the do of the Flesh, not of the Spirit; thou opposit selt thy self against the Lord of Hosts, who has Armies thou hast desied, I Sam. 17. 4 and and the Conclusion will be, thine own Delet struction and Perdition, except thou reper

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speedily. First, I do absolutely deny, that you Proof.

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whose Teachings are from, and to, the so Chap. 4. it called Light within, &c. are more Humble and free from pride, than all others, or than some that are Adversaries to the Truth with your selves; for let us consider Pride in its two parts;

First, That which is outward in the Bo-

dily Habit.

Secondly, That which is more fecret in the heart; and it will appear, that you are not more humble, but rather more proud, than several other opposers of the Gospel; for there are some orders of Romish Fryers, who are, notwithstanding great Adversalies to the Truth, that excel thee in seeming
thumility, and neglecting the Body; some of them who have been possessed of hundreds by the year, have given it allaway, reaining not one penny to relieve their wants, and spend all their dayes in Pilgrimages, hare-foot and bare-leg'd, with no better doathing, than Hair-cloath or Sack-cloath; or diet, than what comes to hand by any that will take pitty of them; to which hardships they voluntarily expose them-lelves, and will not accept of a better contition: So that if denying Bodily Habit, if themility of shew in the greatest measure. Humility of shew in the greatest measure, be thy Proof to justifie thy Way and Pra-

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Chap. 4. Etice, those Adversaries of the Gospel, and h the Professors thereof, the Romish Friers, h (except you will fay, that they are of your th Society, and carried on by the Light within, to do those things they do) even they will be justified rather than thee; for their Humility of shew, and neglect of the Body Si far excels thine. Again that Hermit at Ich th nam near London, a great Adversary to the or Truth of the Gospel, as was shewed ap. 11 parently in two publick Disputes; yet for ar Humility in shew, in neglecting the Bo at dy, he far excels the Preachers up of the so called Light within; for he rejected his a Trade, catt off his Garments, put himsel fo into a Canvas Frock, with a Plat of Rush es about his Head, no Shoes of Leather in his Legs bare, his Meat sometimes tops of Weeds boiled; other whiles, he lies down and eats Grass like a Beast, or else make himself Puddings of Bran, or Feeds upor raw Grain, with Water only to Drink, him Lodging sometimes under a Hedge, or an out-house, upon a wad of Sraw, deny ing to lay the Old Man, as he calls it, upo a better Bed; and although his Doctrine formewhat conforant to thine, yet is he do nyed with Execrations, by the followers the fo called Light within, while he exce ther

hem in outward flew of Humility : So Chap. 4 hat if this kind of Humility be thy Proof, this Hermite and his followers, as great opthe pofers of the Truth as they be, are justified, and the Preachers up of the fo called Light within, condemned; who are seen in their Silver Plate Buttons, and that in superfluity, the other mens, but the Hair of their Heads 1. like Womens, which is fo contrary to Nature, and the Scripture, I Cor 11. 14. that they are more like the Locusts that come out of the bottomless Pit, Rev. 9. 8. then such as are led by the Light of Christ; It is therefell fore evident, that you are not in outward the and bodily Habit, more Humble and Free er from Pride than all others.

But secondly; for inward and more seerer Pride of Heart, thou that Preachest up the fo called Light within, must be silent, for the Pride of thy Heart is perceived in thy countenance, and by thy Actions; for thou neither fearest God who created the Heavens and the Earth, the Sea, and the Fountains of Water, Rev. 14. 7. nor Jesus Christ the Saviour of the World, who sits at his right Hand, in the Glory of the Father; nor dost thou reverence man, as he hath commanded. For the first of these, such is thy pride,

Chap 4 that thou fearest not the Judgements with God, thou regardest not his Commandement and thou despisest his Promises; That great Daere of God. Almighty, when Jesus Christ share come in slaming Fire, taking vengenancut on them that know not God, and obey no A the Gospel, (2 Thes. 1.7,8,9.) thou in that Pride dost contemn; Thou hardness thy selection thy wickedness, supposing that thou areked passed through this Judgement already, thou Holy Commandement, the Precepts of Jeeg sus Christ, expressed in the Record which a God hath given of him, in the Scriptures of Truth, thou art so proud, that thou doling

Truth, thou art so proud, that thou doling not regard, but callest them in contemptian Shels without Kernels, Shadows without Subout stance, Empty, Carnal, Lifeless, and what not? And the like esteem thou hast, of there

exceeding great and precious Promises of the Life and Immortality, of the Raising and Changing our Vile Bodies, and Fashioningh

3. 20, 21. of bringing to pass that which iso

Written, Death is swallowed up in Victory: I So great is thy Pride, and so gross thy Blind-ness; for as Humility is accompanied within

Knowledge, so is Pride with Ignorance; that we thou rejectest that great Promise of the Re-

Surrection, and the Life of the whole man,

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Decreof, wherein not the whole Man, but a Chapter onely is raised, nor that part, neither in moruth, but onely in Imagination.

no And that thou dost not reverence man, it th apparent, for where ere thou comest, that selreachest up the so called Light within thou arknowledgest not any Superior, hardly, wilt throu give the tearm of Father to him that Regot thy Body? Thou wilt not so much ich put off thy Hat to any man, but sayest, of hat it is Honouring men, and all Honour olught to be given to God; Yet notwithprlanding, although thou sayest, It is Hoabour, and God ought to have all Honour; hard that is thy pretended Reason, why thou hevilt not give it to men, yet thou givest it offor to God neither; for I have feen thee na Preach and Pray too, after thy fashion, with nghy Hat on thy Head; thus thy self-contrail diction is manifest: Thou wilt not salute, nor is ow thy body to any man, nor give to men : Titles of Honour; and for thy justification hexamples, and makest them General Rules, at wholly neglecting Faith and Gospel-Obedi--ence, though generally Commanded and Practised by the Saints, and Servants of Chap 4. God, whereby the Pride of thy Heart do "

appear, in that it closeth with what it of the find for its lifting up; but is too high eben submit to any thing, whereby it should me rut nifest Humility of Spirit, Faith and of bedience; Humane Courtesie and Honouste is too low for thee, that's Carnal in that account, but it was not so with good me had of God in former times.

of God in former times, of which for brevity sake, I will onely give some instances

ces; see Rom, 12. 10. Phil, 2. 3. 1 Petat

2. 17. Ephes. 6. 2, 9. Col. 3. 20, 22 I Tim. 6. 1, 2, 3, 4. He is proud, that con

fents not to the Doctrine of the Scriptures Un

see also Gen. 23. 6, 7, 11, 12. Gen. 16.8 Under 16.8 Gen. 33. 3, 8, 13, 14. Gen. 41. 43 eActs 26. 25, Mat. 5. 44, 46, 47. 2 Same 13. 25. 2 Sam. 14. 22. Rom. 16, 4 Which Scriptures do teach, that Humility which thou that Preachest up the so called Light within, dost deny; thou art not therefore more Humble, but more Proud rather than others, and these sentences of Scripture do stily describe thee, viz. Prov. 30. 11, 12. There is a Generation that curseth their Father, and doth not blesse their Mother:

Father, and doth not bleffe their Mother; Whose mouth is fuller of Cursing and Bit-

ternesse, then thine? There is a Generation that are pure in their own eyes, and yet is

not

And against the son of Perdition.

don mashed from their silthinesse: Who boast- Chap. 4

th more of self-purity, and who more in ebellion, Unbelief and Opposition to Gods ruth? There is a Generation, Oh how fix are their eyes, and their eye-lids are steed up; And who carries a higher look han thee? Every one is but Filth and Froth hat opposeth thy way; What an eye of corn and disdain hast thou? by which it is evident, that thou art not more humble, but

rather more proud than others.

The second proof, is, Thy Unity; the Sect. 2. which also I do absolutely deny: for, what Exception Unity half thou, except in iniquity? but to the Unity in the Truth thou hast not, for thou second dost not hold the Head Christ Fesus, from which all the Body, by Joynts and Bands, baving Nourishment ministred and knit together, encreaseth with the Encrease of en God, Col. 2. 19. It is evident that they e which hold not the Head Christ Jesus, by a er Lively Faith, that are not united to him by those Joynts and Bands, in which there is Nours shment ministred, and whereby they are knit together, so as to encrease with the Encrease of God; they are not in Unity, but in Confusion; they that are not united unto " Jesus Christ by Faith, that have not access by him, into that grace wherein they stand, and

Chap. 4. and rejoyce in hope of the Glory of God leve may those are not in Unity either with God, o one with another, in the Truth as it is is Jesus; And what Fellowship is available fert ech where Fellowsbip with God in Christ is Want ten ing? And what fellowship have such with God, that deny his only Son Jesus Christ our him the Lord, that deny his Person, that contemn the be his Ordinances, that trample his Word un. da der their Feet, as do the Preachers up of the

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so called Light within?

But Secondly, Neither are you in Unity among your selves, but one Preacheth one thing, and another Printeth the contrary; and the this is done by fuch as are eminent amongst you; as for instance, One absolutely affirmeth, that the Bread and Wine, spoken of in the Scriptures, and appointed by the Lord Jesus Christ, to be Eaten and Drunk in remembrance of him, is not Temporal, Visible, or External Bread and Wine, of the same substance with that which men feed upon, but that it is Spiritual, Invisible and Eternal; But is not this Popery? Another of great esteem amongst you, sayeth in Print, That that Bread and Wine, a common Brend and Wine, yea such as may be eaten, not only by Believers at the Lords Supper, but even at an unbelievers Feast, or by Believers

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dievers and unbelievers together. Now it Chap. 4. may be observed by the way, that this conclusion undenyably follows the latter Afle fertion, That so often as an unbeliever eatnt and drinketh his temporal food, so ofithen he eateth and drinketh damnation to bimself, not discerning the Lords Body, if the latter Doctrine be true; and if the former be true, then some persons may eat and drink the damnation to themselves, in eating and drinking Spiritual, Invisible, and Eternal ity food, because they may possibly eat it, and ne drink unworthily, as faith the Apostle, He nd that eateth and drinketh unmorthily, eateth and drinketh damnation to himself, not discerning the Lords Body, 1 Cor. 11.27, in 29. Thus are ye divided from the Truth, and one from another. Again some of you hold, that the Bread and Wine, which Christ appointed to be received in Remembrance of him, untill he come, is in this sence to be understood, viz. Until he come into you, and now he being come into you, therefore this Ordinance is at an end with you. But as this Doctrine is contrary to his, that supposeth the Bread and Wine, to be spiritual onely and invisible (and if it be onely spiritual and eternal, why should the spititual presence of Chtist put an end to it) as alfo

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Chap. 4. also to his that taketh it to be the common e food of unbelievers ( which Believers alleral make use of, notwithstanding the spiritualed presence of Christ with them ) so is it also tope of the Doctrine of the Apostles, with whomich Christ was spiritually present, when they byith breaking of Bread did shew forth the Lords wie death, (as all Believers ought) until his Pergai fonal coming again according to his Pro-th miles ; And Lo, faith he, I am with you allea wayes, even to the end of the World, Mat. 28 ta. 20. I go, faith he, to prepare a place forme you, and I will come again, and receive yount, to my Self, that where I am there ye may y be also. It is without doubt that Christ was fa Spiritually present with his Disciples after his ich Ascention, when they did Celebrate this in his holy Supper; which Spiritual presence re of his, if that had put an end to it, we mand hould not have found the Practice of it, so long after his Ascention; See Acts 20.7. The Neither had Paul given that direction about the it, which he did, as it is written; I Cor. 11. er 23,24,25,26. Thus are the Preachers up 1 of thee so called Light within, divided in la their Doctrine; for set any two of these d opinions together, and behold what con-th fusion there is? Saith one, the Bread and a Wine is Spiritual, Invisible, and Eternal; faith th

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one other, it is the common visible and tem- Chap. 4. Mal food which believers & unbelievers do ualed upon; spiritual saith the one, carnal saith tope other; eternal faith the one, Temporal omich the other; Iuvisiblesaith the one, visible by ith the other; and as you are doctrinally de wided, so is there personal opposition of one er gainst another; one publick Teacher alo-th another Dog, and yet both owned to be eleeachers up of thee so called Light within; 8 ta, there hath been so great opposition of for ne of you against another, that ye have fell on ut, and disowned each other; shall I then y ye are in unity?no, but in confusion rather, as faith the Lord by the Prophet Isaiah; The is licked are like the troubled Sea when it is annot rest, whose waters cast up mire and
ent: there is no peace to the wicked, saith
on God, Isai, 57.21.
Thy third proof, is, thy destroying the Sect. 3.

there; the which also I do deny: for Exceptiervice? Were the Popes Nuntio's, Legates, third p't his Emissaries the Jesuites, banished this proof. n action by the Preachers up of thee so caled Light within? Mention the Country in

which the Popes indulgencies and Pardons, we been Hopped by thy Preachings, or ther endeavours? Give us to know, when,

Chap. 4. and where thou haft brought a Nation froet

the worshipping of Cross, and Crucifinge when didst thou cause them to be pull hat down? When didst thou discover any but suitical design, when was Bell, Book and Candle, Monastries, and Abbies, Popwic Hierarchy, and Ceremonies Demolished and thee? When wast thou a giver of Liberty Wittender Consciences? Alas, it is very evided that thou that Preachest up to, and from thee so called Light within, art no destroy of the Harlot, or salse Church-State, or the cept it be by bringing them from that, to be

worse condition. But, Secondly, Wilt thou yet lay thou der stroyest the Whore, because thou halt reup and down railing against, and curfifor the Ministry of this Nation, and giving them reviling Language? Alas, who knowh not that it is not reviling Language that cop vinceth gain-sayers; no it is to far from peal forming that Service, that it rather cond firms them; neither is it because thou prin swadest People toleave that kinde of Woh Thip, and follow thy Doctrine; for the is no destruction of the Whore, where the is not a right convertion from her fa Church-State; but all thy doings in do stroying the Whore, is as if one should

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rerswade a Woman that defiles her Marri- Chap. 4. hage bed; that she shall be condemned for hat sin if she repent not, which is true, but afterwards teacheth her to murther her ausband, which is to turn her out of one pwickedness into another as bad, or worse; and if thou wilt needs be a destroyer of the Whore more than any other, it is by deduding her more than any other; for others froreach that the might repent and obey the of ofpel of that God, and Jesus Christ, which the Creator of Heaven and Earth, and tobe Redeemer of mankinde: thou callest pon her to repent, but withall thou teachest der to reject the Word of God, and to obtrerve the Precepts of men; to disobey the rsifespel of Christ, and to obey that which is no ivisospel, Gal. 1.6,7. To reject Christ himself, nowhich is God, and man, in one Person, and cop set up a Power in every man, which thou peallest the Light, as the true Christ. Thus conou endeavourest to destroy her by mapring her two fold more the Child of Hell Wenen she is. Let all persons therefore beware thefthy evil net, that so they may not perish thererlastingly by hearkening to thy Counsel, Sect. 4. fa Thy fourth proof, is thy discerning all Excepticorets; but this also I do absolutely deny: on to the fourth proof. pe discern,

Chip 4. discernit is the mystery of Christ, his taking away the fins of the World, in his own Body. once offered upon the Cross, having slain the enmity thereby; See John 1. 29. Eph. 2.16. And that by that one offering, once offered in his own Body on the Cross, is the alone Reconciliation of the World, the Justification, and perfection of them that do believe on his Name, Heb. 10.14. There is another fecret also which is beyond thy differning, it is God manifest in the flesh, which with. out controversie, as saith the Apostle, u the great mystery of Godliness, God, was v manifest in the flesh ( he saith not in every ve ones body of flesh) he was Justified in the o Spirit, feen of Angels, Preached to the m Centiles, believed on in the World; re- w ceived up into Glory. This mystery thou an ki a stranger to and ignorant off, while thou fr spendest thy time in doting about questions, su and strife of words, thou and you, whereof fo come to envy and strife, railings, evil surmi. w

fines, and perverse disputings, I Tim. 6.3,4 the Buc, Although thou can't discern who thou the halt deceived by that spirit of Antichrist, the with which thou art guided, that so thou of mayest spread thy net over them, and take de them in thy snare; yet that spirit of which thou boastest so much, deth much misguise bit

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hee sometimes, both in sending thee with Chap. 4 messages, and in directing thee to censure fuch as please thee not; yea, when thou halt called to the Light within to bear witness, it hath witnessed against thee; So that sometimes thou art deceived with dilfemblers, which others that have ever difowned thy way, have feen and born wirnels against, whose appearance amongst thy followers, hath been fuch, that many of them have declared, That if ever God was in a man, he was in that man; notwithstanding of the very same party, at the very same time, it hath been said by thy opposers, That if ever the Devil was in a man, he was then in that very man; of which I have now all thy party, that ever knew him, to confent to what was then faid; from whence it is plain, that thou hast not fuch a discerning, as to see into all secrets, for in this thou wast deceived; so that while thou thinkest thou seeft into all others, thou thy felf are discerned of others, thy decentful dealing is feen by a better light, than that which thou feeft withall the pride of thy heart, as faith the Prophet, bath deceived thee, thou that dwellest in the Glifts of the Rocks, whose habitation is on bigh, that faith in thy beart, Who shall bring

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Chap.4 bring me down to the ground? though thou exalt thy felf as the Eagle, and though thou fet thy Nest among the Stars, thence will I bring thee down, sath the Lord, Obadiah 3.4. See Mat. 11.23.

Excepti- this also I do absolutely deny, to be a Proof on to the of the uprighteousness of thy way. For fifth first, neither have thy Sufferings been so Proof.

first, neither have thy Sufferings been so great as theirs, who are followers of the Lamb of God, Christ Jesus, no nor comparable to the Sufferings of some that are adversaries to him, as ye also are. But it is not Sufferings only that makes a Martyr, but the cause for which the Sufferings are; therefore either prove that thou acknowledgest the Truth of the Gospel of Jesus Christ, and sufferest for it, or else leave off thy boasting in thy Sufferings, which are not so great as the Sufferings of other Adversarie of the Gospel; for those Romish Priests, and Jesuites, as great Adversaries of the Truth as they be, yet for Sufferings, they far exceed the Preachers up, of thee fo called Light within; except you will fay, that you rand they are all guided by one spirit, divers of whom have been put to death by the halter, and fire; but as the Apostle teacheth, Though I give my body to be

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be burned, and have not Charity; it pro- Chap. 4.

fiteth me nothing, I Cor. 13.3. But,

Secondly, thou sufferest many times as an evil doer, and as a busie body in other mens matters, 1 Pet. 4. 15. Not at all for the sake of Jesus Christ that died at Jerusalem, and in Love to him, and to his Truth, but because thou knowest it advanceth thy Notion, People being apt oft times to close with the Opinions of those which are Sufferers, without examining the Tenents which they hold. Yet,

Thirdly, Notwithstanding thy boasting of Sufferings, there is a spirit in thee, that waits but for an opportunity to make others feel the weight of its little finger, which will be heavier, than the Loyns of other Persecuters: I know one that hath felt some of thy justles and thrusts, that hath been threatned to be thrust out of doors by head and shoulders, though he came not into the house, without leave of those who call themselves Preachers up of the Light within, who poured out against him their Arrows, even bitter words, Pfal.64-3. Curfes, Plagues, and Judgements, having no better Weapons to defend their cause withall; and what can be concluded from hence, but that seeing you are so free to pronounce

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Chap. 4 Sentence, you will be as free to execute Punishment, when soever you shall obtain Power to inable you to do it : Is it not from the abundance of the heart, that the mouth Geaketh? Mat. 12.34. Do not fierce words go before blows? If we confult with the Apostle, we shall find, that of them whose mouth is full of Curfing and Bitterness, icis land their feet are swift to shed Blood, Rom. Thus thy pretended Proofs be-3. 14, 15. ing answered by way of exception, my next work is, to deal with thee by way of Concellibn; in putting the cafe that all this which thou layed were fo, and that thou went beyoud all others, in every one of these five Particulars; yet norwithstanding, thy Way and Practice is a manifest falshood, as shall be made evident in that which followeth.

Sett. 6. A Conce ision and An fwet to the first Troof.

For first, suppose that thou in Bodily Habit, didelt neglect thy felf as much as the Romin Fryers, or the Hermite before spoken of . Art thou ere the more in the Truch? for that it is apparent, that both They and Thee, notwithstanding this Humility in shew, are great Adversaries to the Fruch of the Gospeland that we may know that this shew of Humility, in neglect of the Body is no sufficient Proof for this purpose; the Scriptures of Truth, do warn us of a

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fort of falle Worshipers, who worship An- Chap.4. gels, and walk after the Commandements of men, being vainly putt up in their fleshly Minds, who hold not the Head Christ Jesus, by subjecting to his Ordinances, yet are subject to the Ordinances of men; touch not, tast not, handle not, which things, faith the Apostle, indeed have a shew of Wisdom, in Will-Worthip and Dumility, and negleating of the Body, not in any honour to the fatisfying of the flesh, Col. 2. 18, 19, 21, 22, 23. Oh what a Glorious shew of Wisdom is there in Will-Worship and Humility, and neglecting of the Body! but alas, what benefit is in all this, for when this comes to be tryed, it is found to be but the Wisdom of this World, which is Earthly, Senfual and Devilish, James 3. 15. And is not the Worship of those that call themselves followers of the Light within, the Worship of Angels? that is, of Devils, while they disobey that which God hath shewed them in the Scriptures of Truth, and intrude into such things which are not to be found there; Where is there such a thing to be found in all the Record, that God hath given of his Son, that all men ought not to look into, and be guided by

the Scriptures of Truth; but that all men

ought

Chap 4. ought to look into, and be guided by an the fo called Light, which is withinin them? Oh the vanity of that fleshly and im puffed up Mind, that hath been the Authorsid of this Intrusion and Doctrine of Devils the so directly contrary to the Doctrine of the lan Holy Prophets, Apostles, and nof Christidis Himself, the greatest of them all, who re-isp quires us to hearken to the Word of the Los Lord, expressed in the Law and in the Te-the stimony, to take heed unto the most sure he Mozd of the Prophets, 2 Pet. 1.19. toCh fearth the Scriptures, which are able to Lo make us wife unto Salvation, through Faith, Tr which is in Christ Fesus, 2 Tim. 3. 15. for Therefore although thou art outwardly he more humble than any other, that is no con-et firmation that thou art in the Truth, but in of the Falshood rather, while thy Doctrine is 2. so directly contrary to the Word of Truth. ap And thus thy pretended proof of thy Humi-Ch lity lies dead, and will not do the service for th which it is brought.

Sect. 7.
A Concession and Answer to the second Proof.

But Secondly, Suppose that thou art in be Unity, and all others are in Differences; yet set this doth not prove, that therefore thou art of in the Truth; for first, although the Devil the endeavours to break the Peace of the Saints, by sowing Discord among the Brethren, be-

cause

by ause he knows that their Unity will be the Chap. 4. nimuine of his Kingdom; and although somendimes through his Temptations, many turn or side from the Truth; yet notwithstanding the Lord owns the rest as his People, that heland fast in it; to those few Names in Saristis, which did not defile their Garments, it e-s promised, That they shall walk with the ne Lord in White, Rev. 3. 4. notwithstanding e-the polluted estate of the rest; Although cethere was Divisions among the Disciples of Christ, yet they were his Disciples; and the Lord useth means to unite them to the , Truth, that are turning aside after Error, before he utterly rejecteth them; and when y he doth punish the Transgressors, he spareth the Obedient, as is to be seen in the case n of the seven Churches of Asia, Rev. ch. s 2. and 3. So that although Divisions may appear among the Professors of the Faith of - Christ, it is not safe from thence to conclude, that none of those Professors are in the Truth ; Shall we condemn all Professors, because some walk contrary to their Profession? Shall we condemn all the Angels of God, because some of them did not keep their first estate, but lest their own Habi-tations? Jude vers. 6. Thus it is clear, that Divisions amongst Brethren, do not

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Chap- 4. warrant an Universal Sentence upon them 11.

Secondly, Unity is no absolute estimon Lie of Verity; for the Prophets of Ahab spanished with one consent, there was no Division a rig mongst them; although they were four hundred, they all agreed together, to bid Ahaat go up and prosper, though it proved his de thruction, I Kings 22. 6, 11, 12, 13. on Micaiah that differed from them, all him words was true, being the Words of the Lord, and their words was false, being the inspiration of Satan. If we then the Preach re inspiration of Satan. If ye then the Preachere Unity, your Unity arising from a lying spirit, which is in all your mouths, we can or conclude your condition to be no better? then Ahabs, and his Prophets, and as thend Lord permitted that lying spirit, to be in 8 the mouths of all Ahabs Prophets, to intice or bim, because he had so exceedingly sinned re against the Lord, by rejecting his Counsel, to he against the Lord, by rejecting his Counjel, to go up and fall at Ramoth Gilead; even so hath the Lord sent, or permitted a lying he spirit to be in all your mouths, that you may intice all them that do reject the Counfel of God, which is written in the new Testament, to go on and fall, and be snared, taken and destroyed, as it is written, 2 Thes. 2. 11, 12.

in 11.12. For this cause God shall send them Chap 4 ing delusions, that they should believe in Lie, that they all might be damned, who hieved not the Truth, but had pleasure in a righteousness: It is therefore apparent, at unity is not a sure proof of verity. Those at are said to have one mind, Revel 18.13. It what end is it, but to give their Power and strength to the Beast? &c. Those that his brist invited to his Marriage Supper, when 14.18. They all with one consent hehuke 14.18. They all with one confent behen to make excuse. This Argument therehere being but a Popish Fig-leaf, is utterly

Thirdly, suppose thou destroy the Whore, Sect. 8.
an ore then any other of her opposers, and that A Conery perswading her children to leave her cession and to follow after thee: yet notwithstand- and Anor many of the Adversaries of the Whore, the third are enemies to the Gospel of Christ; though the great City be divided into three paris, det it is great Babel still, Revel. 16.19. and shough the ten Horns do hate the Whore, and burn her with fire, yet do they agree, and give their Kingdom unto the Beaft, until the wordsof God shall be fulfilled, Rev. 17.16, Thou therefore that wouldest have the

name

Chap. 4. name of destroying the Whore, art fo from obeying the Truth, that thou hast thick whose followers and admirers are the world whose worship is not performed to the livin ith God that made the Heavens and the Eart ev but to the Dragon, from whom the faloof Beast hath his Power, his Seat and his gre Bu Anthority; thy blasphemies are great afce thy followers do admire thee . Cavino thy followers do admire thee, saying, effect, who is able to make War with thee of Tabernacle, and them that dwell in He me ven, Revel. 13.6. A God above, and et a God out of thee, thou sayest, is Carna on his Name, by which his People throught Faith therein have Salvation, is blasphemed in thy denying the appointments of Christ in the New Testament, those Worshippers God, who worship the Father in Spirit anot in Truth, are by thee despised and come temned; the followers of Jesus Christ the love him, though now they see him noto and believing in him, do rejoyce with jone 8. yet are they the object of thy scorn and derision: Thy pretended opposition there he fore to the Whore, will not prove thee of the

And against the son of Perdition. 199 than a Limb at least of that Beast, Chap. 4. Devils, and Idols of Gold, and Silver, and Brass, and Stone, and Wood, which vi ither can see, nor hear, nor walk. See revel. 13. 4, 12. Revel. 9.20. Thus this soof also is made void, and of no effect. But fourthly, Suppose that thou didst sect. 9. fern all secrets, and didst see into all, A conand through all men, as thou fayest, yet cession t thou not therefore in the Truth; for and Anhave the familiarity of evil spirits, do some- fourth e mes discover very fecret and hidden things; proof. det the Devil is the father of such Revelana ons; And art thou therefore Justified, beand not of Satan: It is not therefore thy
load out again, none knowing how. and out again, none knowing how, as one of the Preachers up of thee so called Light noithin, hath done; nor thy appearing in the field to one walking alone, and then anishing away again, that will justifie thee h to

by the Power, and for the Glory of O real neither is it the declaring to a man, all that he had done that day before he came into bear company, and much of that he had done at other times also, as one of the Preach hro up of thee so called Light within, did to the that came to visit him in priton; that cho prove this Deceiver to be a servant of God Lord; for the fervants of the Lord, are not the wayes to be found by fuch tokens; for it of written of one that had the knowledge ut all fecrets, who yet was fo far from being servant of the Lord, that he was appoint of for destruction, at that very time when he had fo great knowledge; of whom it is faid, Bo hold thou art wiser then Damel, there is an secret that they can hide from thee; and yet because his heart was lifted up, both reason of his wisdom and riches, thereto fore the Lord pronounceth destruction upon him; and though he said, I sit in the Second of God, yet God said, I hou art a man, and not God, though thou set thy heart as the heart of God; And wilt thou yet say be soil him that slayeth thee, I am God? but the shall be a man, and no God, in the hand him that slayeth thee. See Ezek, 28,2,000 him that flageth thee. See Ezek. 28.2.9 How far short the Preachers up of the

called

dealled Light within, come of this pride of Chap. 4. Great ; let their fayings witness; for out of as be abundance of the heart the mouth beaketh, Mat. 12:34. For they fay, they denust judge all men, they fee into, and the hrough all men, the y have the Godhead in chem, even as Christ hath, and the like : But God, yet will he destroy thee, and bring bee down to the Pit; And wilt thou yet say inefore him that slayeth thee, I am God? ge ut thou shalt be a man, and no God, in the how all secrets, and because of their wisehow do list up their hearts in pride, conare so far infatuated, that they shall bot know how to save themselves from deer uction, and perpetual wo: and mifery polherefore it is a very falle conclusion, to se onclude, that because thou knowest anthers secrets, therefore thy way is the they of Truth; for it is evident, that the folicerning of secrets is so far from being a boof, that the discerners thereof, are ferdents of God, and obeyers of his Truth, 2.9 at thereby they are sometimes proved to be leves of Satan, and followers of his delulileens, But, FifthChap. 4. A Concession and Anfwer to the fifth Proof.

Fifthly, Suppose that thou art in Suffer St Sect. 10 ings more then any other, yet notwithstand th ing, thou art not therefore in the Truth to For as hath been said, it is not the Suffer th ings, but the Cause that makes a Martyr lit What if a man do give his body to be burn T ed, it profiteth nothing, except it be don'ar with charity, 1 Cor. 13. 3. But when pr love to God, and to his Truth, a man fulle fereth for the Truth, this is available; buth this is not thy case : Let none of you, saith the Apolile, suffer as a Murtherer, or as as Thief, or as an evil-doer, or as a buffe bod on in other mens matters; yet if any man suffect fer as a Christian, let him not be ashamed di but let him glorifie God on this behalf, I Pe fe 4.15, 16. But never did any of the Preach of ers up of the so called Light within, suffe h as a Christian; never did they suffer for Christ, whose Person and Doctrine they de ny; And were it so, that Sufferings did a wayes demonstrate the Sufferer to be in th Truth, it would not onely justifie evil doer but also Truth it self, which is alwayes on and the same, would thereby become muta ble and variable. But what need I spen time to confute so vain a Notion as this, for in very deed, they that do suffer but a re proachful word for the Truths fake, the Sufferin

Suffering is more acceptable with God, than Chap. 4 the suffering of death for errour; therefore to conclude this Chapter, it is manifest, that those thy main grounds, viz. Thy Humi-Thy discerning Secrets, and Thy Sufferings, are utterly insufficient, though supposed to prove, that the Preachers up of the so cal-led Light within, are in the Truth; yea, by by that way which thou hast taken to justifie th thine own way, and to disparage the Faith and Obedience of the People of God, thine own falshood, rottennesse and deceit is discovered; So that into the pit which thou hast covered; So that into the pit which thou hast digged for others, thou art fallen thy felf; the snare which ye have spread for others, hath caught your selves by the sold heels.

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1 91 110 That the Preachers up of the fo called Light the within, do deny the Dostrine of the Scrip- cu tures to be the Word of God; that although pro Christ is truly called the Word of God, con yet the Doctrine of the Scriptures, is truly of foto be called and accounted; That it is wil very dangerous to add to , or take from the the Scriptures; That those that contemn in t the Dottrine of the Scripenres of Truth, is it do despise Fresus Christ, and God the Fathere The reason why such as despise the loc Scriptures, find no more vertue in them; Do Eight Confiderations to prove the Doffrin fall of the Scriptures to be the Word of God, pp and an infalliable Teacher; Two other terr grounds to prove the former conclusion; and the first taken from the Light which is in one the Scriptures, the latter from the power-grou ful operation of the Doctrine thereof up-his on the hearts of Believers. 30 he

Sett. 1. But if the Preachers up of the so called here
Light within, were able to justifie Vol
their ways and Practice by the Scriptures, sid
it is likely they would endeavour so to do, Von

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but being unable thereby to carry on their Chap. se delign, they endeavour by fuch like Arguments as are used by the Popish Synagogue, to justifie themselves as we have heard; and that they may proceed with the greater fer curity, they deny the Doctrine of the Scrie poures of the Old and Now Testament, commonly called the Bible, to be the Word of God: for the discovery therefore of their wickednesse herein, and for the vindicating the Bleffed Doctrine of Salvation contained in the Scriptures, that which here followeth is intended to conclude this work.

For first, That thou that preachest up the lo called Light within, o'c. doft deny the Doctrine which is contained in that Book, ralled the Bible, to be the Word of God ppears by thy reproachful language conrerning it; yea, in words at length, ye do ; amilliarly deny it to be the Word of God, none of you laying that Bible upon the ground, and fetting his feet upon it, faid, If his be the Word of God, why doth it of fir and speak? Thus ye delight to abuse he Scriptures, and because ye can so do. derefore we conclude, they are not the leword of God; and being lifted up with stide, and filled with Rage against the word of God, expressed in the Scriptures ul din

Chap 5 of Truth, ye call all fuch Carnal as give them that Title, giving this reason for your so doing, viz. Because the Scripture Saith Christ is the Word of God; and therefore a ve conclude the Scripture is not the Word of God, &c. And to colour over your deceit, is ye alledge a sentence of Scripture, and prefently declare a falsehood, saying, The Word of God is quick and Powerful, which is the true, but the Scripture is a dead Letter, a which is false; thus ye fume out disdain m against the Scriptures, and against those or that acknowledge them to be the Word of le God; and a word of Power to them which do believe. But,

Secondly, That I may make thy igno p rance, with thy enmity unto the Scripture as manifest, I shall undertake, by Divine af th fistance, to prove them to be the Word of te God and an infallable Teacher to them th which do believe : for although the Scrip te ture doth fay; that Christ is the Word of God yet it doch also affirm that his Com mandment, contained in the Scriptures, is the Word of God; and as I did never den th Doctrine of the Scriptures; so I do affin prodoth own the Scriptures the be the Word of God; doth nor deny the ra Chr

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Christ is the Word of God, neither can Chap. 5° such a thing be layed to their charge, without doing great in jury to them; but I say, as it is true, that (brist is the Word of God, as the Scripture saith, Revel. 19.13. So it is as true, that the Scripture is the Word of

God, as Christ faith, Mark 7.13.

It might therefore well be concluded, Sett. 2. is that they which are so curious, as to make a distinction betwixt the words you and thou, in may as well be able (if they be not wilfully of or maliciously blind) to make an acknowof ledgement of the Word of God, as it is gich ven forth in the Scriptures, and the Word of God as it is Essentially in Christ. Are the Precepts, Promises and Threatnings, which res are a main part of the Scriptures, and were the Word of God before they were writof ten in the Scriptures, I say, are they the less the Word of God, because they are writip ten in the Scriptures? Is not the Truth expressed in the Scriptures, eternal and uncorruptible, because the Ink, and Paper,
is subject to alteration? Shall we think so of the Truth therein expressed? God forbid, And what less then an Almighty hand, hath preserved that Book, viz. the Bible, unto this present hour, notwithstanding all the th rage and fury of the Devll, and his instruments

ceitful Doctrine, viz. To teach all men to heatken to the Light within them, thereby to then away their minds from the Doctrine of the Scriptures:

Concerning therefore the Puricy and Evernity of the Doctrine of Salvation expressed in the Scriptures, the Scripture doth give ample Teltimony in many places. The Words of the Lord, faith David, are pure mords, as filver erged in a Furnace of earth, parified seven times, Plal. 12.6. Every Word of God, faith Solomon, is Pure, he is a shield to them that put their trast in bin, Provisis. The entrance of thy words faith David, giveth Light, it giveth underfunding to the simple, Plat. 119.130. Heaben and Earth, faith Christyshall passe away, but my Words shall not passe away, Mat. 24. 35. Whosoever therefore, saith he, shall bi shamed of me, and of my words, of him shall the Son of man be ashamed, when he cometh in the Glory of his Father with the holy Angels, Mark 8. 38. Therefore faid Peter unco the Lord, when Jesus said unto the Twelve, Willye also go away? Lord, with he, to whom shall we go? Thou hast the words of Evernall Life, and we believe, and

And against the son of Perdition.

art fure, that thou are that Christ the Son Ghasis.

of the living God, John 6.67,68,69.

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Thus is the Parity and Eterbity of the Truch expressed in the Scriptures, vindicated; yea, it will be found to be so unchangeable, that those that now despise it, shall lie under the punishment therein threatned to the concemners thereof for ever, band ever; as those that imbruce the precious promises, obey the holy Commandments, and fear the dreadful Threatnings declared in the Scriptures. Mall enjoy in spirit, soul and body, the ble sednes of Life Eternal; and although now the proud contemners of God, and of his Word, that dare tread the Bible under their feet, in scorn of the Doctrine expressed therein, are called Dappy, and those workers of wickedness, are set up in the minds of many; yet the time will come; when God will make up his Jewels, and spare them, as a man spareth bis own fon that farveth him; and then will there be a discerning between the Righteons and the Wicked; between him he that serveth God, and him that serveth him id mot. See Mal. 3.13, 14, 15, 16, 17.18.

But as no other Person is the Son of Sect. 3. de God, in the sence wherein Jesus Christ is, he he being the onely begotten Son of Gud, both from all Exernity, according to bis

Divine

Chap is. Divine Nature, and also in the fulness of did time, according to his Humane Nature; So the no other Doctrine whatfoever, is the Word con of God, so as the Doctrine of the Scriptures him of the Old and New Testament is the Word mo of God; for God wrote the words of the Covenant, and gave the Record of his Son, whose wo Doctrine and Miracles are written, that ye do might believe that Jesus is Christ the Son of wr God; and that believing ye might have Life ve through his Name, John 20.30. Which wh Doctrine of the Scriptures, our Saviour ola Jefus Chrift ( who as God and man in one of Person, is called the Word of God) de- ter clared to be the Word of God, when he reproved the Scribes and Pharifees, for their th making void the Commandment of God, that they might keep their own Traditions; making, faith he, the Word of God of no effect, &c. In which sentence it is very evident, sharour Saviour Jesus Christ called the Commandment of God, expressed in the Scriptures, The Word of God. See Mark 7. And to this agrees the words of the Apostle, 2 Cor. 2. 17. For me are not as many, which corrupt or deal deceitfully with the Word of God, but as of sincerity, but as of God, in the fight of God, speak we in Christ. That Word of God, which they did

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did not corrupt, was the Doctrine which Chap. 5.
they delivered from God to the People concerning Jesus Christ, and Salvation by him, which they delivered both by word of

d mouth, and by writing.

And as it is observed, that the Hebrew e word which is translated Commandments, e doth signifie Words, as Exod. 34.28. He f wrote upon the Tables, the Words of the Covenant, the ten Words or Commandments: which withall other Commandments of the old Covenant, is called the Word or Doctrine of God; So also the Words of Christ written in the Scriptures of the new Covenant, is truely called the Word or Doctrine of God: though Moses and other Prophets spake. and wrote it, yet the Word or Doctrine, is the Word or Doctrine of God; for these holy men of God, spake as they were moved by the holy Spirit, 2 Pet. 1.21. So although Peter, Paul, and the rest of those holy Penmen of the Scriptures of the new Covenant, did speak & write the Doctrine therein contained; yet the Dostrine, is the Word or Commandment of God, as the Apossle teacheth, 2Cor. 3.5. Not that we are sufficient to think any thing of our selves, as of our selves, but our sufficiency is of God, who also hath made us able Ministers of the New Testament,

### A Testimony for the Son of Man,

Chap. 5. or Covenant; the Doctrine Whereof they in delivered, not in the words which want it wildom teacheth, but which the holy Sp. A rit teacheth, comparing spiritual things, with hi uora w

spiritual, 1 Cor. 2.13.

Therefore God will punish all such se. 11 verely, that add to, of take from the Strip. in tures, Prov. 30.6. Revel. 22.18,19. For he whofoever doch speak a word against the th Scriptures, speaketh against him, whose P Will is therein expressed; yea, whosever no speaketh disdainfully and reproachfully of fo the Scriptures speaketh fu against God him so felf; for was it ever known, that the Word, en Law, or Commandment of a King, was cl concernmed, and evil fooken of, but the V King who gave that Law Word of Com the mandment, was allo thereby diffronoured, as and his Name or Power dispifed ? Is a al Kings Hohour bound up in his Laws? and hi is not the Honour of the great God concern w ed in his Laws? will earthly Kings punish the V contemners of their Commands, as far as E their Power doth extend? and will not the King Eternal, whose Power is universal? the

But as the Adversaries of Jesus Christ F dealt with him in the Dayes of his Humiliation, even to do his Enemies deal by his his Word in these dayes; and surely those that an

in the Personal absence of Christ, do vent Chap 5. hew the same indignation against Christ himself, were he personally present, if it were in their power so to do; those that e. tread the Scriptures under their feer, would I trample upon the Person of Christ, were he in their way, opposing their designs, as the Scriptures are; and like as the Scribes and R Pharisees did conclude that Jesus Christ was en not the Son of God, because they could of fo abuse him, and found no vertue in him no do these Advertaries of Christ, the Preachd ers up of the so called Light within, conhe Word of God, because they can abase them, and finde no vertue in them: And d as Christ did then suffer his Person to be abused by wicked hands, Acts 2,23. 50 nd he now suffers his Word to be despised; n- which notwithstanding, he will one day he Vindicate, to the utter Confusion of the as Enemies thereof; he gave his Back to he the smiters, and his cheekes to them that plucked off the hair, and hid not his Face from shame and spitting; he was mocked, crowned with Thorns, Scourged, nailed to the Crosse, Crucified and stain; a and what Power or verime did his Perfecuters

Chap. 5. cuters feel in him while they did any of the WO things to him? did they not in effect fay, in ten these mens words, This a Christ, a Saviour for this the Word of God, this quick and power lin ful; he cannot save himself, how then with should he save others? If thou be the ing Christ, come down from the Crosse, said they, and we will believe thee. To like pur-pose these blasphemers of God, and of his Truth, when they have cast the Scriptures to on the ground, have said, Rife up, if thou be the Mozo of God. Oh the wonderful patience and forbearance of God! Oh the wretchednesse and perversnesse of man! God fent his Son to save men, men Crucified him; he sent his Word to instruct men, men despise it, and tread it under their feet; they can now call the Scriptures, lifeless, and fay, they have no vertue in them; what might not they have faid, that nailed Christ to the Cross? It is recorded, that a woman did but touch the hem of his Garments, and virtue came out of bim; but they that Crucified him, might have said, that they had both touched and felt him, and yet found

no vertue come out of him. No marvel therefore, that the Scriptures seems to be lifeles, and a dead Letter, to such whose Faith is dead; to them it is no

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And against the son of Perdition. 115

wonder, that the Scriptures do not enligh- Chap. 5. ten them, that go about to destroy them; for in Christ himself, while they were killing him, they found little excellency; And why were some refreshed, even by the touch he ing of Christs Garment, and others that d touched his Body, felt no benefit? Was it not because, the one came to him with a Hand of Faith, and Love, owning him to be the Son of God; and the other came with wicked hands, to crucifie and flay him, because they denyed him to be the Christ? And wherefore is it; that some find won-derful comfort in the Scriptures, and are thereby made wise unto Salvation? Is it not, because they come with humble and believing Hearts to them? But they must needs be a dead Letter to such whose Faith and Affections is quite dead to them.

But to make a further manisestation of Sect. 5. the Divine Authority of the Scriptures; I will lay down these following Considerations, to prove the Scriptures to be an infallible Teacher of the Doctrine of Salvation.

First, Because there is no Man, nor Spirit, or Light within any man in this world, that can name a Work of Righteousnesse, which as an Act, Deed or Duty of Righteousnesse, ought to be observed by the Sons of

New Testament do not make mention of re fairly discover and fully comprehend; Theretore the Scripture is an Infallible Teacher of the Doctrine of Salvation.

or Light within any man in this world, that do can name a mork of wickednesse, which as he an Ast or Deed of wickednesse, ought not to be done by any of the Sons of men, which it the Scriptures do not mott severely forbid, the upon pain of the greatest Punishments to be inflicted on them that persist therein; Therefore the Scripture is an infallible Teacher, see the scripture is an infallible the scripture is an infallible to the scripture is

Because there is no Man, nor Spirit, or Light within any man in this World, that of can declare any Promise, either of Peace or he Happinesse, which as a Promise from the he True God, ought to be embraced by the Sone of men, which the Scriptures of the Old and rew Testament do not make mention of, and very tairly and fully declare; Therefore with the Scriptures are an infallible Teacher, &c. b.

of Light within any Man in this world, that in can declare any Punishment which God will to the upon suners for their disobedience, which the Seripure speaketh not of, and

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f, re an infallible Teacher, &c.

se Because no Man, nor Spirit, or Light of thin any man, &c. can presse any act or leed which the Scripture calls an act of it, Righteousness, to be an act or deed of Wieke at duess; Therefore the Scripture is an infalling at le Teacher, &c.

to 6. Because no Man, nor Spirit, or Light. the sithin any man, can prove any act or deed, which the Scriptures call an act of Wickedbe of, to be an act or deed of Righteousof; Therefore the Scripture is an infallible

r, feacher, &c.

7. Because no Man nor Spirit, or Light, within any man, &c. can prove any Promise which is made in Scripture to be false, or hat it shall not be made good, according to the condition thereof, to those to whom it is made; Therefore the Scripture is an infallible defeacher, &c.

8. Because no Man, nor Spirit, or Light within any man, &c. can prove that any of be Threatnings expressed in the Scriptures igainst the morkers of iniquity, are either inreasonable or false, or that they are not eccording to the minde of God, or shall not some to pass; Therefore the Scriptures of the

Old

Chap. 5. Old and New Testament, are an infallible for

Teacher, &cc.

The Word of God therefore expresse for in the Scriptures of Truth, concerning hit Commandments, his Promises, his threating is is very far in Authority and clearness bek yond any Spirit, or Light, in any mortal ma for in the world; therefore I conclude they an th above all mens books, words, or Doctrine, a of infallible Teacher, & such asare able to mak R Wise unto Salvation, through faith in Chris Jesus; being given by inspiration of God I and are profitable for Doctrine, for Reproof th for Correction, for Instruction, in Righteh ousness, that the Man of God may be perfect a throughly furnished unto all good work P 2 Tim. 3.15,16,17. Search the Scripturet therefore, saith the Lord Jesus Christa for they are they which testifie of me, Joh. st 39. To the Law, and to the Testimony, saire the Prophet, if they speak not according id this Word, it is because there is no Light in them, Ifai. 10,20.

Sect. 6. To the foregoing grounds, I will add twa other, whereby the Light and power of the Dollrine of the Scriptures is further manifelled, and so conclude. The first of which is taken from, Ephel. 5 13. What so foever, saith the Apostle, doth make manifelled, and the saith the Apostle, doth make manifelled.

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fest, is Light, now the Scriptures doth make Chap. 44 manifest, the mystery which was kept secret so fince the world began; which according to the Commandment of the everlasting God, g is, by the Doctrine of the Apostles, made oknown to all Nations, for the obedience of a faith; therefore according to Pauls Doctrine, an the Scripture is Light, for by it u the way a of Salvation manifest. See Rom. 16.25,26.

Rom, 15,4. 2 Pet. 3.1,2.

The Apostle Peter also teacheth the same od Doctrine; for after he had declared, what they which were with Christ in the Mount had feen, and heard, he tells us, that we have feel a more sure word of prophesie, or of the Prork phets, whereunto ye do well, saith he, that ye eretake heed, as unto a Light that shineth in a rilldark place, until the day dawn, and the day h. Star arise in our hearts; that is, as hath been ait already shewed, until the Resurrection of the g dead, and coming of Christ from heaven,

it with his mighty Angels, &c.

Now we know, that a shining Light in twa dark place, is of great use; of tuch conr deernment is the Doctrine of the Scriptures, as thethe Prophet Teacheth, The Commandment It of the Lord is pure, Saith the Prophet, Enharlightening the eyes, Pfal. 19.8,9. Thy word namis a Lamp unto my feet, saith he, and a light festinto my paths; Oh! of what blessed con-

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Chap. 5. cernment are the Scriptures of Truth, to direct in the way of the Lord, unto which (ure word of Prophecie, or of the Prophets

and Apostles of Jesus Christ, we shall do well, if we take heed, as unto a Light that shineth in a dark place; remembring this first, that no Prophesie of the Scripture, is of any private interpretation; for the Prophesie came not in old time by the will of man, but holy men of God spake as they were moved by the holy Spirit; They are not therefore of private or particular interpretation, as though they did concern one time, or the men only which spake them; But they are of a general interpretation, and do concern, as they are Prophesies, and declare the Dostrine of Salvation, all times, and People, as saith the Propher; This shall be written for the generation to come, and the People which shall be created, shall praise the Lord, Pf. 102. 18. Bow down thine ear, saith Solomon, and hear the words of the Wife, they shall be fitted in thy lips, that thy trust may be in the Lord; have not I written to thee excellent things,

that I might make thee to know the certainty of the words of Truth, that thou mightest answer the mands of Truth, to them that

send mnio bet : See Pro. 22.17,18,19,20 21,22

Therefore did Peter write both bis Epiftles

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Epistles, viz. to stir up the pure minds of Chap. 5. the believers, by may of remembrance, that those that had obtained pure minds, might be minoful of the words spoken before by the holy Prophets, and of the Com: manoments of the Apostles of the Lord and Saviour; Knowing this first, saith he, that there shall come in the last dayes, scoffers, viz. such as will taunt and scoffe at the Scriptures, at the Doctrine written therein, and at such as believe and practice it; Which scoffers do walk after their own lusts, and not after the words of the holy Prophets, and the Commandment of the Apostles of Christ: Oh! how much is this fulfilled in these dayes, by which we know it is the last times, 2 Pet. 3.1,2,3. Let Believers therefore take heed and beware of false Teachers; let them believe and imbrace the Doctrine of the Scriptures of Truth, Dan. 10.21. which teach us, that we should believe that Jesus is Christ the Son of God, and that believing we might have Life through his Name, 1 John 20. 31. Let them therefore give themselves to the reading, or hearing the Doctrine of the Scriptures, and as every man bath received the gift, whether of Prophesie, Ministring, Teaching, or Exhortation, Rom, 12.6,7,8. So ought they to minister the

the manifold Graces of God, I Pet.4.10.

Sect.7.

The last ground which I shall insist upon, is the powerful opperation of the Doctrine of the Scriptures, upon the hearts of such as believe, which experience the good things of God can witness, viz. that upon read-ing hearing, and meditating in the Scriptures of Truth, God hath sweetly refreshed their spirits with riches of Grace, spiritual Comforts and Heavenly consolations, and made the Scriptures of Truth, a word of Power, by which he hath powerfully wrought both to convince & convert them, so turn them from darkness to light, from the Kingdom of Satan, to the Kingdom of Tesus Christ, Acts 26. 18. Yea, it is an evident Argument, that they which are strangers to what I here fay, let their Profellion be what it will, Truth was never yet espoused to their Souls, never did any man of God say that the Scripture is a dead Letter, a Carnal thing, to feed the Carnal mind; Oh the Darkness that is in some that boalt of Light! who can call the holy Scriptures a dead Letter, a Carnal thing to feed the Carnal mind, and yet themselves do fill the Nation with Books and Writings; what may one think of this, but that they do either

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ther condemn the thing which themselves Chapila. allow, or elfe they have found out a way to make their Letters and Books to become Spiritual, and to cause all other, even the Sacred Scriptures to become Carnal, which though written or Printed, as theirs yet not from the same inspiration, for the Doctrine of the Scriptures was written by the Infpiration of God? But how can there Doctrine be from the same inspiration, which is against the Doctrine of the Scriptures?

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How much therefore is it to be lamented, that the Scriptures of Truth should be so villified and reproached, and that any mould be fo deluded as wholly to neglect f the reading of them, and let whem he in the corners of their houses, without all regard of them? alas, it was not fo with Protellors in the Marian dayes, when one Book of it was at five pounds value, and for the least Epiftle, a man would give a load of hay, and carry it up to London into the Bargain; but now we having plenty, men dare a buse it, and cread it under their feet, and because it doth not cry out with a vocal voice, and d reprove, in and by it self alone; therefore they conclude it is worth nothing, and yet t can highly esteem of their own Books, although they can do as little.

r But now consider, take the best grain

Chap. 5. that can be procured, lay it in a dry place where it cannot grow, and will it become fruitful? not at all; But sown in the field, and the it will bring forth abundantly : Even fo, lay the thy Bible in a corner of thy house, with ter out regard of the Doctrine therein contain, the ed, and it will be no waies profitable to fid thee; but lay up the Doctrine thereof in The become a fruitful Word to thee; for it is an not likely; that the Doctrine of the Scrip w tures should do thee any good, or that thou Sc shouldest feel any vertue in it, while thou Et endeavourest to shut it out of thy heart, but ye let the fayings of the Scriptures, when and of where they reprove for fin, and exhort to the amendment of life, let the Judgements 2 therein written against the workers of Ini. an quity, and the Promises of Grace, which ye God hath there recorded for the comfort of So them, that by Faith lay hold on Jesus th Christ; come close to thy heart, and pray, in that God may make those Promises thine, in and yield up thy felf to the boly directions he therein contained, and then thou wilt find pr that there is vertue in the Scriptures; Oh ki there is a Divine flame in them, if they be is but taken to the heart, that will marm and the quicken the dead and benummed affections; a Did

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And against the son of Perdition. 125

Did not the Words of Christ make his Disci- Chap. 9. ples hearts to burn within them, while he talked with them, and while he opened to them the Scriptures I Luke 24.32. Oh! therefore give diligence to obey what is written in the Scriptures of Truth; for if you that are contrary minded, shall not confider and leave your Inventions, and the Traditions of men, which you have imbraced, your fin lyeth at your own doors, and your blood upon your own heads; for what a fad thing is it, that men should quote Scriptures, like Satan, to justifie their Do-Strine of deceit, which they deliver, and yet notwithstanding esteem the Scriptures of no value? That men should wrest the Scriptures to their own destruction, 2 Pet. 3.16. Cry down the Word of God, and fet up the Word of man, and Satan; yea, they can reprove some for reading the Scriptures; and yet if one have been at their Meetings, and while they are teaching up the so called Light within, be reading one of their Books, giving little or no heed to what is spoken, yet he is not re-proved; By which it is evident, that they know, that the defign which they drive on, is not in the Scriptures of Truth, but in their own Books; and therefore it is of like acceptance with them to read their Books,

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therefore pray, that they may be delivered from them, which Preach up the fo called Light within, who deny the Doctrine of the Scriptures of Truth, expressed in the Bible, to be the Word of God, and set up their own sayings, for a fule of direction, which yet bath no Testimony from God, or from his Word.

Sacra Scriptura est liber vita origo aterna; Cujus incorporalis Essentia; Cujus cognitio vita; Cujus Scriptura indelebilis; Cujus inspectus desiderabilis; Cujus Doctrina facilis; Gujus Scientia dulcis; Gujus profunditus inscrutabilis; Cujus verba innumerabilia, O vinum tantum Verbum omnia. Hug. de art. Noc.

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The Sacred Scripture is the Book of Life, Whole Original is Evernal; Whole Essence is incorporeal; Whole Knowledge is Life; Whole writings is indeliable; Whole inspect is defireable. Whose Doctrine is take; Whole knowledge is sweet; Whole depth is unsearchable; Whose words are incommerciable, and onely one Word All.

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